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Toobin'™ Operators Manual

with Illustrated Parts Lists



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Notice Regarding Non-Atari® Parts

WARNING

Use of non-Atari parts or modifications of any Atari game circuitry may adversely affect the safety of your game, and may cause injury to you and your players.

You may void the game warranty (printed on the inside back cover of this manual) if you do any of the following:

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- Modify or alter any circuits in the game by using kits or parts not supplied by Atari Games Corporation.

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This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy, and if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause interference to radio communications. It has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A computing device pursuant to Subpart J of Part 15 of Federal Communications Commission (FCC) Rules, which are designed to provide reasonable protection against such interference when operated in a commercial environment. Operation of this equipment in a residential area or modification to this equipment is likely to cause interference, in which case the user, at his own expense, will be required to take whatever measures may be required to correct the interference. If you suspect interference from an Atari game at your location, check the following:

- All ground wires in the game are properly connected as shown in the game wiring diagram.
- The power cord is properly plugged into a grounded three wire outlet.
- On games provided with an Electromagnetic Interference (EMI) ground plane, be sure the game printed-circuit boards (PCBs) are properly installed on the EMI Ground Plane. If you are still unable to solve the interference problem, please contact Customer Service at Atari Games Corporation. See the inside front cover of this manual for service in your area.

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Safety Summary

The following safety precautions apply to all game operators and service personnel. Specific warnings and cautions will be found in this manual whenever they apply.

WARNING

Properly Ground the Game. Players may receive an electrical shock if this game is not properly grounded! To avoid electrical shock, do not plug in the game until it has been inspected and properly grounded. This game should be only be plugged into a grounded three-wire outlet. If you have only a two-wire outlet, we recommend you hire a licensed electrician to install a three-wire grounded outlet. If the control panel is not properly grounded, players may receive an electrical shock! After servicing any part on the control panel, check that the grounding wire is firmly secured to the inside of the control panel. After you have checked this, lock up the game.

AC Power Connection. Before you plug in the game, be sure that the game's power supply can accept the AC line voltage in your location. The line voltage requirements are listed in the first chapter of this manual.

Disconnect Power During Repairs. To avoid electrical shock, disconnect the game from the AC power before removing or repairing any part of the game. If you remove or repair the video display, be very careful to avoid electrical shock. High voltages continue to exist even after power is disconnected in the display circuitry and the cathode-ray tube (CRT). Do not touch the internal parts of the display with your hands or with metal objects! Always discharge the high voltage from the CRT before servicing it. Do this after you disconnect it from the power source. First, attach one end of a large, well-insulated, 18-gauge jumper wire to ground. Then momentarily touch the free end of the grounded jumper wire to the CRT anode by sliding the wire under the anode cap. Wait two minutes and do this again.

Use Only Atari Parts. To maintain the safety of your Atari game, use only Atari parts when you repair it. Using non-Atari parts or modifying the game circuitry may be dangerous, and could injure you and your players.

Handle the CRT With Care. If you drop the CRT and it breaks, it may implode! Shattered glass from the implosion can fly six feet or more.

Use the Proper Fuses. To avoid electrical shock, use replacement fuses which are specified in the parts list for this game. Replacement fuses must match those replaced in fuse type, voltage rating, and current rating. In addition, the fuse cover must be in place during game operation.

CAUTION

Properly Attach All Connectors. Make sure that the connectors on each printed circuit board (PCB) are properly plugged in. The connectors are keyed to fit only one way. If they do not slip on easily, do not force them. If you reverse a connector, it may damage your game and void your warranty.

Ensure the Proper AC Line Frequency. Video games manufactured for operation on 60 Hz line power (used in the United States) must not be operated in countries with 50 Hz line power (used in Europe). If a 60 Hz machine operates on 50 Hz line power, the fluorescent line ballast transformer will overheat and cause a potential fire hazard. Check the product identification label on your machine for the line frequency required.

ABOUT NOTES, CAUTIONS, AND WARNINGS

In Atari publications, notes, cautions and warnings have the following meaning:

NOTE—A highlighted piece of information.

CAUTION—Equipment and/or parts can be damaged or destroyed if instructions are not followed. You will void the warranty on Atari printed-circuit boards, parts thereon, and video displays if equipment or parts are damaged or destroyed due to failure of following instructions.

WARNING—Players and/or technicians can be killed or injured if instructions are not followed.



Set-Up Toobin'

WARNING

To avoid electrical shock, do not plug in the cabinet until it has been properly inspected and set up for the line voltage in your area.

This cabinet should be connected to a grounded three-wire outlet only. If you have only a two-wire outlet, we recommend that you hire a licensed electrician to install a grounded outlet. Players can receive an electrical shock if the cabinet is not properly grounded.

Inspecting the Game

WARNING

Do not plug in the game until you have completed the following inspection steps.

Please inspect your Toobin' game carefully to ensure that the game is complete and was delivered to you in good condition. Figure 5-1 shows the locations of the component parts of the game. Table 1-1 lists space, power, and environmental requirements.

Inspect the factory-assembled game as follows:

- 1. Examine the exterior of the cabinet for dents, chips, or broken parts.
- Unlock and open the rear access panel. Unlock and open the coin doors. Inspect the interior of the cabinet as follows:
 - a. Ensure that all plug-in connectors (on the cabinet harnesses) are firmly plugged in. Do not force connectors together. The connectors are keyed so they fit only in the proper orientation. A reversed edge connector can damage a printed-circuit board (PCB) and will void your warranty.

Table 1-1	Game Spec	ifications
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Characteristic	Specification	
Power Consumption	150 V-A, 110 W RMS	
Temperature	+5° to +50° C (+37° to +122° F)	
Humidity	Not to exceed 95% relative	
Line Voltage	102 to 132 VAC (U.S. games)	
Width	25.25 in. (64 cm)	
Depth	34.75 in. (88 cm)	
Height	72 in. (183 cm)	
Weight	270 lbs. (123 kg)	

- b. Ensure that all plug-in integrated circuits on each PCB are firmly plugged into their sockets.
- Inspect the power cord for any cuts or dents in the insulation.
- d. Inspect the power supply. Make sure that the correct fuses are installed. Check that the harness is plugged in correctly and that the fuse block cover is mounted in place. Check that the green ground wires are connected.
- e. Inspect other major sub-assemblies, such as the video display, printed-circuit boards (PCBs), and speaker. Make sure that they are mounted securely and that the ground wires are connected.

Control and Switch Locations

Power On/Off Switch

The power on/off switch is located at the bottom rear of the cabinet. (See Figure 4-1.)

Volume Control

The volume control is located on the Audio PCB behind the upper coin door. (See Figure 1-1.) The volume control adjusts the level of sound produced by the game.

Self-Test Switch

The self-test switch is located on the corner of the Audio PCB behind the upper coin door. (See Figure 1-1.) The self-test switch selects the Self-Test Mode to check game operation. Refer to Chapter 2 for a complete description of self-test operation.

Coin Counter

The coin counter is located on the shelf inside the upper coin door. The coin counter records the number of coins deposited.

Setting the Coin and Game Options

The Toobin' coin and game options are set in the Self-Test Mode. Refer to Chapter 2 for the recommended settings and the procedure for setting the options.

Game Play

This part of the manual describes the theme and game play of the Toobin' game.

Toobin' Set-Up

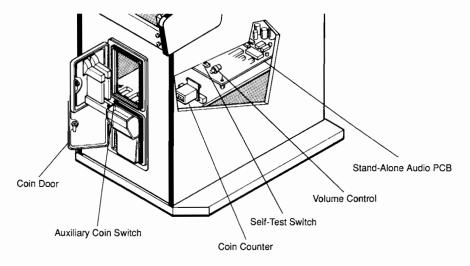


Figure 1-1 Control and Switch Locations

Introduction

Toobin' is a unique fantasy-adventure game. One or two players can race Bif and Jet, the Toobin' dudes, in their inner tubes, down 45 different rivers. The players try to keep Jet and Bif afloat, avoiding sharp objects, gaining points, and throwing cans at obstacles. Toobin' appeals to both males and females of all ages who both find it just "fun to play."

Toobin' has a continuous buy-in feature so players can join in at any time. Toobin' has a color-coded control panel and players can identify Jet in the yellow inner tube and Bif in the black inner tube and red shorts.

Each player has a set of four buttons to steer Bif or Jet forwards, backwards, and sideways. Pressing the two Paddle Forward buttons moves the inner tube forward. Pressing the two Back Paddle buttons moves the inner tube backwards. Pressing only one Paddle button makes the inner tube turn. The player uses the Throw Can button to destroy obstacles in the river and stun riverside pests.

Toobin' players can enjoy amusing game play and an incredible variety of rivers and environments for their long-term enjoyment.

Play Mode

The player races Bif or Jet against other players, or against the game, down Toobin's 45 different rivers, paddling through six classes of play, and cruising the 15 unique river environments. The player can choose almost 200 courses through the rivers, finding his own way through rapids, obstacles, riverside pests and waterfalls.

The player has to guide Bif or Jet around obstacles, go through gates and pick up treasure to accumulate points to get more inner tube patches, collect cans to throw at obstacles and to stun riverside pests, and paddle fast enough to avoid the big 'gator lurking in all the rivers.

At the finish line, players are treated to a party. Each party grows in size until the player reaches the final super party at the end of the game.

Inner-Tube Patches: At the beginning of each game, the player has a certain number of inner-tube patches, which represent game lives. A player receives extra patches by scoring the number of points required for another patch. The number of points required changes from level to level, and is displayed in the lower left and right corners of the playfield. A player can also receive more patches by picking up patches floating in the rivers.

Points: The player can score points by:

- *Time of Travel:* The player receives points simply for traveling down the river.
- Passing through Gates: The player receives points for passing through the gates in the river. Differentcolored gates are worth different amounts of points. The green gates give the lowest points, then the red, gold, and finally crystal gates give the highest points.

If a players "swishes" a gate, that is, paddles through it without hitting the poles, he adds to his Score Multiplier. (This is described in *Score Multiplier* below.) For maximum points, the player should be the first through the gate and swish the gate. Each time the gate poles are hit, the point value of the gate falls.

• Score Multiplier: If a player "swishes" the gate, the score is multiplied. Each gate that is swished adds to the multiplier. For example, if the player has a "2X" multiplier, each point scored is multiplied by 2.

Every point the player scores is multiplied by the score multiplier. The score multiplier is shown in the upper left and right of the playfield, underneath the game scores. The minimum multiplier is 1 and the maximum is 5. The player must pass through every gate (whether he swishes it or not) to maintain the score multiplier. If

Set-Up Toobin

the player misses a gate, the score multiplier is reduced by one. As long as the player passes through the gate, even if he bumps it, the score multiplier is maintained. However, if a player's tube is punctured, his score multiplier falls to one.

- *Treasures:* The player can pick up treasures floating on the river or hidden under obstacles to gain extra points. The lowest-value treasure is green, next is red, and gold is the highest.
- Warp: The warp feature moves the player to the intermediate or advanced play classes. When the player warps, he is rewarded with warp bonus points. Warping is a good way to quickly score points.

Cans: The player must accumulate cans to throw at obstacles and pests. All cans are the same value. The player can pick up individual cans floating in all the rivers or six-packs hidden under obstacles or in back waters. (Six packs give unlimited cans.) The player throws the cans by pointing Bif or Jet at the obstacle and pressing the Throw Can button.

Most of the obstacles in the river can be eliminated by hitting them with a can.

Dangers: The player must avoid or eliminate dangers in the river and stun pests on the river banks. The dangers in the river include:

- Falling rocks
- Deadly falling coconuts
- Mines
- Snakes
- Barbed wire
- Floating logs
- Icebergs
- Stampeding cattle
- Crocodiles
- Thorny bushes

Dangerous riverside pests throw and shoot objects at Bif and Jet. The player can stun most of these objectionable characters with a can thrown in their direction. These pests include:

- Casting fishermen
- Terrorists
- Martians
- Penguins

Pistolaros

• Dinosaurs

- Hillbillies
- Devils
- Street punks
- Natives
- Bears
- Cavemen

Big 'Gator: If a player is slow, the big 'gator comes up from behind to discourage slow play and hurry the player through the gates. A loud thumping sound warns the player of its presence. One escape from the big 'gator is to quickly paddle downstream or pass through a gate. If the gator catches Bif or Jet, one inner-tube patch is lost.

Maximizing Earnings

Operator options on this game have been kept very simple. You should thoroughly read Chapter 2, Self-Test, for information on the Coin Options, Game Options, Histogram, and Statistics screens so that you can

effectively use the available options. Use the Self-Test screens showing Statistics and Histogram to evaluate game data, and the Game Options screen to make adjustments. (Refer also to the Self-Test chapter for more information on setting options.)

The key to maximum earnings is striking a midpoint on game times. Game times must be short enough so that player turnover is high. Conversely, game times must be long enough to give players a good value and ensure repeat play. (Repeat play is crucial to longevity.) The Toobin' software gives the operator the flexibility to tune game difficulty and enough statistics to intelligently make adjustments.

If collections seem low or are dropping off, check all player controls and coin mechanisms for proper operation

If earnings seem low, the game is technically sound, and the average game time per quarter is under 150 seconds, try changing the game-difficulty option to an easier setting. This change will give players more game time for their money.

If the average game time per quarter is over 270 seconds, first try changing the game difficulty to a harder setting. If the average game time per quarter is still over 270 seconds after a few weeks, try an even harder setting.

After changing the game-difficulty settings, it is a good idea to reset the game statistics and the histograms. The game statistics can be cleared in the self-test by pressing all the Back Paddle buttons simultaneously. The histograms can be cleared by pressing all the Back Paddle buttons simultaneously while you are on the seventh histogram screen.

Special Contest Feature

Every Toobin' game in the U.S has a special contest. A player can win a free Toobin' t-shirt just for playing the game and finding and picking up all seven characters to spell the word *Toobin'* (including the apostrophe). These characters are hidden in the river below obstacles and hazards. The letters collected by the player are shown at the beach party at the end of the run. For more contest details, see the game.



Self-Test Toobin'

RAM/ROM Test

The RAM/ROM Test screens are shown in Figures 2-1 and 2-2.

If the game has errors in the RAM, ROM, or associated circuitry, this test provides information about the location of the error. If the RAMs and ROMs pass the test, the self-test advances to the Control Test.

The RAM/ROM Test is divided into two sections. The RAM Test is performed first. If the RAM Test passes after a six-second delay, the self-test skips to the ROM Test without displaying any message. If the RAM fails, a message is displayed on the screen as shown in Figure 2-1. See Table 2-1 for informtion about RAM problems.



Figure 2-1 Failing RAM Test

If no errors occur, the ROM Test displays no messages and advances to the Switch Test. If a ROM fails, a message is displayed as shown in Figure 2-2. Refer to Table 2-2 for the location of the failing ROM. If you get a message on the screen, press the left player Start button to advance to the Switch Test.

Table 2-1 Faulty RAM Locations			
RAM Type	Location	Video Display Characteristic	
CPU	7J, 7F	Background color is red.	
PF	1E, 3E, 4/5E	Background color is green.	
AL/MO	17D, 18D	Background color is blue.	
COL	8J, 9J	Background color varies between red, white, and blue.	

Table 2-2 Faulty ROM Locations				
Error Address	Location o	n Game PCB		
00000	U = 1J	L = 1F		
20000	U = 2J	L = 2F		
40000	U = 4J	L = 4F		
60000	U = 5J	L = 5F		



Figure 2-2 Failing ROM Test Control Test

The control test is shown in Figure 2-3. Use this test to check the condition of the buttons. As you press each button, the corresponding position on the screen turns red if it is operating correctly. Press both Start buttons to go to the next test.

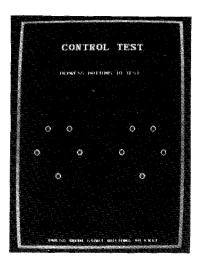


Figure 2-3 Control Test

Toobin' Self-Test

Alphanumeric Test

The alphanumeric test checks the condition of the alphanumerics in the game. The screen is shown in Figure 2-4.

If you see an error on the screen, check the EPROM at 20H.

Press the left Start button to go to the next test.



Figure 2-4 Alphanumeric Test

Coin Options

Check and select the coin options on this screen. The screen is shown in Figure 2-5.

The coin option setting defaults are shown in green. The coin option that you are changing is shown in a blue box.

Press the left player Back Paddle buttons to move up and down the screen.

Change any of the option settings by pressing either left player Paddle Forward button. Exit the screen by pressing the left Start button. To save your changes, you must press the left Start button before you leave the Self-Test.

Change all the option settings back to the factory defaults by pressing the furthest right Paddle Forward button. To return to your original option settings, press the right Start button.

The coin options are as follows:

Coin Mode has a blue box around it when the screen first appears. The blue box means that you can change this option. The coin mode settings you can choose are:

- One coin equals one credit (default)
- Two coins equal one credit



Figure 2-5 Coin Options

- Three coins equal one credit
- · Four coins equal one credit

Right Mech Multiplier is the next option. Move to this option by pressing the right Paddle Forward button for the left player. Change the setting of this option when it has a blue box around it. The settings you can choose are:

- One coin counts as one coin (default)
- · Six coins count as one coin
- Five coins count as one coin
- · Four coins count as one coin

Left Mech Multiplier is the next option. Move to this option by pressing a Paddle Forward button for the

Table 2-3 Coin Option Settings		
One coin equals one credit Two coins equal one credit Three coins equal one credit Four coins equal one credit		
One coin counts as one coin Six coins count as one coin Five coins count as one coin Four coins count as one coin		
One coin counts as one coin One coin counts as two coins		
No bonus adder ◆ 2 coins give 1 extra coin 4 coins give 1 extra coin 4 coins give 2 extra coins 5 coins give 1 extra coin 3 coins give 1 extra coin Free Play (for demonstration mode)		

Self-Test Toobin'

left player. Change the setting on this option when it has a blue box around it. You can choose these settings:

- One coin counts as one coin (default)
- One coin counts as two coins

Bonus Adder is the next option. To move to this option, press down either Paddle Forward button on the left player side. Change the setting on this option when it has a blue box around it. You can choose these settings:

- No bonus adder (default)
- 2 coins give 1 extra coin
- 4 coins give 1 extra coin
- 4 coins give 2 extra coins
- 5 coins give 1 extra coin
- 3 coins give 1 extra coin
- Free play (for demonstration mode)

To go to the game options screen, press the left Start button.

Game Options

Use this screen to check and select the game options. The screen is shown in Figure 2-6.

The game option setting defaults are shown in green. You can change the setting when the option has a blue box around it.

Press the left player Back Paddle buttons to move up or down the option list.

Change any option setting by pressing either left player Paddle Forward button. Exit the screen by pressing the left Start button. To save your changes you must press the left Start button before leaving the Self-Test.

Change the options to the factory defaults by pressing the furthest right Paddle Forward button. To return to your original option settings, press the right Start button.

The game option settings are as follows.

Difficulty Level has a blue box around it when the screen first appears. Choose the player difficulty level. The levels are:

- Easiest
- Easier
- Easy
- Medium (default)
- Medium Hard
- Hard
- Harder
- Hardest

Clear High Score Table is the next option. Move to this option by pressing the left player's right Paddle Forward button. Use this option to clear the high score table displayed in the attract mode.

- Yes
- No (default)



Figure 2-6 Game Options

Demo/Play Mode is the next option. Move to this option by pressing the left player's right Paddle Forward button. Use this option to choose the play mode or the demonstration mode.

- Playable Game Mode (default)
- Demonstration Only Mode

Starting Lives is the number of times a player's inner tube can be punctured before sinking.

The settings are:

- 2
- 3 (default)
- 4
- 5

Music in Attract Mode turns the music on or off in the attraction mode.

- Yes (default)
- IVC

Special Cost allows you to choose either 2 credits to start and 1 to continue, or the standard coin setting.

- 2 credits to start, 1 to continue (default)
- None

Toobin' Self-Test

Table 2-4 Game Option Settings			
Option Name	Settings		
Difficulty Setting	Easiest Easy Medium Hard Harder	Easier Medium ◆ Hard Hardest	
Clear High Score Table	Yes	No →	
Demo Play Mode	,	Playable Game Mode ◆ Demonstration Only Mode	
Starting Lives	2 4	3 ♦ 5	
Music in Attract Mode	Yes ◆	No	
Special Cost	2 credits to start, 1 to continue ◆ None		
Contest	Enabled (default for U.S. games) → Disabled (default for European games)		
◆ Manufacturer's recomm	nended settings		

Contest is the last game option. For U.S. games, the default is that the contest is enabled, but for European games, the default is disabled. The contest is briefly described at the end of Chapter 1.

- Enabled (default for U.S. games)
- Disabled (default for European games)

Exit the screen by pressing the left Start button.

Statistics

Use the statistics shown on this screen and on the histogram screens to track your game use. Record the statistics on the Toobin' statistics sheet found in the back of this manual.

The statistics screen is shown in Figure 2-7. The information on the screen is accumulated from the last time the statistics were reset.

Also on this screen is the date the program was created. If you call Atari Games Customer Service with a problem, you may need this information.

To reset the statistics screen, simultaneously press all of the Back Paddle buttons. Exit the screen by pressing the left Start button.

The statistics screen shows the following information:

 Left Coins shows the number of coins deposited in the left coin mechanism.



Figure 2-7 Statistics Screen

- Right Coins shows the number of coins deposited in the right coin mechanism.
- New Games shows the number of new games started.
- Continuation shows the number of games continued.
- O Plyr Mins shows the number of minutes the game had no players.
- 1 Plyr Mins shows the number of minutes the game was played by one player.
- 2 Plyr Mins shows the number of minutes the game was played by two players.
- New Mins shows the number of minutes the game was played as a new game.
- Cont Mins shows the number of minutes the game was played as a continued game.
- Sessions shows the number of sessions played. A session starts when the first coin is put in and ends when the last player leaves the game.
- Error Count shows the number of errors counted in the erasable memory. This should have a count of less than 75 per week. If it has more, then the game should be repaired.
- *Total Coins* shows the number of coins deposited.
- Avg Time/Coin shows the average number of seconds per coin.
- Avg Time/New Game shows the average number of seconds per new game. (This calculates the average time correctly whether or not you are using the 2 coins to start, 1 coin to continue setting.)

Self-Test Toobin'

 Avg Time/Cont Game shows the average number of seconds per continued game. (This calculates the average time correctly whether or not you are using the 2 coins to start, 1 coin to continue setting.)

Histograms

This game has seven histogram (horizontal bar graph) screens. The first one is shown in Figure 2-8. The histogram information is accumulated from the last time the screens were cleared.

You can clear all the histogram screens by pressing all the Back Paddle buttons at the same time when you are in the seventh histogram screen. To move through the screens, press the left Start button.

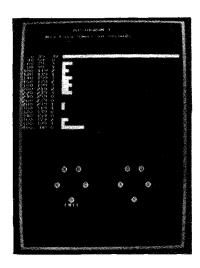


Figure 2-8 Histograms

The seven histogram screens show the following:

- New easy games in seconds
- New medium games in seconds
- New hard games in seconds
- Easy continuation games in seconds
- Medium continuation games in seconds
- Hard continuation games in seconds
- Sessions in minutes

Playfield Scroll Test

You can test the playfield scrolling circuitry in this screen. Use the left player buttons to move left, right, up, and down. The screen is shown in Figure 2-9.

Exit the screen by pressing the left Start button.

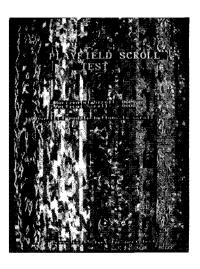


Figure 2-9 Playfield Scroll Test

Motion Object Test

The motion object test screen is shown in Figure 2-10. This tests the movement and color of various game objects.

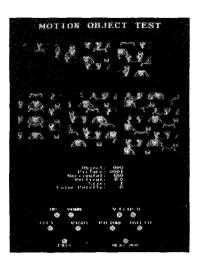


Figure 2-10 Motion Object Test

Use the left player paddle buttons to move the objects left, right, up and down. The left player Start button is the Exit button as usual.

Toobin' Self-Test

Use the right player buttons to do the following:

- Press the left Back Paddle button to flip the object vertically.
- Press the right Back Paddle button to flip the object horizontally.
- Press the left Paddle Forward button to change the picture in the object.
- Press the right Paddle Forward button to change the color of the object.
- Press the Start button to choose the next object.

Color Test

This test indicates the condition of the video display color circuits. The screen is shown in Figure 2-11.

The screen changes from white at the bottom to black in the middle. The last black line in the middle should be definitely black. Above the black line, red, green, and blue become darker and darker, with the colors and the black border blending into each other at the top of the screen.

If the screen does not fit this description, see the video display manual included with the game for adjustments.

Exit the screen by pressing the left Start button.

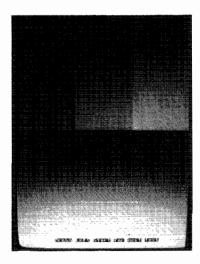


Figure 2-11 Color Test

Color Purity Test

The color purity test has five screens. The first screen is shown in Figure 2-12.

These screens show the condition of the color purity circuit in the video display. Each screen should display a rectangle of color, with no curving at the corners and no lines in the display. The screens are red, green,

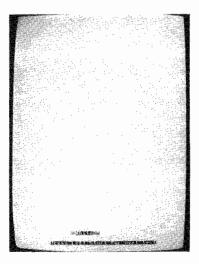


Figure 2-12 Color Purity Test

blue, white and gray.

If the screens are not correct, see the video display manual included with the game for adjustments.

Exit each screen by pressing the left Start button.

Convergence Test

The convergence test is shown in Figure 2-13. This test has three screens. The first is white, the second is purple, and the last is green.

Check the following on the screens:

- The grid lines should be straight within 3.0 mm and the lines should not pincushion or barrel.
- The convergence of the lines on the violet and white screens should be within 2.0 mm.

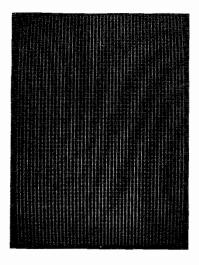


Figure 2-13 Convergence Test

Self-Test Toobin'

If these screens do not meet these criteria, see the video display manual for suggested adjustments.

Exit the screen by pressing the left Start button.

Intensity Test

This test checks the intensity circuit and the interrupt circuit of the video display. The screen is shown in Figure 2-14.

You should see a number of grey vertical bars from light to dark across the display. If these bars do not appear, there is problem in either the intensity or the interrupt circuit.

You can determine which circuit is the problem by going into the play mode. If the screen does not fade out when the game goes into play mode, then something is wrong with the intensity circuit. If the game does not display anything at all, then something is wrong with the interrupt circuit.

Exit the screen by pressing the left Start button.

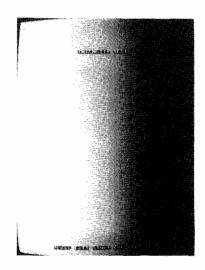


Figure 2-14 Intensity Test



Sound Test

The sound test indicates the condition of the music and sound effects circuits. The sound test screen is shown in Figure 2-15. The sound microprocessor resets at the beginning of the test. You will hear the first sound three seconds after the test starts.

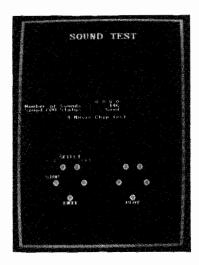


Figure 2-15 Sound Test Screen

After the microprocessor is reset and you hear the first sound, the number of game sounds and the sound CPU status information appear. If the CPU is good, the word "Good" appears.

The test cycles through the following tests:

- Music Chip Test
- Effects Chip Test
- SCOM Reset Test

Toobin' Self-Test

	Table 2-5 Far	ulty Sound RAM and ROM Locations	
Error Message	Location on Stand-Alone Audio PCB	Cause or Comment	
Music Chip Time Out	2F		
Sound CPU Interrupt Error	2F, 5K, Transis	stor Q8	
Sound CPU RAM 1 Error	2H		
Sound CPU ROM 1 Error	2K	If displayed when entering test, then sound processor cannot run further. Press the Left Player Start button to go to the next test.	
Communications Error #1	1M	Will count number of errors caused by either the Stand-Alone Audio PCB or Game PCB. This error message usually means that the SCOM chip (part no. 137526-001) on one of these boards is bad.	
		CAUTION The SCOM chip is a CMOS IC and is static sensitive. If you do not handle it properly, you can permanently damage this chip. See the section <i>Replacing Static-Sensitive Devices</i> , in Chapter 3 of this manual, for more information.	
Communications Error #2		A probable disconnection of the Stand-Alone Audio PCB from the Game PCB, or the chip at 1M is not inserted into its socket.	
Sound Processor Not Responding Alone		A major problem with the Stand-Alone Audio PCB. If you cannot enter the self-test, the cause may be a harness disconnection between the Stand-Audio Board and the Game PCB.	

After these tests, the 4th Music Chip Test begins. Use the buttons on the control panel to select sounds in the test and listen to them.

Use the player buttons to do the following:

 Press the left player Back Paddle buttons to move forward and back through the sound list.

- Press the left player left Paddle Forward button to stop the sound.
- Press the right player Start button to play the sound.
- Press the left player Start button to exit the sound test. You return to the first test in the self-test series.



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Maintenance Toobin'

Preventive Maintenance

Preventive maintenance includes cleaning, lubricating, and tightening hardware. How often preventive maintenance is performed depends upon the game environment and frequency of play. However, for those components listed in Table 3-1, Recommended Preventive-Maintenance Intervals, we recommend that preventive maintenance be performed at the intervals specified.

WARNING

To avoid possible electrical shock, turn off the game before performing any maintenance procedures.

Preventive-Maintenance Intervals

The preventive-maintenance intervals specified in Table 3-1 are the recommended minimum requirements for the components listed.

Table 3-1 Recommended Preventive-Maintenance Intervals

Attraction Drum Lubricate and tighten hard-

ware at least every three

months.

Coin Mechanism Inspect whenever you collect

coins. Clean at least every

three months.

Maintaining the Attraction Drum

Preventive maintenance on the attract drum consists of

- Lubricating the five points shown in Figure 3-2.
- Tightening the screws on the left side of the frame that hold the drum shafts in place.

Lubricating the Attraction Drum

- Remove the two screws on the top of the game cabinet that secure the retainer. Take off the retainer.
- 2. Remove the inner and outer attraction shields and attraction graphics.
- 3. Lightly oil the plastic bearings that hold the drum shafts in the frame. Do this at each of the five locations shown on Figure 3-1.

Tightening the Attraction Drum

- 1. Tighten the hex-head screws that hold the attraction drums in place. You will not be able to reach all of the screws, but tighten the ones you can reach.
- 2. Tighten the screws that hold the frame to the cabinet and that hold the light fixture on the frame.
- 3. If you take out the frame to replace the motor or the light fixture, tighten all the nuts at that time.
- 4. When you are done, replace the retainer and tighten the two screws that hold the retainer on the cabinet.

Cleaning the Coin Mechanism

Use a soft-bristled brush to remove loose dust or foreign material from the coin mechanism. A toothbrush can be used to remove any stubborn build-up of residue in the coin path. After cleaning the coin mechanism, blow out all of the dust with compressed air.

Cleaning the Interior Components

WARNING

Turn off the game power, but do not unplug the power cord before cleaning inside the cabinet. The power cord provides a ground path for stray static voltages that can be present on the cleaning tools.

Perform the following procedure to clean the components inside the cabinet.

- 1. Unlock and open the rear access panel and display service panel.
- 2. Discharge the high voltage from the cathode-ray tube (CRT) before proceeding. The display assembly contains a circuit for discharging the high voltage to ground when power is removed. However, to make certain, always discharge the display as follows:
 - a. Attach one end of a large, well-insulated, 18-gauge jumper wire to ground.
 - b. Momentarily touch the free end of the grounded jumper to the CRT anode by sliding it under the anode cap.

Toobin' Maintenance

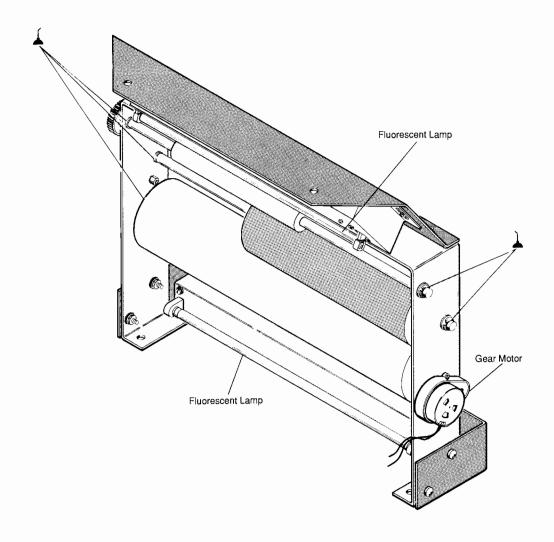


Figure 3-1 Lubricating the Attraction Drum

c. Wait two minutes and repeat part b.

CAUTION

Be extremely careful when cleaning the electrical components inside the cabinet. Avoid touching the electrical components with any solid object other than the soft bristles of the vacuum attachment or paint brush.

3. Use a vacuum cleaner with a soft long-bristled brush attachment or use a soft-bristled paint brush to remove loose dirt and dust accumulated on the inside of the cabinet. Be sure to clean the electrical components thoroughly (power supplies, PCB assemblies, display, etc.).

Corrective Maintenance

Corrective maintenance consists of removal, disassembly, re-assembly, and replacement of game components. The following procedures are provided for components that may require corrective maintenance.

Removing the Video Display

Perform the following procedure to remove/replace the video display. (See Figure 3-2.)

1. Turn the game power off and wait two minutes. Unplug the power cord.

WARNING

High Voltage

The video display contains lethal high voltages. To avoid injury, do not attempt to service this display until you observe all precautions necessary for working on high-voltage equipment.

X-Radiation

The video display has been designed to minimize X-radiation. However, to avoid possible exposure to soft X-radiation, never modify the high-voltage circuitry.

Implosion Hazard

The cathode-ray tube may implode if struck or dropped. Shattered glass may cause injury within a 6-foot radius. Use care when handling the display.

- Open the coin door. Reach up through the coin door to the control panel and unlatch the latches on both sides of the it. Tilt the control panel up and disconnect the harness connectors. Remove the control panel.
- 3. Use the finger hole below the video display to help you remove the video display shield.
- 4. Carefully remove the bezel from the protective foam tape.
- 5. Open the rear access panel.
- 6. Be sure that the game power is turned off before discharging the high voltage from the cathode-ray tube (CRT). The display assembly contains a circuit for discharging the high voltage to ground when power is removed. However, to make certain, always discharge the display as follows:

- a. Attach one end of a large, well-insulated, 18-gauge jumper wire to ground.
- b. Momentarily touch the free end of the grounded jumper to the CRT anode by sliding it under the anode cap.
- c. Wait two minutes and repeat part b.
- 7. From the rear of the cabinet, disconnect the display harness connectors from the display.
- 8. Remove the two wood cleats on the left and right sides of the cabinet. Use a Phillips screwdriver to remove the 2 screws on each side.
- 9. Use a 3/8-inch nut driver to remove the four hex head-washer bolts holding the display onto the metal mounting brackets in the cabinet.
- Carefully lift the display out through the front of the cabinet.

WARNING

To avoid dropping the video display, use extreme care when removing the display from the cabinet. We recommend that no one weighing less than 150 pounds should attempt to remove the display. In addition, we recommend that you wear gloves to protect your hands from the sheet-metal edges.

11. Replace the video display as described in the following procedure.

Replacing the Video Display

Perform the following procedure to replace the video display in the cabinet. (See Figure 3-2.)

NOTE

Whenever the cathode-ray tube and yoke are replaced as a single unit, readjust the brightness, size, and centering as described in the display manual. Also check the purity and convergence according to the display manual instructions, but adjust both only if required.

Toobin' Maintenance

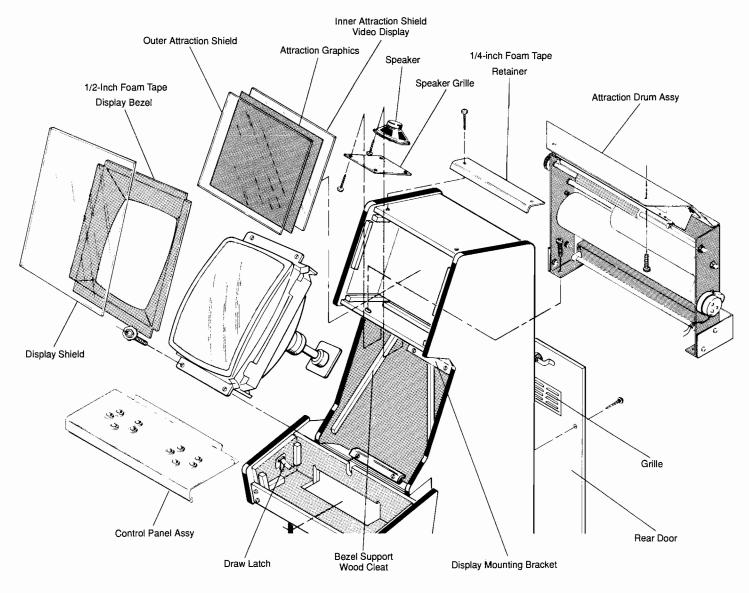


Figure 3-2 Control Panel, Video Display, and Speaker Removal

- 1. Carefully lift the video display through the front of the cabinet.
- 2. Position the display so that the four holes in the video display mounting brackets align with the four holes in the top and bottom metal bracket.
- 3. Install the four hex head-washer bolts through the display frame and mounting brackets.
- 4. Use a 3/8-inch nut driver to tighten the bolts. Be sure that the display is centered horizontally.
- 5. Connect the display harnesses to the display.
- 6. Install the two cleats that support the bezel and the display shield.
- 6. Replace the bezel and display shield.

Removing the Game PCB

Perform the following procedure to remove or replace the Toobin' Game PCB.

- 1. Turn the game power off.
- Unlock and remove the rear access panel from the cabinet.
- 3. Disconnect the harness connectors from the Game PCB
- 4. Use a Phillips screwdriver to remove the two screws and washers holding the Game PCB to the cabinet.
- 5. Grasp the edge of the Game PCB and gently lift it out of the slotted guide.
- Replace the Game PCB in the reverse order of removal.

Maintenance Toobin'

Replacing Static-Sensitive Devices

Be careful when you are working with static-sensitive devices, such as microprocessors, field-effect transistors (FET), complementary metal-oxide semiconductors (CMOS), and other large-scale integration (LSI) devices that use metal-oxide semiconductor (MOS) technology.

Static charge that has built up in your body can cause a static-sensitive device to fail. Leakage from an improperly grounded soldering iron can also cause a static-sensitive device to fail.

Before you handle a static-sensitive device or a PCB with such devices attached to it, ground any static voltage that may have accumulated in your body by touching an object that has been earth grounded. A bare wire wrapped around your wrist and attached to an earth ground is effective when working extensively with static-sensitive devices.

When you solder a static-sensitive device, use a solder-

ing iron with a properly grounded three-wire cord.

Before you replace a static-sensitive device, make sure it is actually defective. A static-sensitive device can appear defective due to leakage on a PCB. To make sure a device is defective, ground static voltages as described in the paragraph above. Clean both sides of the PCB with flux remover or an eraser. For discrete FETs, clean thoroughly between the gate, drain, and source leads. Then test the device.

New static-sensitive devices can be packaged in conductive foam or can have a protective shorting wire attached to the pins. Remove the conductive foam just prior to inserting the device into its socket or soldering it to a PCB. Remove the shorting wire only *after* the device is inserted into its socket or *after* all the leads are soldered in place.

Replacing Snap-Action Switches

Perform the following procedure to replace any of the snap-action switches. (See Figure 3-3.)

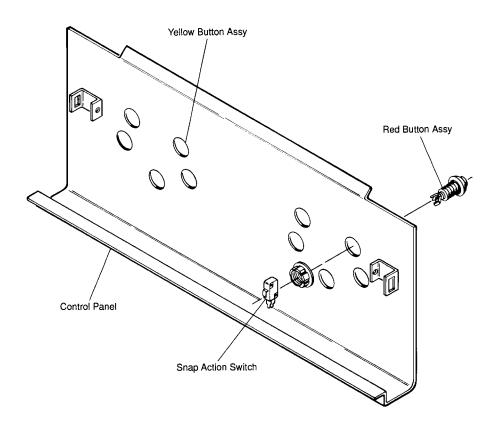


Figure 3-3 Replacing Snap-Action Switches

Toobin' Maintenance

- 1. Open the coin door.
- 2. Reach up through the coin door to the control panel. Unlatch the latches on both sides of the control panel that hold it in place.
- 3. Disconnect the control panel harness connector and remove the control panel from the cabinet.
- 4. Remove the two connectors on the switch.
- 5. Remove the switch by twisting and pulling the switch to release it from the plastic pegs in the bottom of the button assembly.
- Push a new switch into the holder. Make sure the pegs on the button assembly go into the two holes in the side of the switch.
- 7. Push the electrical connectors onto the switch.
- 8. Replace the control panel in the cabinet.

Removing the Fluorescent Lights

Perform the following procedure to remove or replace the fluorescent lights. (See Figure 3-3.)

- 1. Turn the game power off.
- Remove the two screws holding the retainer on the top of the cabinet. Remove the retainer.
- Remove the attraction shields and attraction graphics.
- 4. Remove the fluorescent light from the light fixture.
- To remove the entire light fixture, take out the attract drum frame. Remove the four screws in the top and bottom that hold the frame on the cabinet.
- 6. Disconnect the motor and light connectors from the cabinet harness. Take out the attract drum frame.
- 7. Unscrew the two screws that hold the light fixture on the frame. Take the wire out of the tie wrap on the side. Remove the light fixture.
- 8. Replace the light fixture and put new tie wraps around the wires on the side.

- 9. Replace the attract drum frame in the cabinet.
- 10. Replace the attraction shields with the attraction graphics between them. Replace the retainer.

Removing the Speaker

Perform the following procedure to remove the speaker. (See Figure 3-2.)

- 1. Turn the game power off.
- 2. Remove the four screws holding the speaker grille to the cabinet. Remove the grille.

CAUTION

Do not touch the speaker cone when handling the speaker. The cone material is fragile and can be easily damaged.

- 3. Use a Phillips screwdriver to remove the four screws holding the speaker to the cabinet. Do not let the speaker fall.
- 4. Lower the speaker just far enough to disconnect the two speaker wires.

CAUTION

Do not rest the speaker against the video display. The magnet in the speaker will cause color impurity. You may have to re-adjust the video display if you put the speaker on the screen.

Replace the speaker in the reverse order of removal. Be sure that you hook up the wires correctly.

The signal wire on the speaker should be attached to the speaker tab marked with color, a "+" sign, or a round dot. (The signal wire is shown on the game wiring diagram; refer to the Schematic Package included with the game.)



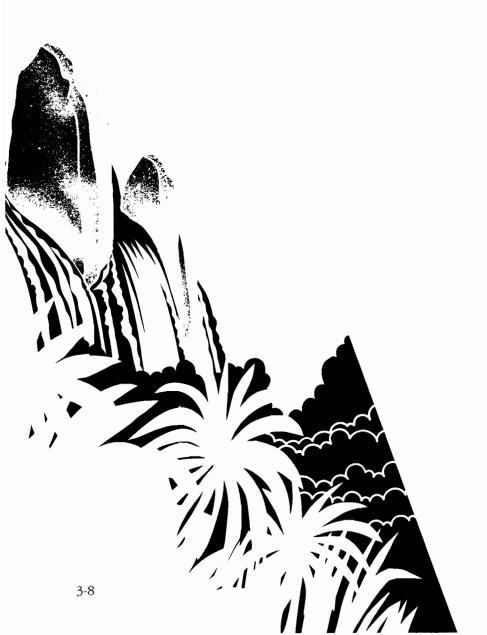
Maintenance Vindicators

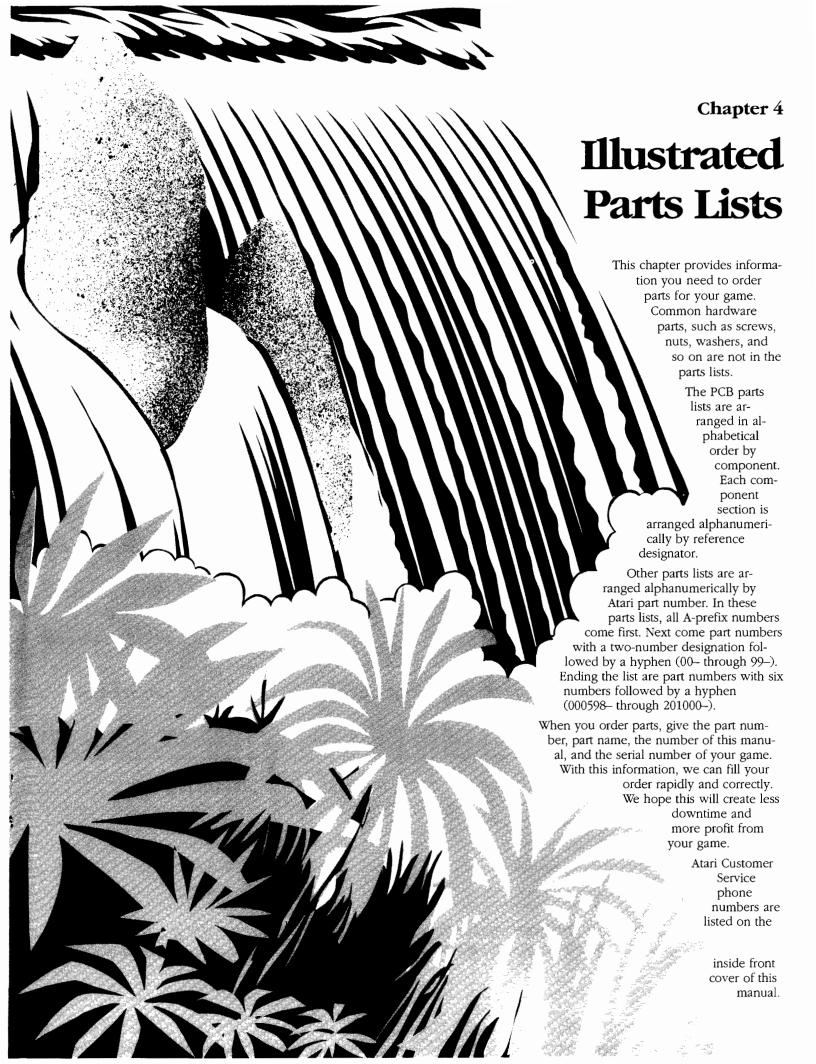
Replacing the Attraction Drum Motor

Perform the following procedure to replace the attraction drum motor. (See Figure 3-2.)

- 1. Turn the game power off.
- 2. Remove the two screws that secure the retainer on the top of the cabinet. Remove the retainer.
- Remove the attraction shields and attraction graphics.
- 4. Remove the four screws on the top and bottom that hold the frame in the cabinet.

- Disconnect the motor and light connectors from the cabinet harness. Take out the attraction drum frame.
- 6. Take the wire out of the tie wrap on the side.
- 7. Loosen the set screw that holds the drum onto the motor shaft.
- 8. Using a 1/4-inch Allen wrench, remove the hex head nuts that hold the motor onto the frame.
- Replace the motor, and replace the hex-head nuts. Tighten the set screw that holds the drum onto the motor shaft.
- 10. Put new tie wraps around the wires on the side.
- 11. Replace the attraction drum frame.





Illustrated Parts Lists Toobin'

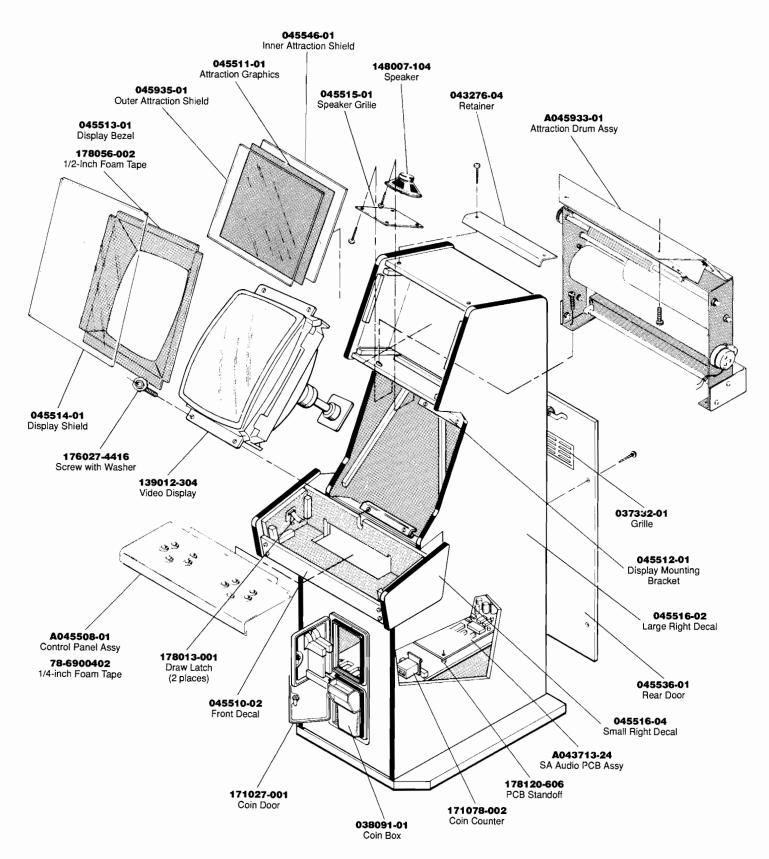


Figure 4-1 Cabinet Mounted Assemblies A045504-01 B

Toobin' Illustrated Parts Lists

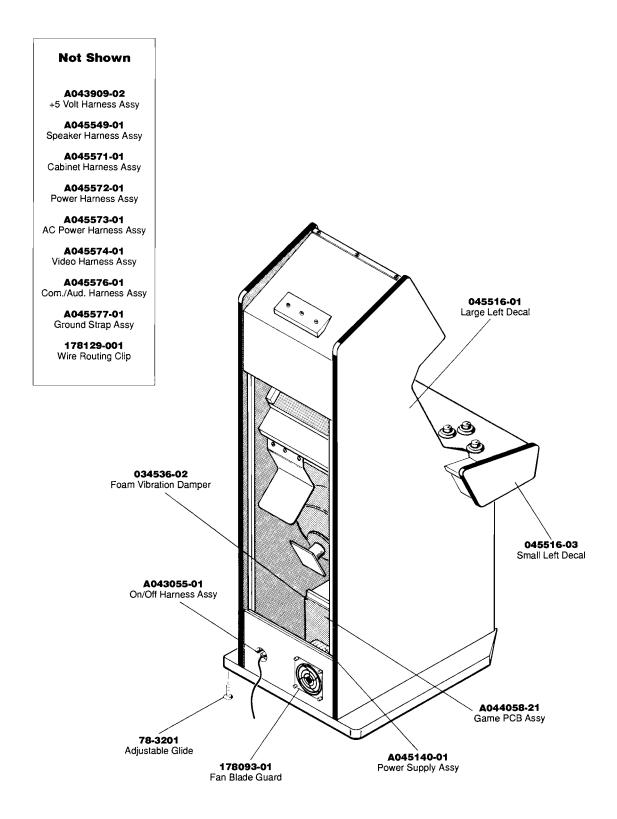


Figure 4-1 Cabinet-Mounted Assemblies, Continued

Cabinet-Mounted Assemblies Parts List

Part No.	Description			
A043055-01	On/Off Harness Assembly			
A043713-24	Stand-Alone Audio PCB Assembly (see Figure 4-7)			
A043909-02	+5 Volt Harness Assembly			
A044058-21	Toobin' Game PCB Assembly (see Figure 4-6)			
A045140-01	SL Power Supply Assembly (see Figure 4-4)			
A045508-01	Control Panel Assembly (see Figure 4-2)			
A045549-01	Speaker Harness Assembly			
A045571-01	Cabinet Harness Assembly			
A045572-01	Power Harness Assembly			
A045573-01	AC Power Harness Assembly			
A045574-01	Video Harness Assembly			
A045576-01	Com./Aud. Harness Assembly			
A045577-01	Ground Strap Assembly			
A045933-01	Attraction Drum Assembly (see Figure 4-3)			
034536-02	Foam Vibration Damper			
037332-01	Louvered Grille			
038091-01	Molded Coin Box			
043276-04	Retainer			
045511-01	Attraction Graphics			
045512-01	Display Mounting Bracket			
045513-01	Display Bezel			
045514-01	Display Shield			
045515-01	Speaker Grille			
045516-01	Upper Left Side Decal			
045516-02	Upper Right Side Decal			
045516-03	Left Decal Next to Control Panel			
045516-04	Right Decal Next to Control Panel			
045510-02	Front Decal			
045935-01	Attraction Shield			
045536-01	Rear Door			
045546-01	Textured Inner Attraction Shield			
045548-01	Light Reflector			
139012-304	Wells-Gardner 19-inch Medium Resolution Video Display			
148007-104	4 1/2-inch Round Shielded Speaker			
171027-001	Over/Under 25¢/25¢ USA Coin Door (see Figure 4-5)			
171078-002	Non-Resettable 12V DC Coin Counter			
175008-002	#10 White Nylon Washer			
176019-220	#8 Cross Recessed Screw			
176027-4016	#10 Hex Head Screw with Washer			
176027-4416	1/4 Hex Head Screw with Washer			
178013-001	Draw Latch			
178056-002	1/2-inch Wide, 4-inch Long Foam Tape			
178093-01	Fan Blade Guard			
178120-606	PCB Standoff			
178129-001	Wire Routing Clip			
78-3201	Adjustable Glide			

Cabinet-Mounted Assemblies Parts List, Continued

Part No.	Description	
78-6900402 1/4-inch Wide, 40-inch Long Foam Tape		
	These items are the technical information supplements to the game:	
SP-320	P-320 Toobin' Schematic Package	
ST-320	Toobin' Self-Test Label	
TM-320	Toobin' Operators Manual	
TM-321	Wells-Gardner (Model #19K7635) 19-inch Color Video Display Service Manual	



Illustrated Parts Lists Toobin'

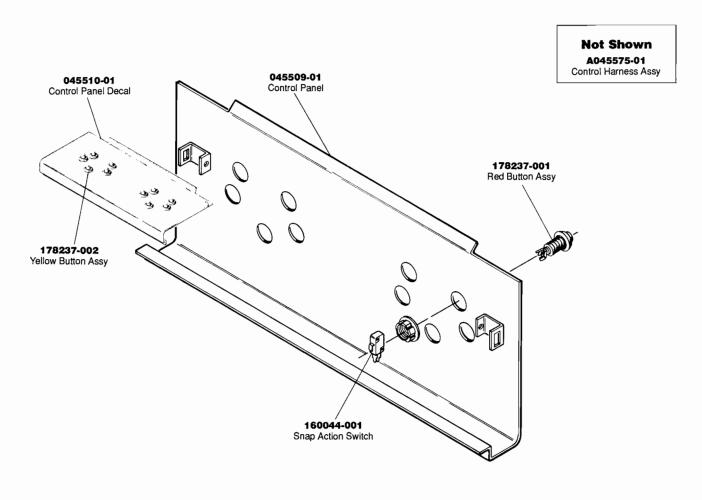
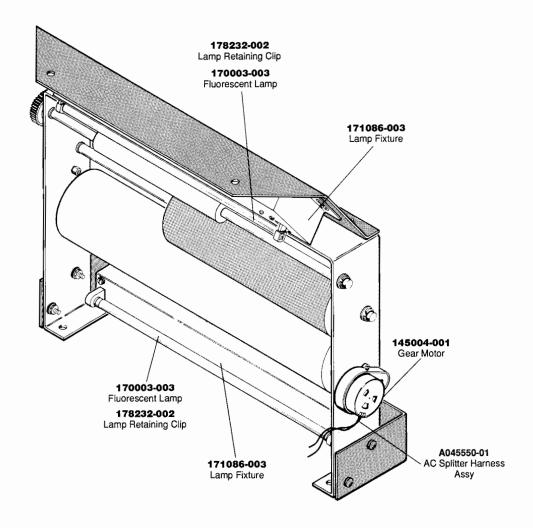


Figure 4-2 Control Panel Assembly A045508-01 A

Control Panel Assembly Parts List

Part No.	Descrption	
A045575-01	Control Harness Assembly	
045509-01	Control Panel	
045510-01	Control Panel Decal	
160044-001	Snap-Action Switch	
178237-001	Red Button Assembly	
178237-002	Yellow Button Assembly	



Attraction Drum Assembly Parts List

Part No.	Description
A045550-01	AC Splitter Harness Assembly
107013-001	Light Oil Lubricant
145004-001	120 VAC, 16 RPM, CW Gear Motor
170003-003	8W 12-inch Long Fluorescent Lamp
171086-003	118V, 60Hz, 12-inch Long Electrical Lamp Fixture (Acceptable substitute is part no. 171086-004)
178232-002	Lamp Retaining Clip

▲ WARNING ▲

The switching power supply has high voltages on it when power is turned on. Therefore, be sure you do not touch this power supply unless you have turned off the power to the game.

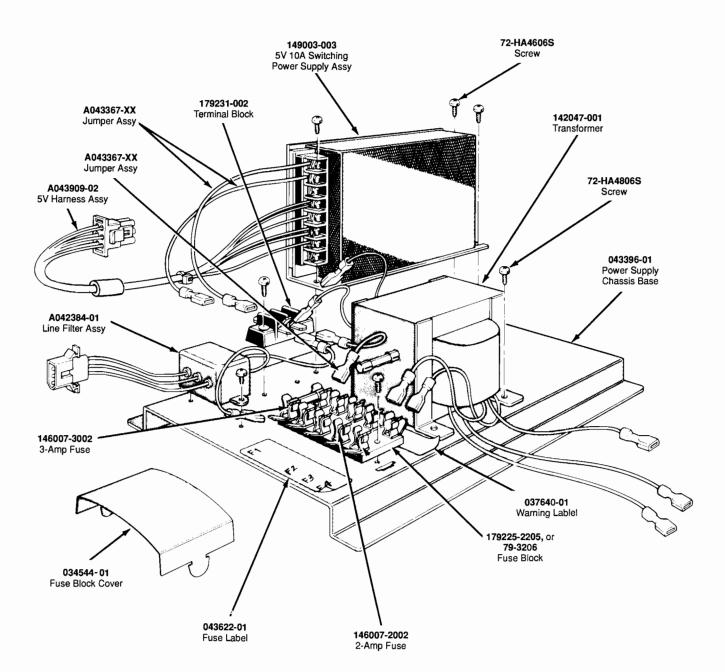


Figure 4-4 Switching/Linear (SL) Power Supply Assembly A045140-01 A

Switching/Linear Power Supply Assembly Parts List

Part No.	Description
A042384-01	Line Filter Assembly
A043367-01	Jumper Assembly
A043367-02	6-Inch Black Jumper Assembly
A043367-03	6-Inch White Jumper Assembly
72-HA4606s	#6-32 Thread-Forming Screw
72-HA4806s	#8-32 Thread-Forming Screw
034544-01	Fuse Block Cover
037640-01	Power Supply Warning Label
043396-01	Power Supply Base Chassis
043622-01	Power Supply Fuse Label
142047-001	Power Transformer
146007-2022	2-Amp 250 V 3AG Slow Blow Fuse
146007-3022	3-Amp 250 V 3AG Slow Blow Fuse
149003-003	Hitron 5V 10A Switching Power Supply (see below)
179225-2205	5-Position Fuse Block (Acceptable substitute is part no. 79-3206)
179231-002	2-Position Terminal Block

Hitron 5-Volt Power Supply Sub-Assembly Model HSA-122B(S) Parts List

Designator	Description	Part No.
	Capacitors	
C1	Capacitor, Metal Film, 0.047 μF, 250 V	99-211036
C2	Capacitor, Metal Film, 0.1 µF, 400 V	99-211038
C3, C4	Capacitor, Ceramic, 4700 µF, 400 V	99-211049
C5, C6	Capacitor, Electrolytic, 100 µF, 200 V	99-211046
C7	Capacitor, Metal Film, 0.1 µF, 400 V	99-211038
C8	Capacitor, Ceramic, 0.001 µF, 2 kV	99-211042
C9	Capacitor, Ceramic, 0.01 µF, 1 kV, Z5U	99-211041
C10	Capacitor, Electrolytic, 220 µF, 25 V	99-211045
C11	Capacitor, Metal Film, 0.22 µF, 100 V	99-211037
C12	Capacitor, Metal Film, 0.022 µF, 100 V	99-211039
C13	Capacitor, Metal Film, 0.22 µF, 100 V	99-211037
C14	Capacitor, Ceramic, 1800 PF, 2 kV, Z5 V	99-211040
C17	Capacitor, Electrolytic, 470 µF, 25 V	99-211044
C19	Capacitor, Electrolytic, 2200 μF, 16 V	99-211048
C20	Capacitor, Electrolytic, 1000 μF, 25 V	99-211047
C21	Capacitor, Ceramic, 470 PF, 1 kV, Z5P	99-211043
C22	Capacitor, Electrolytic, 2200 µF, 16 V	99-211048
C23	Capacitor, Electrolytic, 1000 μF, 25 V	99-211047
C24	Capacitor, Electrolytic, 2200 µF, 16 V	99-211048
D4 D2	Diodes	00
D1, D2	Diode, Fast Recovery, RPG10K	99-211010
D3	Diode, Fast Recovery, RPG15B	99-211011
D4	Diode, Fast Recovery, RPG10B	99-211009
D5–D7	Diode, Switching, 1N4148	99-211012

Hitron 5-Volt Power Supply Sub-Assembly Model HSA-122B(S) Parts List, Continued

Designator	Description	Part No.
 D9	Diode, Fast Recovery, 30DF1	99-211006
D11, D12	Diode, Schottky, S10SC4M	99-211005
D13D16	Diode, Rectifier, 1N4006	99-211008
	Inductors	,, ======
1	Inductor, 15 mH	99-211052
3	Inductor, 7 µH (Acceptable substitute is part no. 99-211051)	99-211050
4	Inductor, 2.2 µH	99-211054
5	Inductor, 1.5 mH	99-211053
	Resistors	
1, R2	Resistor, Carbon Film, 180 K Ohm, ±5%, 1 W	99-211034
13	Resistor, Wirewound, 120 Ohm, ±5%, 2 W	99-211019
34	Resistor, Wirewound, 0.47 Ohm, ±5%, 2 W	99-211018
5	Resistor, Wirewound, 33 Ohm, ±5%, 2 W	99-211017
(D=	D. I	00.044007
16, R7	Resistor, Carbon Film, 5.6 Ohm, ±5%, 1/4 W	99-211027
1.8	Resistor, Wirewound, 0.47 Ohm, ±5%, 2 W	99-211018
9	Resistor, Carbon Film, 10 Ohm, ±5%, 1/4 W	99-211029
10	Resistor, Carbon Film, 1 K Ohm, ±5%, 1/4 W	99-211032
.11	Resistor, Carbon Film, 47 Ohm, ±5%, 1/4 W	99-211025
112	Resistor, Carbon Film, 5.6 Ohm, ±5%, 1/4 W	99-211027
113	Resistor, Carbon Film, 330 Ohm, ±5%, 1/4 W	99-211026
14	Resistor, Carbon Film, 270 Ohm, ±5%, 1/2 W	99-211023
		00.044000
115	Resistor, Carbon Film, 330 Ohm, ±5%, 1/2 W	99-211022
16	Resistor, Carbon Film, 8.2 Ohm, ±5%, 1/4 W	99-211028
17, R18	Resistor, Carbon Film, 56 Ohm, ±5%, 1/4 W	99-211031
19	Resistor, Carbon Film, 39 Ohm, ±5%, 1/4 W	99-211030
20	Resistor, Carbon Film, 2 K Ohm, ±5%, 1/4 W	99-211035
21	Resistor, Carbon Film, 470 Ohm, ±5%, 1/4 W	99-211024
122	Resistor, 2.2 K Ohm, ±2%, 1/4 W	99-211021
123	Resistor, Metal Film, 2 K Ohm, ±2%, 1/4 W	99-211033
		00.044000
25	Resistor, Carbon Film, 10 Ohm, ±5%, 1/4 W	99-211029
26	Resistor, Wirewound, 50 Ohm, ±5%, 2 W	99-211015
27	Resistor, Carbon Film, 47 Ohm, ±5%, 1/4 W	99-211025
31	Resistor, Wirewound, 150 Ohm, ±5%, 2 W	99-211016
\1	Transistors	00.011000
21	Transistor, NPN, 2SC1413A	99-211002
23	Transistor, NPN, PE8050B	99-211003
23	Transistor, PNP, PE8550B	99-211004
1	Miscellaneous	00 211059
1	Fuse, 2 A, 250 V, SEMKO	99-211058
C1 CP1	Regulator, UA431AWC	99-211001
CR1	Thyristor, SCR	99-211013
1	Transformer	99-211055
R1	Thermistor, 0.5 Ohm, ±5%, 5 W	99-211020
R1	Potentiometer, Trimming, 3 K Ohm	99-211014
D1	Diode, Zener, 1N752A	99-211007
	Fuse, 2 A, 250 V	99-211056
	Fuse Holder, 6.35 mm	99-211060
	Terminal Block, 8 Ckt	99-211057
	Heat Sink	99-211059
	Heat Sink, 1.5 mm	99-211061

N O T E

S

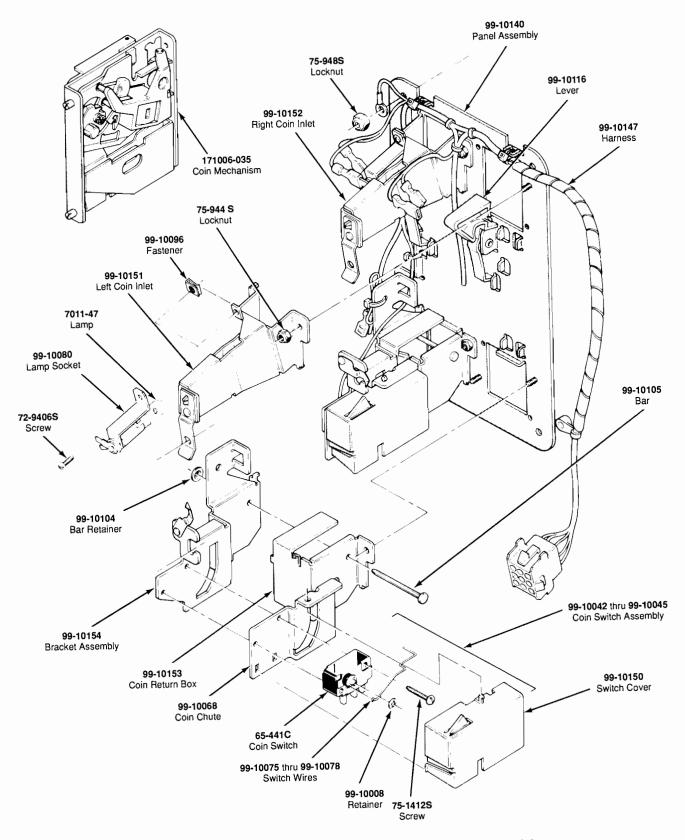


Figure 4-5 Coin Acceptors, Inc. Coin Door Assembly 171027-001 A

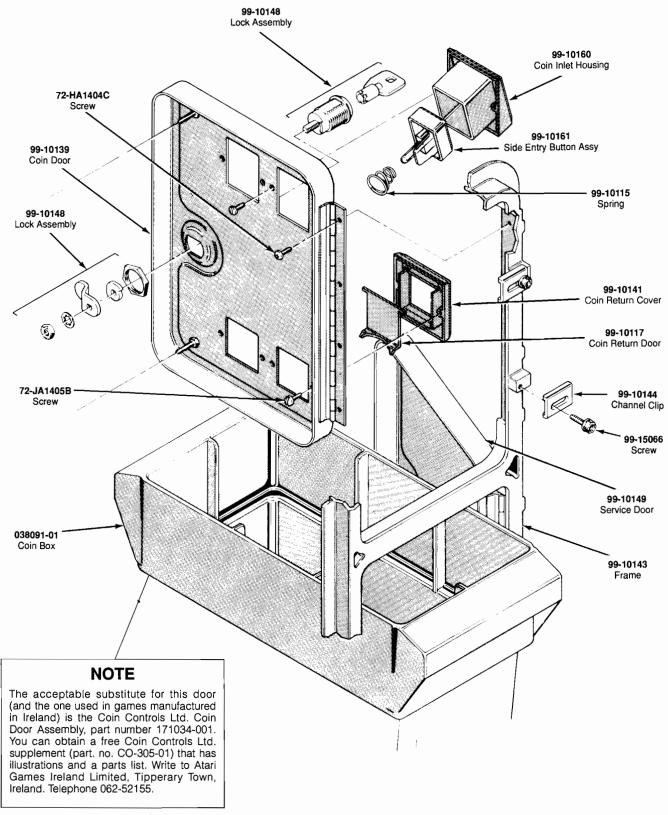


Figure 4-5 Coin Acceptors, Inc. Coin Door Assembly, Continued

Coin Acceptors, Inc. Coin Door Assembly Parts List

Part No.	Description
65-441C	Coin Switch
70-11-47	Miniature Bayonet Lamp
72-9406S	#4-40 x 3/8-Inch Truss-Head Screw
72-HA1404C	#4-40 x 1/4-Inch Pan-Head Screw
72 1211 1010	"1-10 X 1/ 1-IIICH 1 all-11cad Sciew
72-JA1405B	#4-40 x .31-Inch Pan-Head Screw
75-1412S	#4-40 x 3/4-Inch Pan-Head Screw
75-994S	#4-40 Locknut
99-10008	Retainer
99-10042	Coin Switch Assembly for Belgian 5 Fr and U.S. 25¢
99-10043	Coin Switch Assembly for German 1 DM, Japanese 100 Yen, Swiss 1 Fr
99-10044	Coin Switch Assembly for German 2 DM, Italian 100 L, U.S. \$1.00
99-10045	Coin Switch Assembly for Australian \$.20, German 5 DM, British 10 P
99-10068	Coin Return Chute
99-10008	Switch Wire (included in coin switch assembly 99-10043)
99-10075	
	Switch Wire (included in coin switch assembly 99-10042)
99-10077	Switch Wire (included in coin switch assembly 99-10044)
99-10078	Switch Wire (included in coin switch assembly 99-10045)
99-10080	Lamp Socket
99-10081	Key Holder
99-10096	Fastener
99-10104	Bar Retainer
99-10105	Bar
99-10115	Spring
99-10116	Plastic Coin Return Lever
,,	
99-10117	Steel Coin Return Door
99-10139	Coin Door
99-10140	Coin Door Inner-Panel Assembly
99-10141	Die-Cast Coin Return Cover
99-10143	Coin Door Frame
99-10144	Channel Clip
99-10147	Harness
99-10148	Lock Assembly
99-10149	Service Door
99-10150	Switch Cover
99-10151	Left Coin Inlet
99-10152	Right Coin Inlet
99-10153	Coin Return Box
99-10154	Bracket Assembly
99-10160	1-Inch Wide Die-Cast Coin Inlet Housing
99-10161	25¢ Amber Side-Entry Coin Button Assembly
99-15066	Screw for Clamp
171006-035	Metal Coin Mechanism for U.S. 25¢
2,1000 000	From Contriction in C.O. 274

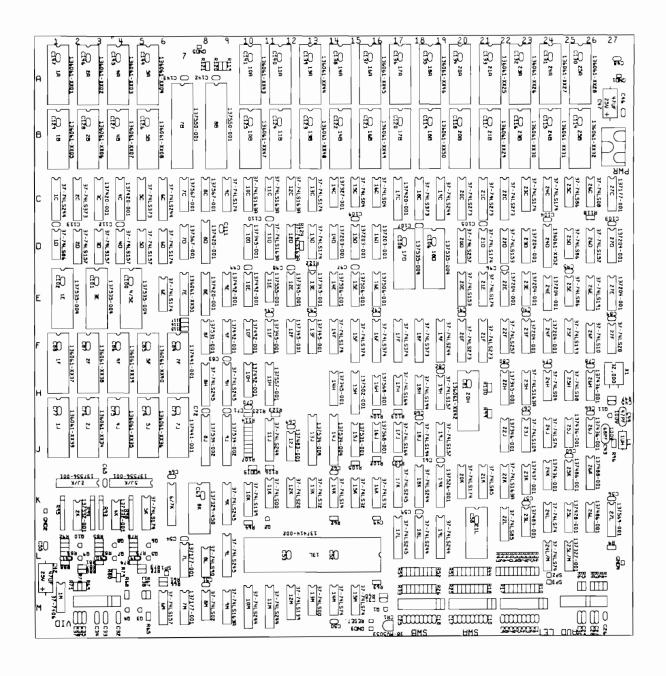


Figure 4-6 Toobin' Game PCB Assembly A044058-01 C

Designator	Description	Part No.
	Integrated Circuits	
1A	Integrated Circuit, EPROM, 27512-200	136061-1101
1B	Integrated Circuit, EPROM, 27512-200	136061-1105
1C	Integrated Circuit, 74LS244	37-74LS244
1D	Integrated Circuit, 74LS86	37-74LS86
1E	Integrated Circuit, RAM, 8Kx8, 100 nsec	137535-004
1F	Integrated Circuit, EPROM, 27512-300	136061-1137
1J	Integrated Circuit, EPROM, 27512-300	136061-1133
1M	Integrated Circuit, 7406	37-7406
2A	Integrated Circuit, EPROM, 27512-200	136061-1102
2B	Integrated Circuit, EPROM, 27512-200	136061-1106
2C	Integrated Circuit, 74LS373	37-74LS373
2D	Integrated Circuit, 74LS157	37-74LS157
2F	Integrated Circuit, EPROM, 27512-300	136061-1138
2J	Integrated Circuit, EPROM, 27512-300	136061-1134
2J/K	Integrated Circuit, 74HC273	137556-001
2K	Integrated Circuit, 74LS260	137332-001
3C	Integrated Circuit, 74F374	137420-001
3D	Integrated Circuit, 74LS157	37-74LS157
3E, 4/5E	Integrated Circuit, RAM, 8Kx8, 100 nsec	137535-004
4A	Integrated Circuit, EPROM, 27512-200	136061-1103
4B	Integrated Circuit, EPROM, 27512-200	136061-1107
4C	Integrated Circuit, 74F374	137420-001
4D	Integrated Circuit, 74F574 Integrated Circuit, 74LS157	37-74LS157
4F	Integrated Circuit, 7413137 Integrated Circuit, EPROM, 27512-300	136061-1139
/*	•	12/0/1 1125
4J	Integrated Circuit, EPROM, 27512-300	136061-1135
4K	Integrated Circuit, 74LS260	137332-001
5A	Integrated Circuit, EPROM, 27512-200	136061-1104
5B	Integrated Circuit, EPROM, 27512-200	136061-1108
5C	Integrated Circuit, 74LS373	37-74LS373
5D	Integrated Circuit, 74LS157	37-74LS157
5F	Integrated Circuit, EPROM, 27512-300	136061-1140
5J	Integrated Circuit, EPROM, 27512-300	136061-1136
5J/K	Integrated Circuit, 74HC273	137556-001
5K	Integrated Circuit, 74LS174	37-74LS174
6C	Integrated Circuit, 74LS244	37-74LS244
6D, 6E	Integrated Circuit, 74LS174	37-74LS174
6м	Integrated Circuit, 74LS157	37-74LS157
7B	Integrated Circuit, SOS	137550-001
7C, 7D	Integrated Circuit, 74F219	137567-001
7E	Integrated Circuit, PAL, 16L8 A	136061-1151
7F, 7J	Integrated Circuit, RAM, 8Kx8, 150 nsec	137441-001
7L, 7M	Integrated Circuit, 74LS138	137177-001
8B	Integrated Circuit, SOS	137550-001
8C	Integrated Circuit, 74F219	137567-001

Designator	Description	Part No.	
8D, 8E	Integrated Circuit, 74F374	137420-001	
8F	Integrated Circuit, 74F174	137531-001	
8H	Integrated Circuit, 74LS245	37-74LS245	
8Ј	Integrated Circuit, RAM, 2Kx8, 45 nsec	137534-002	
8K	Integrated Circuit, 2804 A-45, 450 nsec	137329-450	
8L	Integrated Circuit, 74LS90	37-74LS90	
8M	Integrated Circuit, 74LS02	37-74LS02	
9C	Integrated Circuit, 74LS174	37-74LS174	
9E, 9F	Integrated Circuit, 74F153	137492-001	
9H	Integrated Circuit, 74LS245	37-74LS245	
9 J	Integrated Circuit, RAM, 2Kx8, 45 nsec	137534-002	
9K, 9L	Integrated Circuit, 74LS245	37-74LS245	
9M	Integrated Circuit, 74LS163 A	37-74LS163A	
10A	Integrated Circuit, 1M Bit, Mask ROM, LH231000	136061-1143	
10B	Integrated Circuit, 1M Bit, Mask ROM, LH231000	136061-1147	
10C	Integrated Circuit, 74LS163 A	37-74LS163A	
10D	Integrated Circuit, 74F163	137345-001	
10E, 10F, 10H	Integrated Circuit, 74F153	137492-001	
10K	Integrated Circuit, 74LS139	37-74LS139	
10M	Integrated Circuit, 74LS244	37-74LS244	
11C, 11D	Integrated Circuit, 74LS163 A	37-74LS163A	
11E	Integrated Circuit, 74F21	137555-001	
11F	Integrated Circuit, 74F163	137345-001	
11H	Integrated Circuit, 74F398	137557-001	
11J	Integrated Circuit, 74LS244	37-74LS244	
11K	Integrated Circuit, 74LS00	37-74LS00	
11M	Integrated Circuit, 74LS244	37-74LS244	
12C, 12D	Integrated Circuit, 74LS163 A	37-74LS163A	
12E, 12F	Integrated Circuit, 74F163	137345-001	
12J	Integrated Circuit, 74F08	137483-001	
12K	Integrated Circuit, 74LS20	37-74LS20	
12M	Integrated Circuit, 74LS139	37-74LS139	
13A	Integrated Circuit, 1M Bit, Mask ROM, LH231000	136061-1144	
13B	Integrated Circuit, 1M Bit, Mask ROM, LH231000	136061-1148	
13C, 13D	Integrated Circuit, 74LS174	37-74LS174	
13E, 13F	Integrated Circuit, 74F163	137345-001	
13K	Integrated Circuit, 74LS32	37-74LS32	
13L	Integrated Circuit, 68010	137414-002	
13M	Integrated Circuit, 74LS00	37-74LS00	
14C	Integrated Circuit, 74F00	137327-001	
14D	Integrated Circuit, 74LS158	137203-001	
14E	Integrated Circuit, 74F283	137506-001	
14F	Integrated Circuit, 74LS174	37-74LS174	
14H	Integrated Circuit, 74F163	137345-001	
14K	Integrated Circuit, 74LS14	37-74LS14	

15C 15D	Integrated Circuit, 74LS04	27.7/1.00/
		37-74LS04
15E	Integrated Circuit, 74LS158	137203-001
	Integrated Circuit, 74F283	137506-001
15F	Integrated Circuit, 74LS374	37-74LS374
15H	Integrated Circuit, 74F244	137502-001
15J	Integrated Circuit, 74F174	137531-001
15K	Integrated Circuit, 74LS32	37-74LS32
15M	Integrated Circuit, 74LS74	37-74LS74
16A	Integrated Circuit, 1M Bit, Mask ROM, LH231000	136061-1145
16B	Integrated Circuit, 1M Bit, Mask ROM, LH231000	136061-1149
16C	Integrated Circuit, 74LS04	37-74LS04
16D	Integrated Circuit, 74LS158	137203-001
16E	Integrated Circuit, 74F283	137506-001
16F	Integrated Circuit, 741203 Integrated Circuit, 74LS374	37-74LS374
	megrated offedit, / 1155/4	5/-/41.55/4
16H, 16J	Integrated Circuit, 74F164	137568-001
16K	Integrated Circuit, 74LS32	37-74LS32
17C	Integrated Circuit, 74F374	137420-001
17D	Integrated Circuit, RAM, 8Kx8, 100 nsec	137535-004
17F	Integrated Circuit, 74LS374	37-74LS374
17H, 17J	Integrated Circuit, 74LS164	37-74LS164
17K, 17L	Integrated Circuit, 74LS245	37-74LS245
18A	Integrated Circuit, 1M Bit, Mask ROM, LH231000	136061-1146
18B	Integrated Circuit, 1M Bit, Mask ROM, LH231000	136061-1150
18C	Integrated Circuit, 74LS373	37-74LS373
18D	Integrated Circuit, RAM, 8KX8, 100 nsec	137535-004
18F	Integrated Circuit, 74LS373	37-74LS373
18H, 18J	Integrated Circuit, 74LS194 A	37-74LS194
18K, 18L, 19C, 19F	Integrated Circuit, 74LS244	37-74LS244
19H, 19J	Integrated Circuit, 74LS157	37-74LS157
19K	Integrated Circuit, SCOM	137526-001
19L	Integrated Circuit, 74LS244	37-74LS244
20C	Integrated Circuit, 74LS274 Integrated Circuit, 74LS273	37-74LS274 37-74LS273
20D	Integrated Circuit, 74LS277	37-74L3273 37-74LS257
20E	Integrated Circuit, 74LS153	37-74LS257 37-74LS153
20F	Integrated Circuit 7/IS272	27 7/1 5272
20H	Integrated Circuit, 74LS273	37-74LS273
20K	Integrated Circuit, EPROM, 27128-200	136061-1142
21A	Integrated Circuit, 74LS174	37-74LS174
ZIA	Integrated Circuit, EPROM, 27512-200	136061-1125
21B	Integrated Circuit, EPROM, 27512-200	136061-1129
21C	Integrated Circuit, 74LS273	37-74LS273
21D, 21E	Integrated Circuit, 74LS174	37-74LS174
21F	Integrated Circuit, 74LS273	37-74LS273
21K	Integrated Circuit, 74LS85	37-74LS85
22C	Integrated Circuit, 74LS273	37-74LS273
22D	Integrated Circuit, 74IS153	37-74LS153
	Integrated Circuit, 74LS283	137204-001

Designator	Description	Part No.
22F	Integrated Circuit, 74LS257	37-74LS257
22H	Integrated Circuit, 74F163	137345-001
22J	Integrated Circuit, 74F162	137346-001
22K	Integrated Circuit, 74LS163 A	37-74LS163A
22L	Integrated Circuit, 74LS85	37-74LS85
23A	Integrated Circuit, EPROM, 27512-200	136061-1126
23B	Integrated Circuit, EPROM, 27512-200	136061-1130
23C	Integrated Circuit, 74LS174	37-74LS174
23D, 23E, 23F	Integrated Circuit, 74LS283	137204-001
23H	Integrated Circuit, 74LS163 A	37-74LS163A
23J	Integrated Circuit, 74LS109	37-74LS109
23K	Integrated Circuit, 74F04	137437-001
23L	Integrated Circuit, 74F08	137483-001
24A	Integrated Circuit, EPROM, 27512-200	136061-1127
24B	Integrated Circuit, EPROM, 27512-200	136061-1127
24C	Integrated Circuit, 74LS174	37-74LS174
24D	Integrated Circuit, 74.5174 Integrated Circuit, PROM, 82S147	136061-1152
245 245	Interested Circuit 7/15202	127204 001
24E, 24F	Integrated Circuit, 74LS283	137204-001
24H	Integrated Circuit, 74LS04	37-74LS04
24J	Integrated Circuit, 74LS74	37-74LS74
24K	Integrated Circuit, 74F74	137436-001
24L, 24L/M	Integrated Circuit, 74LS74	37-74LS74
25A	Integrated Circuit, EPROM, 27512-200	136061-1128
25B	Integrated Circuit, EPROM, 27512-200	136061-1132
25C, 25D, 25E	Integrated Circuit, 74LS86	37-74LS86
25F	Integrated Circuit, 74LS193	37-74LS193
25H	Integrated Circuit, 74LS08	37-74LS08
25J	Integrated Circuit, 74F74	137436-001
25K	Integrated Circuit, 74F32	137486-001
25L	Integrated Circuit, 74F10	137428-001
25L/M	Integrated Circuit, 74F00	137327-001
26C	Integrated Circuit, 74LS08	37-74LS08
26D	Integrated Circuit, 74LS157	37-74LS157
26E	Integrated Circuit, 74LS191	37-74LS191
26F	Integrated Circuit, 74LS10	37-74LS10
26H, 26J	Integrated Circuit, 74F74	137436-001
26K	Integrated Circuit, 74F139	137488-001
26L	Integrated Circuit, 74F32	137486-001
27C	Integrated Circuit, 74LS138	137177-001
27D, 27E	Integrated Circuit, 74LS283	137204-001
27F	Integrated Circuit, 74LS20	37-74LS20
27L	Integrated Circuit, 74F112	137569-001
	EPROM Substitutes for Mask Ro	OMS
	Substitute for Mask ROM at 102	
10A	Integrated Circuit, EPROM, 27512-200	136061-1109

Designator	Description	Part No.
	Substitute for Mask ROM at 13A	
13A	Integrated Circuit, EPROM, 27512-200	136061-1111
14A	Integrated Circuit, EPROM, 27512-200	136061-1112
	Substitute for Mask ROM at 16A	
16A	Integrated Circuit, EPROM, 27512-200	136061-1113
17A	Integrated Circuit, EPROM, 27512-200	136061-1114
	Substitute for Mask ROM at 18A	
18A	Integrated Circuit, EPROM, 27512-200	136061-1115
20A	Integrated Circuit, EPROM, 27512-200	136061-1116
	Substitute for Mask ROM at 10B	
10B	Integrated Circuit, EPROM, 27512-200	136061-1117
11B	Integrated Circuit, EPROM, 27512-200	136061-1118
	Substitute for Mask ROM at 13B	
13B	Integrated Circuit, EPROM, 27512-200	136061-1119
14B	Integrated Circuit, EPROM, 27512-200	136061-1120
	Substitute for Mask ROM at 16B	
16B	Integrated Circuit, EPROM, 27512-200	136061-1121
17B	Integrated Circuit, EPROM, 27512-200	136061-1122
.,_	Substitute for Mask ROM at 18B	-
18B	Integrated Circuit, EPROM, 27512-200	136061-1123
20B	Integrated Circuit, EPROM, 27512-200	136061-1124
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	_
C10 C26	Capacitors 1 vF 10 V Capacitors	122002 104
C10-C26	Capacitor, .1 µF, 50 V, Ceramic	122002-104
C27-C30	Capacitor, 100 pF, 100 V, Ceramic	122016-101 122002-104
C31	Capacitor, .1 µF, 50 V, Ceramic	
C32-C34	Capacitor, 100 pF, 100 V, Ceramic	122016-101
C35-C37	Capacitor, .001 µF, 50 V, Ceramic	122002-102
C38	Capacitor, 33 pF, 50 V, Ceramic	121015-330
C39-C41	Capacitor, 100 pF, 100 V, Ceramic	122016-101
C42	Capacitor, 47 µF, 25 V, Electrolytic	124009-476
C43	Capacitor, 68 pF, 100 V, Mica	128002-680
C45	Capacitor, 47 pF, 100 V, Mica	128002-470
		122002-170
C45, C46	Capacitor, .1 µF, 50 V, Ceramic	124009-476
C47	Capacitor, 47 µF, 25 V, Electrolytic	122002-104
C48-C147	Capacitor, .1 μF, 50 V, Ceramic	122002-104
	Inductor	
L1	Inductor, 1 μH, 830 mA	141007-001
	Transistors	
Q1	Transistor, 2N5306	133033-001
Q2-Q11	Transistor, 2N3904	34-2N3904
Q2-Q11	Italisistof, 2119701	31 = 1.370 1
	Resistors	
R1	Resistor, 1 K Ohm, ±5%, 1/8 W	110027-102
R2-R6	Resistor, 470 Ohm, ±5%, 1/8 W	110027-471
R9	Resistor, 1 K Ohm, ±5%, 1/8 W	110027-102
R18-R33	Resistor, 470 Ohm, ±5%, 1/8 W	110027-471
R44-R59	Resistor, 1 K Ohm, ±5%, 1/8 W	110027-102
R60	Resistor, 100 K Ohm, ±5%, 1/8 W	110027-102
R61, R62	Resistor, 1 K Ohm, ±5%, 1/8 W	110027-104
R63	Resistor, 240 Ohm, ±5%, 1/8 W	110027-102
KOO	Resistor, 240 Offin, ±370, 1/0 W	11002/-271
R64	Resistor, 10 K Ohm, ±5%, 1/8 W	110027-103

Designator	Description	Part No.	
R65	Resistor, 4.7 K Ohm, ±5%, 1/8 W	110027-472	
R66	Resistor, 1 K Ohm, ±5%, 1/8 W	110027-102	
R67	Resistor, 10 K Ohm, ±5%, 1/8 W	110027-103	
R68-R71	Resistor, 220 Ohm, ±5%, 1/8 W	110027-221	
R72	Resistor, 100 Ohm, ±5%, 1/8 W	110027-101	
R73	Resistor, 10 Ohm, ±5%, 1/8 W	110027-100	
R74	Resistor, 3.3 K Ohm, ±5%, 1/8 W	110027-332	
R75	Resistor, 1 K Ohm, ±5%, 1/8 W	110027-102	
R76	Resistor, 300 Ohm, ±5%, 1/8 W	110027-301	
R77	Resistor, 2.4 K Ohm, ±5%, 1/8 W	110027-242	
R78	Resistor, 1 K Ohm, ±5%, 1/8 W	110027-102	
R79	Resistor, 100 Ohm, ±5%, 1/8 W	110027-101	
R80	Resistor, 10 Ohm, ±5%, 1/8 W	110027-100	
R81	Resistor, 3.3 K Ohm, ±5%, 1/8 W	110027-332	
R82	Resistor, 1 K Ohm, ±5%, 1/8 W	110027-102	
R83	Resistor, 300 Ohm, ±5%, 1/8 W	110027-301	
R84	Resistor, 2.4 K Ohm, ±5%, 1/8 W	110027-242	
R85	Resistor, 1 K Ohm, ±5%, 1/8 W	110027-102	
R86	Resistor, 100 Ohm, ±5%, 1/8 W	110027-101	
R87	Resistor, 10 Ohm, ±5%, 1/8 W	110027-100	
R88	Resistor, 3.3 K Ohm, ±5%, 1/8 W	110027-332	
R89	Resistor, 1 K Ohm, ±5%, 1/8 W	110027-102	
R90	Resistor, 300 Ohm, ±5%, 1/8 W	110027-301	
R91	Resistor, 2.4 K Ohm, ±5%, 1/8 W	110027-242	
R92	Resistor, 1 K Ohm, ±5%, 1/8 W	110027-102	
R93-R95	Resistor, SIP Network, 1K/2K Ohm, ±2%	118016-001	
R96	Resistor, 68, ±5%, 1/8 W	110027-680	
R97	Resistor, 10 K Ohm, ±5%, 1/8 W	110027-103	
R98	Resistor, SIP Network, 1K/2K Ohm, ±2%	118016-001	
R99, R100	Resistor, 1 K Ohm, ±5%, 1/8 W	110027-102	
R101	Resistor, 680 Ohm, ±5%, 1/8 W	110027-681	
R102	Resistor, 470 Ohm, ±5%, 1/8 W	110027-471	
R103	Resistor, 680 Ohm, ±5%, 1/8 W	110027-681	
R104	Resistor, 470 Ohm, ±5%, 1/8 W	110027-471	
R105-R115	Resistor, 1 K Ohm, ±5%, 1/8 W	110027-102	
R116	Resistor, 470 Ohm, ±5%, 1/8 W	110027-471	
R117	Resistor, 680 Ohm, ±5%, 1/8 W	110027-681	
R118	Resistor, 1 K Ohm, ±5%, 1/8 W	110027-102	
R119	Resistor, 680 Ohm, ±5%, 1/8 W	110027-681	
R120	Resistor, 470 Ohm, ±5%, 1/8 W	110027-471	
R121	Resistor, 1 K Ohm, ±5%, 1/8 W	110027-102	
R122, R123	Resistor, 470 Ohm, ±5%, 1/8 W	110027-471	
R124, R125	Resistor, 680 Ohm, ±5%, 1/8 W	110027-681	

Toobin' Game PCB Assembly Parts List, Continued

Designator	Description	Part No.	
	Sockets		
	Socket, 28 Pin, .600	179257-028	
	Socket, 24 Pin, .600	179257-024	
	Socket, 64 Pin, .900	179256-064	
	Socket, 20 Pin, .300	179259-020	
	Connectors		
AUD	Connector, 11 Ckt, Header, .100-Inch Ctr, Key 5	179118-011	
PWR	Connector, 6 Ckt, Header, .250 Ctr	179069-006	
SWA	Connector, 11 Ckt, Header, .100-Inch Ctr, Key 2	179118-011	
SWB	Connector, 11 Ckt, Header, 100-Inch Ctr, Key 2	179118-011	
VID	Connector, 11 Ckt, Header, 100-Inch Ctr, Key 3	179118-011	
	Miscellaneous		
X1	Crystal, 32.000 MHz	144000-010	
CR1	Diode, MV5053, Light Emitting	38-MV5053	
	Test Point	179051-001	



N O T E S

* Proposition

a Andreas

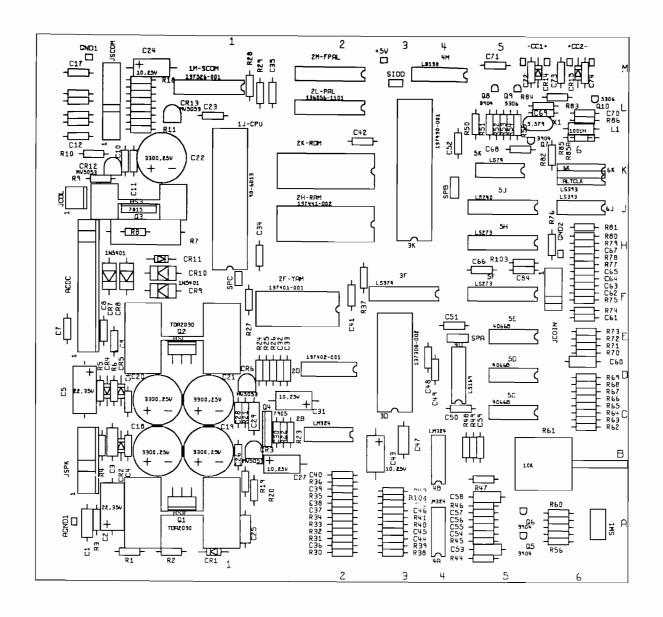


Figure 4-7 Stand-Alone Audio PCB Assembly A043713-24 B

Stand-Alone Audio PCB Assembly Parts List

Location	Description	Part No.
	Integrated Circuits	
1J-CPU	Integrated Circuit, 6502 A	90-6013
1M-SCOM	Integrated Circuit, SCOM	137526-001
2B	Integrated Circuit, LM324	37-LM324
2F-YAM	Integrated Circuit, YM2151	137401-001
2H-RAM	Integrated Circuit, 6264-15, 150 nsec	137441-002
2K-ROM	Integrated Circuit, 27512, 300 nsec	136061-1141
2L-PAL	Integrated Circuit, Programmed PAL16L8 A, 25 ns	136056-2101
3F	Integrated Circuit, 74LS374	37-74LS374
3K	Integrated Circuit, POKEY	137430-001
4A, 4B	Integrated Circuit, LM324	37-LM324
4M	Integrated Circuit, 74LS138	137177-001
5C, 5E	Integrated Circuit, 4066B	37-4066
5F, 5H	Integrated Circuit, 74LS273	37-74LS273
5J	Integrated Circuit, 74LS240	137251-001
5K	Integrated Circuit, 74LS74	37-74LS74
6J	Integrated Circuit, 74LS393	37-74LS393
ALTCLK	Integrated Circuit, 74LS393	37-74LS393
	Capacitors	
C1	Capacitor, .22 μF, 50 V, Ceramic	122015-224
C2	Capacitor, 22 µF, 35 V, Electrolytic	24-350226
C3	Capacitor, .22 µF, 50 V, Ceramic	122015-224
C4	Capacitor, .1 µF, 50 V, Ceramic	122002-104
C5	Capacitor, 22 μF, 35 V, Electrolytic	24-350226
C6-C9, C12	Capacitor, .1 µF, 50 V, Ceramic	122002-104
C13-C16	Capacitor, 100 pF, 100 V, Ceramic	122016-101
C17	Capacitor, .1 µF, 50 V, Ceramic	122002-104
C18-C21	Capacitor, 3300 µF, 25 V, Electrolytic, Radial	123003-338
C23	Capacitor, .1 µF, 50 V, Ceramic	122002-104
C24	Capacitor, 10 µF, 25 V, Electrolytic	24-250106C25
C25	Capacitor, .22 µF, 50 V, Ceramic	122015-224
C26	Capacitor, .1 µF, 50 V, Ceramic	122002-104
C27	Capacitor, 10 μF, 25 V, Electrolytic	24-250106
C28	Capacitor, .1 µF, 50 V, Ceramic	122002-104
C29	Capacitor, .22 µF, 50 V, Ceramic	122015-224
C30	Capacitor, .1 µF, 50 V, Ceramic	122002-104
C31	Capacitor, 10 µF, 25 V, Electrolytic	24-250106
C32, C33	Capacitor, .001 μF, 50 V, Ceramic	122002-102
C34, C35	Capacitor, .1 µF, 50 V, Ceramic	122002-104
C37	Capacitor, .047 µF, 100 V, Ceramic	122015-473
C38, C39	Capacitor, .1 µF, 50 V, Ceramic	122002-104
C40	Capacitor, .001 μF, 50 V, Ceramic	122002-102
C41, C42	Capacitor, .1 µF, 50 V, Ceramic	122002-104
	Capacitae 10 uE 25 V Floateclytic	24-250106
C43	Capacitol, 10 ur. 23 v. Electrolytic	24-230100
C43 C47	Capacitor, 10 μF, 25 V, Electrolytic Capacitor, .22 μF, 50 V, Ceramic	122015-224

Stand-Alone Audio PCB Assembly Parts List, Continued

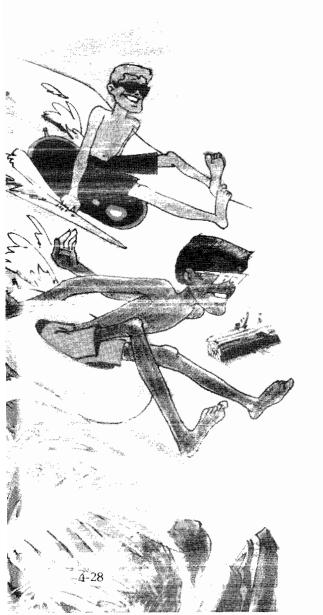
Location	Description	Part No.
C53	Capacitor, .0022 µF, 50 V, Axial Ceramic	122015-222
C54	Capacitor, .0027 µF, 50 V, Ceramic	122015-272
C55	Capacitor, .001 µF, 50 V, Ceramic	122002-102
C56	Capacitor, .0027 µF, 50 V, Ceramic	122015-272
C 5 7	Capacitor, .001 μF, 50 V, Ceramic	122002-102
C58	Capacitor, .0022 µF, 50 V, Axial Ceramic	122015-222
C61-C68	Capacitor, .1 μF, 50 V, Ceramic	122002-104
C69	Capacitor, 39 pF, 100 V, Ceramic	122016-390
C70	Capacitor, 100 pF, 100 V, Ceramic	122016-101
C71-C74, C84	Capacitor, .1 μF, 50 V, Ceramic	122002-104
	Diodes	
CR1, CR2	Diode, 1N4001	131048-001
CR3	Diode, MV5053, Light-Emitting	131027-002
CR4, CR5	Diode, 1N4001	131048-001
CR6	Diode, MV5053, Light-Emitting	131027-002
CR7-CR10	Diode, 1N5401	131051-002
CR13	Diode, MV5053, Light-Emitting	131027-002
CR14, CR15	Diode, 1N4001	131048-001
	Inductor	
L1	Inductor, 100 μH	141024-001
	Transistors	
Q1, Q2	Integrated Circuit, TDA2030	137301-001
Q4	Integrated Circuit, 7905, Standup	37-7905
Q5-Q8	Transistor, 2N3904	34-2N3904
Q9, Q10	Transistor, 2N5306	133033-001
	Resistors	
R1	Resistor, 1 K Ohm, ±5%, 1/4 W	110000-102
R2	Resistor, 10 K Ohm, ±5%, 1/4 W	110000-103
R3, R4	Resistor, 1 Ohm, ±5%, 1/4 W	110000-010
R5	Resistor, 1 K Ohm, ±5%, 1/4 W	110000-102
R6	Resistor, 10 K Ohm, ±5%, 1/4 W	110000-103
R10	Resistor, 0 Ohm, 1/4 W	110005-001
R11	Resistor, 1 K Ohm, ±5%, 1/4 W	110000-102
R12	Resistor, 470 Ohm, ±5%, 1/4 W	110000-471
R13	Resistor, 1 K Ohm, ±5%, 1/4 W	110000-102
R14	Resistor, 470 Ohm, ±5%, 1/4 W	110000-471
R15	Resistor, 1 K Ohm, ±5%, 1/4 W	110000-102
R16	Resistor, 470 Ohm, ±5%, 1/4 W	110000-471
R17, R18	Resistor, 10 K Ohm, ±5%, 1/4 W	110000-103
R19	Resistor, 22 K Ohm, ±5%, 1/4 W	110000-223
R20	Resistor, 1 K Ohm, ±5%, 1/4 W	110000-102
R21	Resistor, 22 K Ohm, ±5%, 1/4 W	110000-223

Stand-Alone Audio PCB Assembly Parts List, Continued

Location	Description	Part No.	
	Periotes 10 Ohra 150/ 1// W/	110000 100	
R22	Resistor, 10 Ohm, ±5%, 1/4 W Resistor, 560, ±5%, 1/4 W	110000-100	
R23		110000-561	
R24	Resistor, 1 K Ohm, ±5%, 1/4 W	110000-102	
R26, R27	Resistor, 10 Ohm, ±5%, 1/4 W	110000-100	
R28	Resistor, 10 K Ohm, ±5%, 1/4 W	110000-103	
R29	Resistor, 1 K Ohm, ±5%, 1/4 W	110000-102	
R33, R34	Resistor, 470 Ohm, ±5%, 1/4 W	110000-471	
R35	Resistor, 75 K Ohm, ±5%, 1/4 W	110000-753	
R36, R37	Resistor, 10 K Ohm, ±5%, 1/4 W	110000-103	
R38	Resistor, 47 K Ohm, ±5%, 1/4 W	110000-473	
R43-R48	Resistor, 12 K Ohm, ±5%, 1/4 W	110000-473	
R49			
K49	Resistor, 10 K Ohm, ±5%, 1/4 W	110000-103	
R50	Resistor, 1 K Ohm, ±5%, 1/4 W	110000-102	
R51, R52	Resistor, 10 K Ohm, ±5%, 1/4 W	110000-103	
R53, R54	Resistor, 1 K Ohm, ±5%, 1/4 W	110000-102	
R55, R56	Resistor, 150 K Ohm, ±5%, 1/4 W	110000-154	
R58	Resistor, 1 K Ohm, ±5%, 1/4 W	110000-102	
R59	Resistor, 150 K Ohm, ±5%, 1/4 W	110000-154	
R60	Resistor, 1 K Ohm, ±5%, 1/4 W	110000-102	
R61	Potentiometer, 10 K Ohm, Horizontal, Dual	119011-103	
R62	Resistor, 7.5 K Ohm, ±5%, 1/4 W	110000-752	
R63	Resistor, 30 K Ohm, ±5%, 1/4 W	110000-752	
R64	Resistor, 15 K Ohm, ±5%, 1/4 W	110000-363	
R65	Resistor, 12 K Ohm, ±5%, 1/4 W	110000-133	
D= 0	7. 1. 7. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2.	440000 =50	
R70	Resistor, 75 K Ohm, ±5%, 1/4 W	110000-753	
R71	Resistor, 150 K Ohm, ±5%, 1/4 W	110000-154	
R74-R81	Resistor, 1 K Ohm, ±5%, 1/4 W	110000-102	
R82	Resistor, 470 Ohm, ±5%, 1/4 W	110000-471	
R83	Resistor, 150 K Ohm, ±5%, 1/4 W	110000-154	
R84	Resistor, 0 Ohm, 1/4 W	110005-001	
R85A	Resistor, 470 Ohm, ±5%, 1/4 W	110000-471	
R86	Resistor, 220 Ohm, ±5%, 1/4 W	110000-221	
R103	Resistor, 150 K Ohm, ±5%, 1/4 W	110000-154	
R104	Resistor, 12 K Ohm, ±5%, 1/4 W	110000-123	
1J-CPU	Sockets Socket, 40 Pin	179257-040	
1M-SCOM			
	Socket, 20 Pin	179259-020	
2D 2F-YAM	Socket, 16 Pin Socket, 24 Pin	179259-016 179257-024	
211 DAM 277 DOM	•		
2H-RAM, 2K-ROM	Socket, 28 Pin	179257-028	
3K	Socket, 40 Pin	179257-040	
	Connectors		
JACDC	Connector, 12 Ckt, Header, .156-Inch Ctr, Key 11	179213-012	
JCDL	Connector, 2 Ckt, Header, .156-Inch Ctr	179213-012	
JCOIN	Connector, 6 Ckt, Header, .100-Inch Ctr, Key 2	179213-002	
JOOIN	Connector, o Ckt, Fleader, .100-inch Ctf, Key 2	1/9110-000	

Stand-Alone Audio PCB Assembly Parts List, Continued

Location	Description	Part No.	
SCOM	Connector, 11 Ckt, Header, .100-Inch Ctr, Key 5	179118-011	
SPK	Connector, 6 Ckt, Header, .156-Inch Ctr, Key 3	179213-006	
	Miscellaneous		
HSL	Heat Sink, TDA2030	178190-032	
ISR	Heat Sink, TDA2030	178190-032	
W1	Switch, Slide, SPDT	160040-001	
K 1	Crystal, 3.579 MHz Standup	144007-001	
	Test Point	179051-001	



Toobin'™ Statistics: Date _____

Game Statistics

(Refer to Chapter 2 of the operators manual for clarification of these terms)

Left Coins	 Cont Mins	
Right Coins	 Sessions	
New Games	 Error Count	
Continuation	 Total Coins	
0 Plyr Mins	 Avg Time/Coin	
1 Plyr Mins	 Avg Time/New Game	
2 Plyr Mins	 Avg Time/Cont Game	
New Mins		

Histogram Information

New Easy Games

Length of Game in Seconds	Number of Games	Length of Game in Seconds	Number of Games	Length of Game in Seconds	Number of Games
0-39		160-179		300-319	
40-59		180-199		320-339	
60-79		200-219		340-359	
80-99		220-239		360-379	
100-119		240-259		380-399	
120-139		260-279		400 & Up	
140-159		280-299		•	

New Medium Games

Length of Game in Seconds	Number of Games	Length of Game in Seconds	Number of Games	Length of Game in Seconds	Number of Games
0-39		160-179		300-319	
40-59		180-199		320-339	
60-79		200-219		340-359	
80-99		220-239		360-379	
100-119		240-259		380-399	
120-139		260-279		400 & Up	
140-159		280-299		•	

New Hard Games

Length of Game in Seconds	Number of Games	Length of Game in Seconds	Number of Games	Length of Game in Seconds	Number of Games
0-39		160-179		300-319	
40-59		180-199		320-339	
60-79		200-219		340-359	
80-99		220-239		360-379	
100-119		240-259		380-399	
120-139		260-279		400 & Up	
140-159		280-299		•	

Continued Easy Games

Length of Game in Seconds	Number of Games	Length of Game in Seconds	Number of Games	Length of Game in Seconds	Number of Games
0-39		160-179		300-319	
40-59		180-199		320-339	
60-79		200-219		340-359	
80-99		220-239		360-379	
100-119		240-259		380-399	
120-139		260-279		400 & Up	
140-159		280-299		op	

Continued Medium Games

	South Michigan Chines					
Length of Game in Seconds	Number of Games	Length of Game in Seconds	Number of Games	Length of Game in Seconds	Number of Games	
0-39		160-179		300-319		
40-59		180-199		320-339		
60-79	<u>-</u>	200-219		340-359		
80-99		220-239		360-379		
100-119		240-259		380-399	<u> </u>	
120-139		260-279		400 & Up		
140-159		280-299		ор		

Continued Hard Games

Continued Hard Gaines					
Length of Game in Seconds	Number of Games	Length of Game in Seconds	Number of Games	Length of Game in Seconds	Number of Games
0-39		160-179		300-319	
40-59		180-199		320-339	
60-79		200-219		340-359	
80-99		220-239		360-379	
100-119		240-259		380-399	
120-139		260-279		400 & Up	
140-159		280-299		100 СГОР	

Session Length

Length of Game in Seconds	Number of Games	Length of Game in Seconds	Number of Games	Length of Game in Seconds	Number of Games
0-39		160-179		300-319	
40-59		180-199		320-339	
60-79		200-219		340-359	
80-99		220-239		360-379	
100-119		240-259		380-399	
120-139		260-279		400 & Up	
140-159		280-299			

Glossary

AC

Alternating current; from zero it rises to a maximum positive level, then passes through zero again to a maximum negative level.

ACTIVE STATE

The true state of a signal. For example: The active state for is low.

ADDRESS

A value that identifies a specific location of data in memory; normally expressed in hexadecimal notation.

ANALOG

Measurable in an absolute quantity (as opposed to on or off). Analog devices are volume controls, light dimmers, stereo amplifiers, etc.

ANODE

The positive (arrow) end of a diode.

AMPLIFIER

A device used to increase the strength of an applied signal.

AMPLITUDE

The maximum instantaneous value of a waveform pulse from zero.

ASTABLE

Having no normal state. An astable device will free-run or oscillate as long as operating voltage is applied. The oscillation frequency is usually controlled by external circuitry.

AUXILIARY COIN SWITCH

A momentary-contact pushbutton switch with a black cap located on the utility panel. The auxiliary coin switch adds credits to the game without activating a coin counter.

BEZEL

A cut, formed, or machined retention device, such as the conical device used to mount a pushbutton switch to a control panel, or the formed device used to frame the video display screen.

BIDIRECTIONAL

Able to send or receive data on the same line (e.g., the data bus of a microprocessor).

BINARY

A number system that expresses all values by using two digits (0 and 1).

BIT

A binary digit; expressed as 1 or 0.

BLANKING

Turning off the beam on a cathode-ray tube during retrace.

BLOCK DIAGRAM

A drawing in which functional circuitry units are represented by blocks. Very useful during initial troubleshooting.

BUFFER

- An isolating circuit designed to eliminate the reaction of a driven circuit on the circuits driving it (e.g., a buffer amplifier).
- 2. A device used to supply additional drive capability.

BUS

An electrical path over which information is transferred from any of several sources to any of several destinations.

CAPACITOR

A device capable of storing electrical energy. A capacitor blocks the flow of DC current while allowing AC current to pass.

CATHODE

The negative end of a diode.

CHIE

An integrated circuit comprising many circuits on a single wafer slice.

CLOCK

A repetitive timing signal for synchronizing system functions.

COINCIDENCE

Occurring at the same time.

COIN COUNTER

A 6-digit electromechanical device that counts the coins inserted in the coin mechanism(s).

COIN MECHANISM

A device on the inside of the coin door that inspects the coin to determine if the correct coin has been inserted.

COMPLEMENTARY

Having opposite states, such as the outputs of a flip-flop.

COMPOSITE SYNC

Horizontal and vertical synchronization pulses that are bused together into a single signal. This signal provides the timing necessary to keep the display in synchronization with the game circuitry.

COMPOSITE VIDEO

Complete video signal from the game system to drive the display circuitry, usually comprising H SYNC, V SYNC, and the video.

CREDIT

One play for one person based on the game switch settings.

CRT

Cathode-ray tube.

DATA

General term for the numbers, letters, and symbols that serve as input for device processing.

DARLINGTON

A two-transistor amplifier that provides extremely high gain.

DC

Direct current, meaning current flowing in one direction and of a fixed value.

DEFLECTION YOKE

Electromagnetic coils around the neck of a cathode-ray tube. One set of coils deflects the electron beam horizontally and the other set deflects the beam vertically.

DIAGNOSTICS

A programmed routine for checking circuitry. For example: the self-test is a diagnostic routine.

DIODE

A semiconductor device that conducts in only one direction.

DISCRETE

Non-integrated components, such as resistors, capacitors, and transistors.

DMA

Direct memory access. DMA is a process of accessing memory that bypasses the microprocessor logic. DMA is normally used for transferring data between the input/output ports and memory.

DOWN TIME

The period during which a game is malfunctioning or not operating correctly due to machine failure.

EAROM

Electrically alterable read-only memory (see ROM). The EAROM is a memory that can be changed by the application of high voltage.

FLYBACK

A step-up transformer used in a display to provide the high voltage.

- 1. A circuit with one output that responds only when a certain combination of pulses is present at the inputs.
- 2. A circuit in which one signal switches another signal on and off.
- 3. To control the passage of a pulse or signal.

A prefabricated assembly of insulated wires and terminals ready to be attached to a piece of equipment.

HEXADECIMAL

A number system using the equivalent of the decimal number 16 as a base. The symbols 0-9 and A-F are usually used.

IMPLODE

To burst inward; the inward collapse of a vacuum tube.

Input/Output.

IRO

Interrupt request. IRQ is a control signal to the microprocessor that is generated by external logic. This signal tells the microprocessor that external logic needs attention. Depending on the program, the processor may or may not respond.

LED

The abbreviation for a light-emitting diode.

LOCKOUT COIL

Directs coins into the coin return box when there is no power to the game.

LOGIC STATE

The binary (1 or 0) value at the node of a logic element or integrated circuit during a particular time. Also called the logic level. The list below shows the voltage levels corresponding to the logic states (levels) in a TTL system.

Logic 0, Low = 0 VDC to +0.8 VDC Grey Area (Tri-State Level) = +0.8 VDC to +2.4 VDC

Logic 1, High = +2.4 VDC to +5 VDC

MULTIPLEXER

A device that takes several low-speed inputs and combines them into one high-speed data stream for simultaneous transmission on a single line.

NMI

Non-maskable interrupt. NMI is a request for service by the microprocessor from external logic. The microprocessor cannot ignore this interrupt request.

PAGE

A subsection of memory. A read-only memory device (see ROM) is broken into discrete blocks of data. These blocks are called pages. Each block has X number of bytes.

PCB

The abbreviation for a printed-circuit board.

PHOTOTRANSISTOR

A transistor that is activated by an external light source.

POTENTIOMETER

- 1. A resistor that has a continuously moving contact which is generally mounted on a moving shaft. Used chiefly as a voltage divider. Also called a pot (slang).
- 2. An instrument for measuring a voltage by balancing it against a known voltage.

RAM

Random-access memory. A device for the temporary storage of data.

RASTER-SCAN DISPLAY

A display system whereby images are displayed by continuously scanning the cathoderay tube horizontally and vertically with an electron beam. The display system controls the intensity of the electron beam.

RETRACE

In a raster-scan display, retrace is the time during which the cathode-ray tube electron beam is resetting either from right to left or from bottom to top.

A device designed to have a definite amount of resistance. Used in circuits to limit current flow or to provide a voltage drop.

ROM

Read-only memory. A device for the permanent storage of data.

SIGNATURE ANALYSIS

A process of isolating digital logic faults at the component level by means of special test equipment called signature analyzers. Basically, signature analyzers

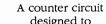
(e.g., the ATARI® CAT Box) convert lengthy bit streams into four-digit hexadecimal signatures. The signature read by the analyzer at each circuit node is then compared with the known good signature for that node. This process continues until a fault is located.

TROUBLESHOOT

The process of locating and repairing a

VECTOR

A line segment drawn between specific X and Y coordinates on a cathode-ray



WATCHDOG

designed to protect the microprocessor

> self-destruction if a program malfunction occurs. If a malfunction does occur, the counter applies continuous pulses to the reset line of the microprocessor, which causes the microprocessor to keep resetting.

from

X-Y DISPLAY

A display system whereby images are displayed with vectors.

ZENER DIODE

A special diode used as a regulator. Its main characteristic is breaking down at a specified reverse-bias (Zener) voltage.

Warranty

Seller warrants that its printed-circuit boards and parts thereon are free from defects in material and workmanship under normal use and service for a period of ninety (90) days from date of shipment. Seller warrants that its video displays and laser-video disc players (in games supplied with displays and video-disc players) are free from defects in material and workmanship under normal use and service for a period of thirty (30) days from date of shipment. None of the Seller's other products or parts thereof are warranted.

If the products described in this manual fail to conform to this warranty, Seller's sole liability shall be, at its option, to repair, replace, or credit Buyer's account for such products which are returned to Seller during said warranty period, provided:

- (a) Seller is promptly notified in writing upon discovery by Buyer that said products are defective;
- (b) Such products are returned prepaid to Seller's plant; and
- (c) Seller's examination of said products discloses to Seller's satisfaction that such alleged defects existed and were not caused by accident, misuse, neglect, alteration, improper repair, installation, or improper testing.

In no event shall Seller be liable for loss of profits, loss of use, incidental or consequential damages.

Except for any express warranty set forth in a written contract between Seller and Buyer which contract supersedes the terms herein, this warranty is expressed in lieu of all other warranties expressed or implied, including the implied warranties of merchantability and fitness for a particular purpose, and of all other obligations or liabilities on the Seller's part, and it neither assumes nor authorizes any other person to assume for the Seller any other liabilities in connection with the sale of products by Seller.

The use of any non-Atari parts may void your warranty, according to the terms of the warranty. The use of any non-Atari parts may also adversely affect the safety of your game and cause injury to you and others. Be very cautious in using non-Atari-supplied components with our games, in order to ensure your safety.

Atari distributors are independent, being privately owned and operated. In their judgment they may sell parts or accessories other than Atari parts or accessories. Atari Games Corporation cannot be responsible for the quality, suitability or safety of any non-Atari part or any modification including labor which is performed by such distributor.

