



Service Manual

Complete with Schematic and Illustrated Parts Lists

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- (b) Such products are returned prepaid to Sellers' plant; and
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Matsushita 19-Inch Color Raster Display Service Manual

Complete with Schematic and Illustrated Parts Lists

Display manufactured by Matsushita Electric Industrial Co., Ltd.
Television Products Department
Osaka, Japan



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Use of non-ATARI parts or modifications of your ATARI game circuitry may adversely affect the safety of your game, and may cause injury to you and your players.

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- you modify or alter any circuits in your ATARI game by using kits or parts not supplied by Atari.

Not only may the use of any non-ATARI parts void your warranty, but any such alteration may also adversely affect the safety of your game and may cause injury to you and your players.

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1 Warnings and Cautions

This color raster display has been built to Atari specifications by Matsushita Electric Industrial Co., Ltd. This display is contained within a separate chassis inside the game cabinet. The Main printed-circuit board (PCB) is mounted to the display chassis under the cathode-ray tube (CRT). The Video Amplifier PCB and Deflection PCB are mounted to the rear of the display chassis with the Video Amplifier PCB located above the Deflection PCB. The CRT PCB is attached to the neck pins of the CRT. The Degaussing PCB is mounted to the left side of the CRT neck, just behind the Video Amplifier PCB and Deflection PCB. Input signals for the display are supplied through a 6-pin connector on the Video Amplifier PCB.

A. Before You Start

Never attempt to work on a display until you are familiar with servicing precautions and procedures necessary for high-voltage equipment. Remember, any video display has at least three sources of possible danger:

- Strong electric shock, due to high voltage or AC line voltage
- X-ray radiation (if the display is out of adjustment)
- Implosion

Therefore, never modify any circuit in this display.

Perform servicing on a video display only after you are thoroughly familiar with all warnings and safety measures given in this chapter.

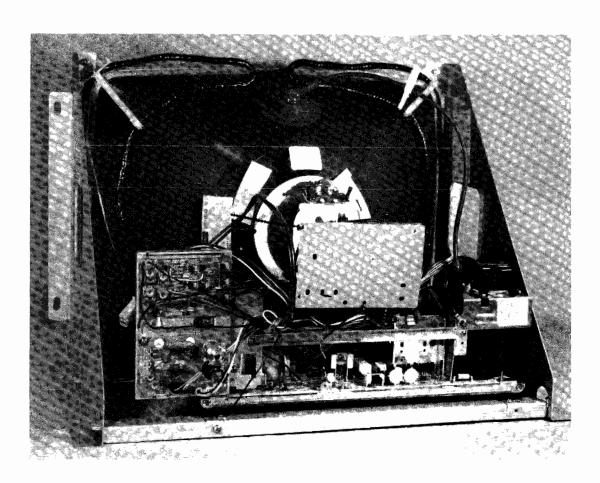


Figure 1 Overview of Matsushita 19-Inch Color Raster Display



WARNINGS -



High-Voltage

This display contains high voltages capable of delivering lethal quantities of energy. To avoid danger, do not attempt to service the chassis until you have observed all precautions necessary for working on high-voltage equipment.

X-Radiation

This chassis has been designed for minimum X-radiation hazard. However, to avoid possible exposure to soft X-radiation, it is imperative that you never modify the high-voltage circuitry.

Implosion Hazard

If you drop the display and the cathode-ray tube breaks, it will implode! Shattered glass and the yoke assembly can fly 6 feet or more from the implosion. Use care when replacing any display.

B. Safety Measures

Good safety habits will allow you to automatically take the proper precautions, even if you are rushed. Whenever you work on a display, always ground the chassis first. Also, use only one hand. This avoids the possibility of carelessly putting one hand on the chassis or ground and the other on an electrical connection. Doing so could cause a severe electrical shock.

If you service the Matsushita 19-Inch Color Raster Display on a test bench, use an isolation transformer or the power supply that came with the game. (Refer to the parts lists within the game manual for the Atari part number of the Power Supply Assembly for Color Raster Games.) Do not use line voltage or a power supply from a black-and-white game, because the voltages produced by those sources will damage this display.

To prevent fire or shock hazard, never expose this display to moisture.

Periodically check for frayed insulation on the wires within the display. If frayed wires are found, replace them with the same gauge, insulation type, thickness and length of wire. Always observe the original lead dress (routing and length of harness wires).

Use extra precaution in the high-voltage circuitry areas of the display. If a short circuit occurs, replace any components that indicate they may have overheated.

C. Cathode-Ray Tube Handling

Wear safety goggles and heavy gloves for protection whenever you handle a cathode-ray tube (CRT). Keep other people away if they are not wearing safety goggles. Never lift the CRT only by the neck; the neck should only be used to guide the lifting process.

Use extreme care when handling the CRT! Rough handling may cause it to implode. Do not nick or scratch the glass or subject any undue pressure upon the tube at any time.

If servicing the CRT, discharge the high voltage on the anode connection to chassis ground—not to the cabinet or other mounting parts. When discharging the anode, go from ground to the anode connection with a well-insulated 20-kV jumper. Allow two minutes to pass and discharge the anode again.

D. Replace with Proper Components

Maintain the specified values of all components within the display. Failure to do so could cause a rise in the high voltage.

The cathode-ray tube of this display employs integral implosion protection. For continued safety, replace it only with a tube of the same type number. Refer to the parts lists in Chapter 8 of this manual. For continued product safety, use only exact replacement parts, especially for those parts identified in the parts lists with the

symbol and on the schematic diagrams with shading.

E. Final Testing Before Reinstalling Display

Before reinstalling this color display into the game, you must check the following:

- 1. Inspect all harness wiring within the display area. Be sure no wires or cables are pinched between the cabinet and other parts in the display.
- 2. Replace all protective devices such as insulating fishpaper, compartment covers, and shields.
- 3. Perform the *Horizontal Oscillator Disable Circuit Test* given in Chapter 7.

2 Specifications

A. Power Input and Consumption

Line Voltage 120 VAC, within + 10% and

-15%; or 145 VDC, within \pm 5% (Atari, Inc. will specify the type of input voltage at the

time of purchase.)

Line Frequency 47 to 63 Hz

Power Consumption 150 W maximum

B. Temperature and Humidity

Ambient Air 0° to $+55^{\circ}$ C (+32° to

Temperature + 151°F)

Environmental 10–90%, noncondensing

Humidity

C. Current and Voltages

| CRT Anode Current (Average) | <700 μA |
|-----------------------------|--|
| High Voltage | $+26.5 \text{ kV} \pm 1.5 \text{ kV}$ |
| B + 1 | + 180 V, within $\pm 1.0 \text{ V}$ |
| B + 2 | + 123 V, within ± 0.5 V (adjustable) |
| B+3 | $+20$ V, within ± 2.0 V |
| B+4 | + 12 V, within ± 1.0 V |
| CRT Heater Voltage | ± 6.4 V, within ± 0.2 VAC (RMS) |

D. CRT Specifications

Convergence Tolerance:

At Screen Center 0.25 mm (0.4 mm total) maxi-

mum misconvergence

At Screen Edges 0.5 mm (0.7 mm total) maxi-

mum misconvergence

Color Purity: Practically uniform throughout

the screen area after degaussing with a hand-held degauss-

ing coil.

Scan Rates:

Horizontal 15.750 kHz, within ± 400 Hz

Vertical 60 Hz, within ± 5 Hz

CRT Type: #510TFB22AW, 19-inch, 90°

Tilt of Deflection Declination of a horizontal line

Yoke: is within 0.10 inch (2.54 mm)

of CRT center markers.

E. Connectors

6-Pin Connector for Video Signals:

Pin 1 Not Used

Pin 2 Sync (negative composite)

Pin 3 Ground
Pin 4 Blue
Pin 5 Green
Pin 6 Red

2-Pin Connector for Power:

Pin 1 120 VAC Pin 2 120 VAC

F. Monitor Input Signals

RGB Video Input Signals The red, green, and blue input signals are at test points N1, N2, and N3 of the Video Amplifier PCB. Waveshape and polarity are as shown in Figure

Sync Signal

The composite synchronization (Sync) signal of horizontal and vertical pulses is at test point D33 of the Main PCB. Sync amplitude is 1–5 volts peak-to-peak with a negative polarity. Pulse width is 3–5 μ s horizontally and over 190.5 μ s vertically.



Figure 2 RGB Video Input Signals

G. Pattern Size

You should be able to reproduce the patterns as shown in Figure 3.

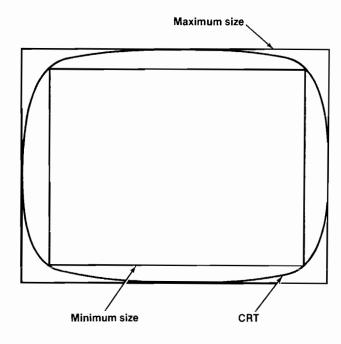


Figure 3 Display Pattern Sizes

3 Control Adjustments



- WARNING -



Remember to observe the precautions regarding high voltages when making adjustments to this display!

NOTE =

Before making any of the following adjustments, turn on the display and allow it to warm up for at least 5 minutes.

A. Brightness

BRIGHT control, R344, should be adjusted if the picture image is either too bright or too dark. Figure 4 shows the location of the BRIGHT control on the Video Amplifier printed-circuit board (PCB).

- 1. Place the game in the attract or play mode.
- 2. Using the BRIGHT control shown in Figure 4, adjust the display for a pleasing level of brightness.

- NOTE -

Too high a brightness level will cause the retrace lines to show; too low a level will cause the entire screen to be dark and obscure.

Do not use the SCREEN control to adjust the display brightness.

B. Contrast

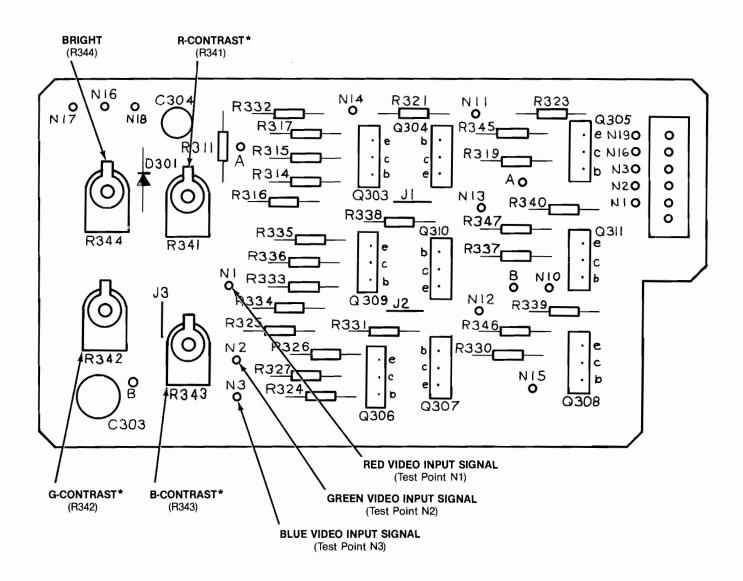
R-CONTRAST R341, G-CONTRAST R342, or B-CONTRAST R343 are not operator-adjustable controls. These controls are set at the factory.

C. Horizontal Hold

The H-HOLD control should be adjusted if the picture is drifting sideways across the screen. Figure 5 shows the location of H-HOLD control R505 on the Main PCB. Adjust this control until the black lines no longer slant sideways and a normal screen image is obtained.

D. Vertical Hold

The V-HOLD control should be adjusted if the picture drifts straight up or down on the screen. Figure 5 shows the location of V-HOLD control R402 on the Main PCB. Turn this control until the picture no longer drifts up or down on the screen.



^{*}NOTE: The contrast controls are not operator adjustable.

Figure 4 Adjustable Controls and Test Points on Video Amplifier PCB

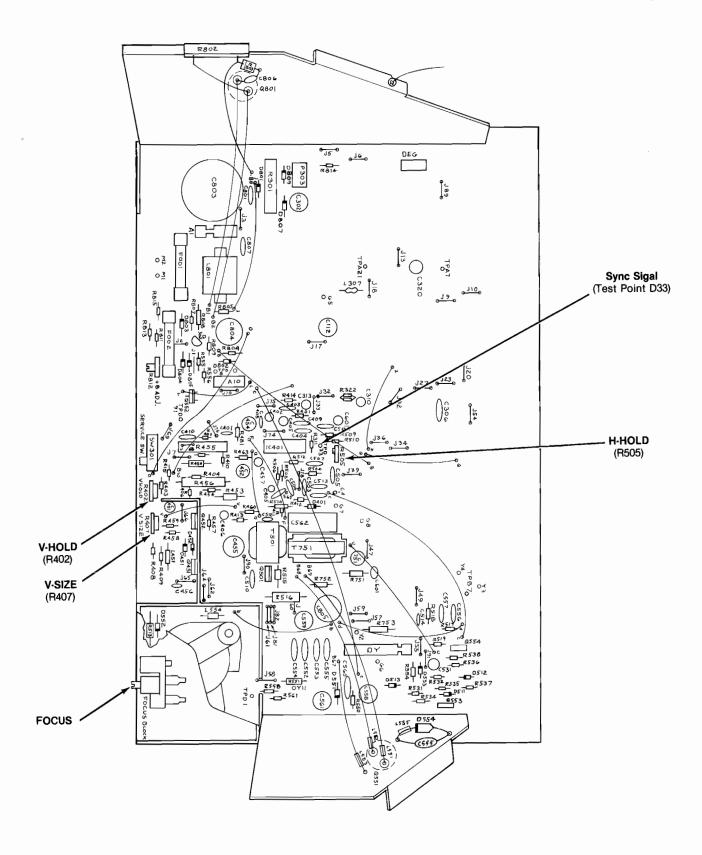


Figure 5 Adjustable Controls and Test Points on Main PCB

E. Horizontal Positioning

The H-POSITION control should be adjusted if the video picture is not centered across the screen, as indicated by a black area at either the left or the right edge of the screen. Figure 6 shows the location of H-POSITION control R523 on the Deflection PCB. Adjust this control until a normal screen image is obtained.

F. Vertical Positioning

V-POSITION jumper D3 should be reset if the video picture is not vertically centered on the screen. Figure 6 shows the location of the V-POSITION jumper on the Deflection PCB. If the picture is too high on the screen, set D3 to pins 1 and 2. If the picture is too low, set D3 to pins 4 and 5.

G. Horizontal Size

The H-SIZE coil should be adjusted if the screen raster is either too wide or narrow. Figure 6 shows the location of H-SIZE control L557 on the Deflection PCB. Adjust the H-SIZE control as follows:

 Set the game for the self-test diagnostic pattern that displays the convergence grid and dots. (Refer to the game manual for detailed procedures on selecting the self-test patterns.) Use only a non-metallic Allen wrench (commonly called a "tweaking tool") to adjust the H-SIZE coil until the right and left grid lines run along the edges of the screen. These grid lines should not be positioned off the screen, which would indicate overscanning.

H. Vertical Size

The V-SIZE control should be adjusted if the screen image is either not filling the screen vertically, or if it is overscanning the screen vertically. Figure 5 shows the location of V-SIZE control R407 on the Main PCB. Adjust the V-SIZE control as follows:

- Set the game for the self-test diagnostic pattern that displays the convergence grid and dots. (Refer to the game manual for detailed procedures on selecting the self-test patterns.)
- 2. Adjust V-SIZE control R407 until the top and bottom grid lines are along the top and bottom edges of the screen. These grid lines should not disappear off the edges of the screen, which would indicate overscanning.

I. Focus

The FOCUS control should be adjusted if the CRT screen image is not sharply defined. The FOCUS control is attached to the top of the flyback transformer, as shown in Figure 5. Turn this control until you get optimum screen sharpness.

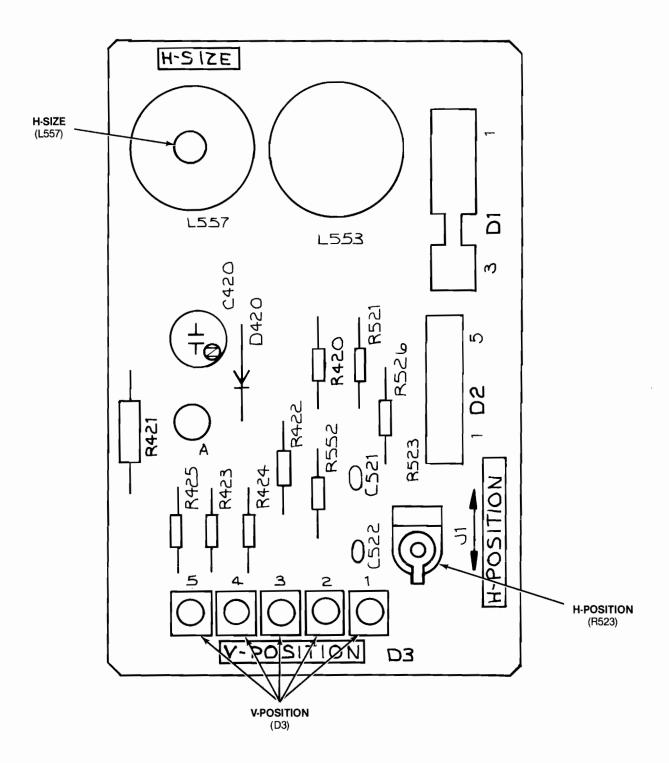


Figure 6 Adjustable Controls on Deflection PCB

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4 Signal Test Points

A. RGB Signals

The red, green, and blue signals can be checked at points N1 (red), N2 (green), and N3 (blue). These test points are located on the Video Amplifier printed-circuit board (PCB) as shown in Figure 4 of this manual. The red, green, and blue input signals are illustrated in Figure 2.

B. Sync Signal

The negative composite synchronization (Sync) signal can be checked at test point D33 of the Main PCB as shown in Figure 5. The amplitude is 1 to 5 V peak-to-peak. Pulse width for the horizontal sync component is 3 to 5 μ s; pulse width for the vertical sync component is more than 190.5 μ s.

5 Details of Operation

A basic block diagram of the circuitry within this display is shown in Figure 7. Refer to Figure 7 and the schematic diagrams given in Figures 8 through 16 throughout the following discussion.

A. Sync Separator

The sychronization (Sync) signal at pin 2 of the 6-pin connector is a negative composite signal from the game circuitry. (Refer to Figure 8 for a schematic diagram of the sync separator circuitry.) This signal contains both the vertical and horizontal synchronization pulses for the display. The Sync signal is applied through C310 and R322 to the two-stage sync separator at pin 17 of IC401.

B. Vertical and Horizontal Amplifiers

The composite Sync signal from the two-stage sync separator exits at pin 18 of IC401. (Refer to Figure 9 for a schematic diagram of the vertical amplifier.) This signal is passed through double integrator R401-C403-C402-R414 to the input of the vertical oscillator (pin 8 of IC401).

V-HOLD control R402 sets the DC operating level for the vertical oscillator. The output signal from the vertical oscillator (pin 5 of IC401) is modified with the vertical size information from V-SIZE R407 and applied to the Vertical Drive Amplifier at pin 4 of IC401. Final amplification for the vertical deflection signal is provided by Q451-Q452. From here the signal is applied to the deflection yoke of the CRT.

The horizontal Sync signal is also developed from the output signal of the second-stage sync separator. (Refer to Figure 10 for a schematic diagram of the horizontal amplifier circuitry.) This signal is applied to the phase detector within IC401. The DC oscillator frequencycontrol votage at pin 16 of IC401 is coupled to the horizontal oscillator through R512 at pin 14 of IC401. H-HOLD control R505 sets the DC operating level for the horizontal oscillator. The output signal from the horizontal oscillator is applied through the horizontal output amplifier of IC401 to pin 12 of IC401. This signal is then applied across R503 to the base of horizontal drive transistor Q501, which provides drive to the primary of transformer T501. The horizontal signal is coupled into the secondary of T501 and applied across R515 to the base of Q551. After final amplification by Q551, the horizontal deflection signal is applied to the deflection yoke of the CRT.

NOTE =

Shaded parts of figures in this chapter are not part of the circuitry being discussed.

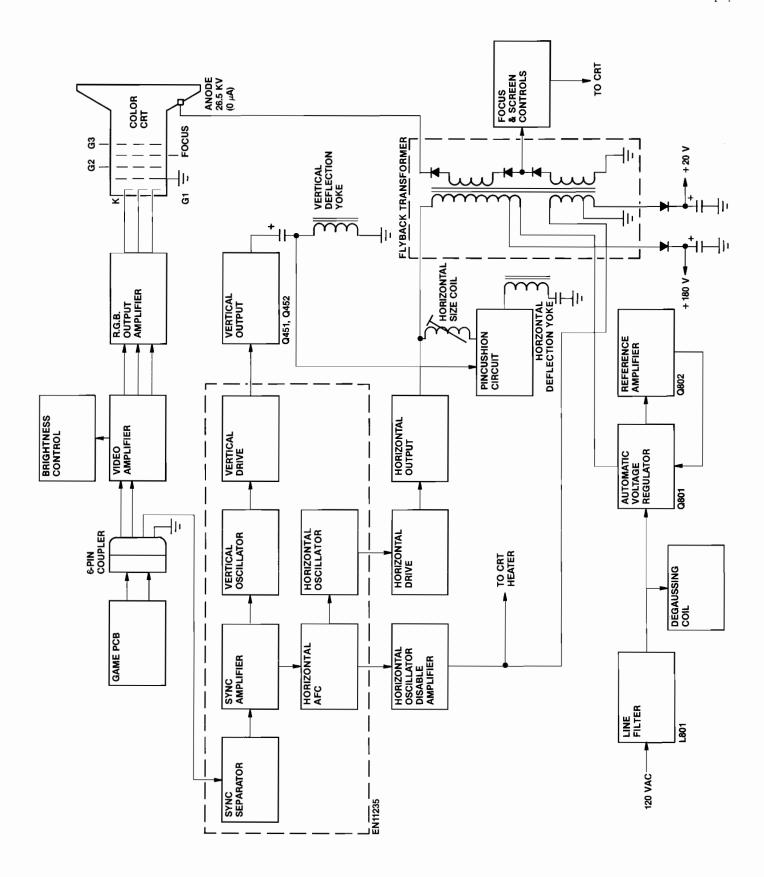


Figure 7 Block Diagram of the Matsushita 19-Inch Color Raster Display

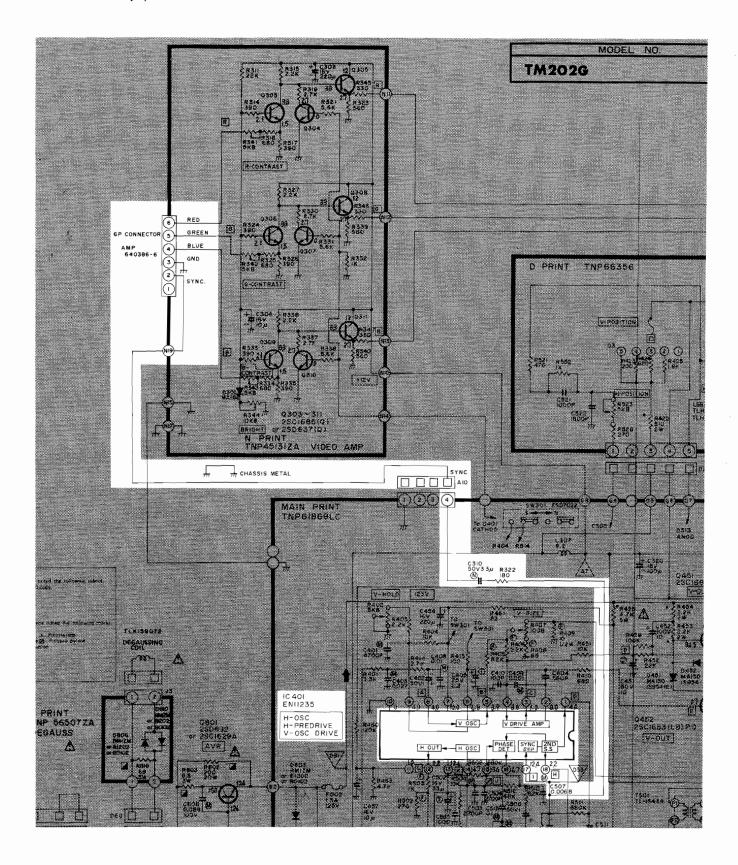


Figure 8 Sync Separator Schematic Diagram

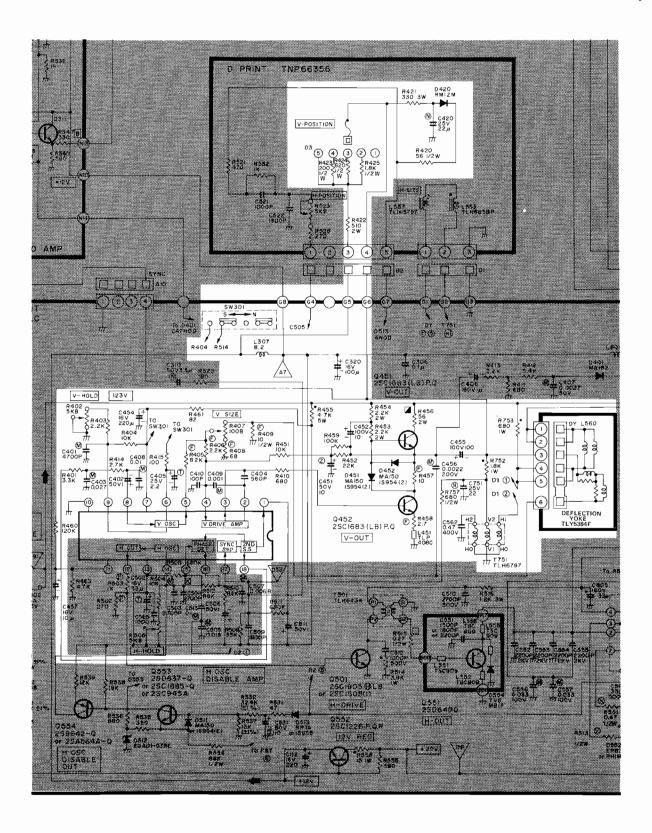


Figure 9 Vertical Amplifier Schematic Diagram

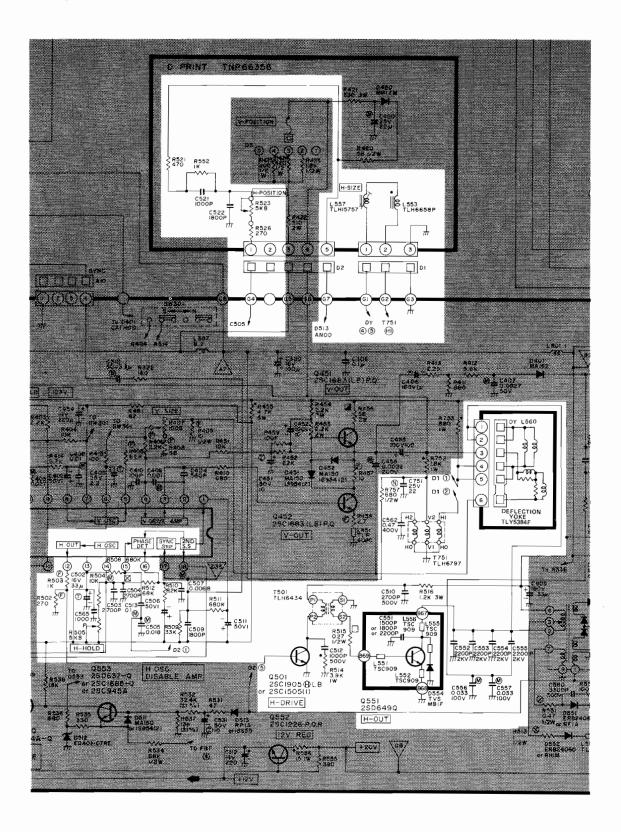


Figure 10 Horizontal Amplifier Schematic Diagram

C. Horizontal Oscillator Disable Circuit

The horizontal oscillator disable circuit turns off the horizontal oscillator within IC401 if the CRT heater voltage rises above + 10 volts. (Refer to Figure 11 for a schematic diagram of the horizontal oscillator disable circuitry.) The CRT heater voltage at Y11 of the Main PCB is rectified by diode D513 and applied through R531-R532 to the base of Q553. When the CRT heater voltage rises above + 10 volts, Q553 will conduct. This turns on Q554 and kills the horizontal oscillator via pin 14 of IC401.

D. Z Amplifiers (Red, Green, and Blue)

NOTE -

Because the Red, Green, and Blue Amplifiers are similar in operation, only the Blue will be discussed here.

The blue intensity signal from the game circuitry is applied from pin 4 of the 6-pin connector to pin N3 of the Video Amplifier PCB. (Refer to Figure 12 for a schematic diagram of the blue Z amplifier.) From here the blue intensity signal is applied across B-CONTRAST control R343 and resistor R334 to common-base transistor Q309. Variable resistor R344, the BRIGHT control, sets the DC operating level for the input transistors of all three Z amplifiers. Transistor Q310 is the blanking transistor for the blue input amplifier. From the collector of Q309, the blue intensity signal is buffered by Q311 and applied across R347 to the base of blue output amplifier Q351 on the CRT PCB. After final amplification by Q351, the signal is applied through R354 to control the blue-cathode gun of the CRT. B-LOW LIGHT adjustment R360 sets the cutoff characteristics of Q351. B-DRIVE adjustment R363 sets the gain of this stage.

E. Blanking

Positive-going vertical and horizontal blanking pulses are derived from the vertical and horizontal deflection signals. (Refer to Figure 13 for a schematic diagram of the blanking circuitry.) The vertical blanking pulse is AC coupled from the vertical output stage through C406. The horizontal blanking pulse is derived from the horizontal output stage through resistors R518 and R517. During retrace, the blanking pulses turn on blanking transistors Q304, Q307, and Q310. The voltage drops at the bases of buffer transistors Q305, Q308, and

Q311 are transferred to the RGB output amplifiers on the CRT board. These voltage drops turn off the RGB output amplifiers.

F. High Voltage

The high voltage is developed by horizontal output transistor Q551 and high-voltage transformer T551. (Refer to Figure 14 for a schematic diagram of the high-voltage circuitry.) When Q551 is turned off, an 800-volt pulse is developed across the primary of T551. This pulse is stepped-up in the secondary and rectified by the internal tripler to produce 26 kilovolts for the anode of the CRT.

Other voltages are also produced by the transformer. Theses are the Video B + (180 volts), the low voltage (20 volts), and the CRT filament voltage (6.4 VAC).

G. Line Input and Degaussing

Line voltage of 120 VAC is applied through AC fuse F001 and line-filter L801 to both the degaussing network and the rectifier. When cool, D808 permits current to flow through the degaussing coil. However, after D808 heats up, current is removed from the degaussing coil, rendering it inoperative.

The rectifier is composed of D801. This rectifier converts the AC input voltage into an unfiltered DC voltage. Capacitor C803 filters out AC ripple.

H. + 123-Volt Regulated Supply

The +123-volt regulated supply provides operating power to circuitry throughout the display. (Refer to Figure 16 for a schematic diagram of the +123-volt regulated supply.) The regulator for the +123-volt regulated supply is a feedback amplifier system that operates between ground and the rectified DC voltage. Current to the load is delivered by series-pass transistor Q801. The supply voltage is established by the voltage drop across resistive-divider network R811-R812-R813-R815 at the base of Q802.

Feedback at the base of Q802 is immediately coupled to Q801. Any variation in the supply output voltage (due to changing load requirements) causes Q802 to modify the biasing current of Q801. This nullifies the change in the supply output voltage.

DC fuse F002 provides circuit protection in the event of an overload or regulator malfunction.

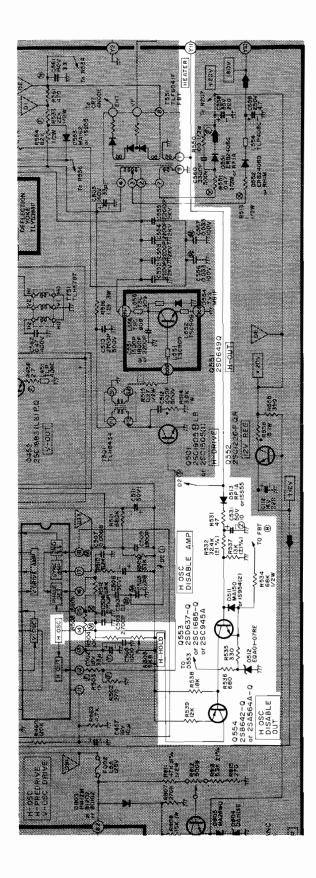


Figure 11 Horizontal Oscillator Disable Circuit Schematic Diagram

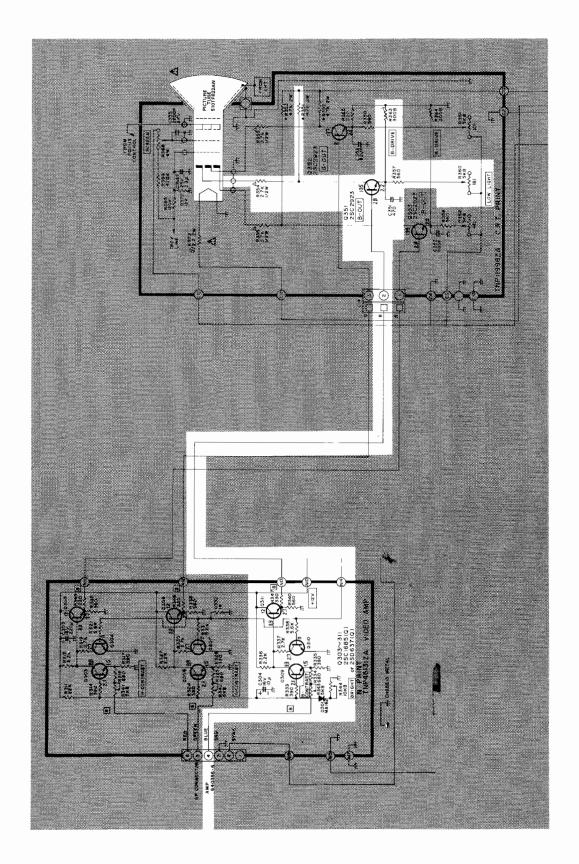


Figure 12 Blue Z Amplifier Schematic Diagram

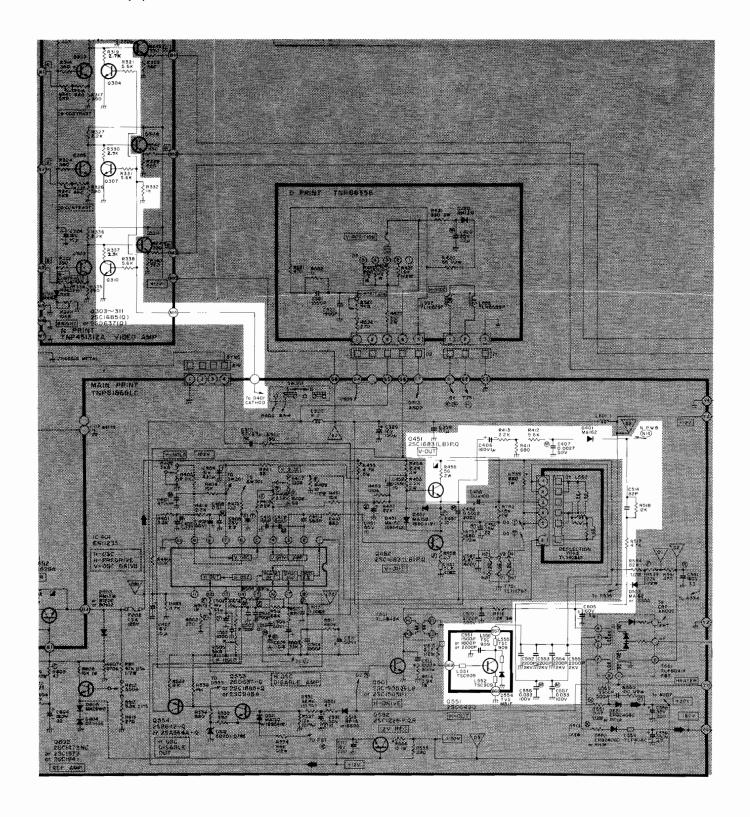


Figure 13 Blanking Schematic Diagram

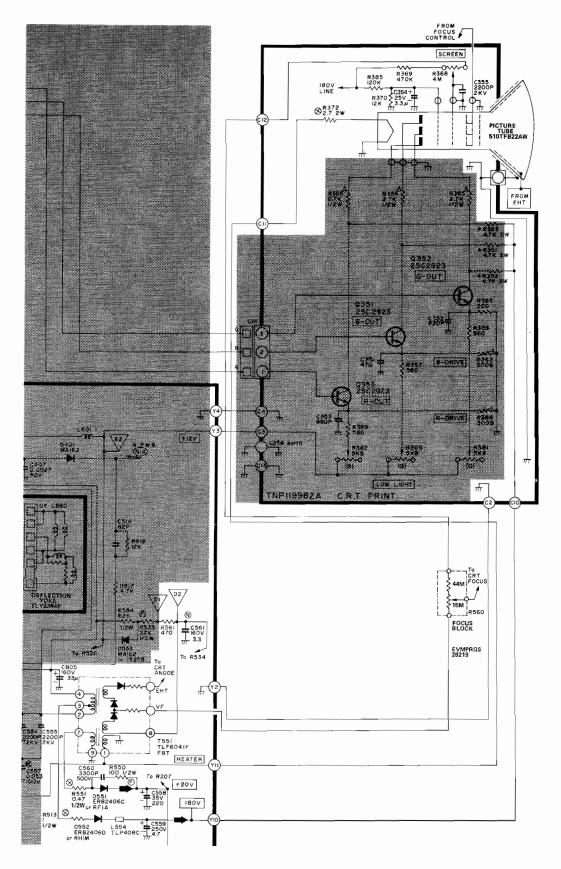


Figure 14 High-Voltage Schematic Diagram

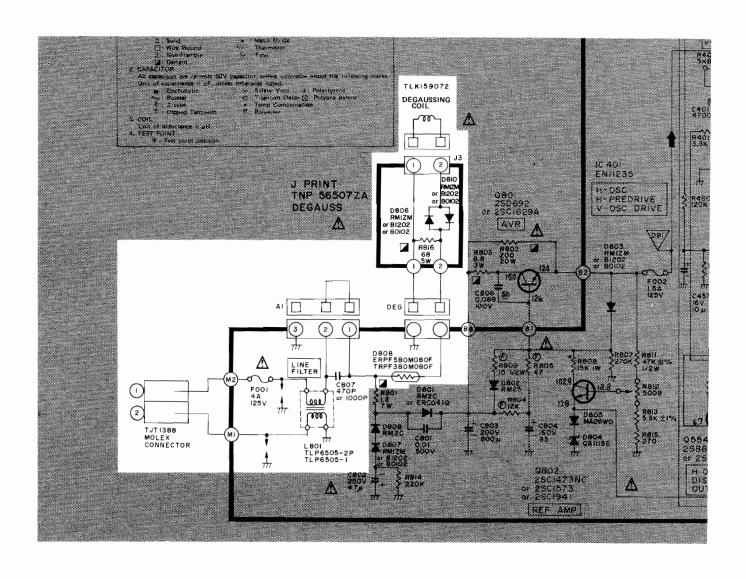


Figure 15 Line Input and Degaussing Schematic Diagram

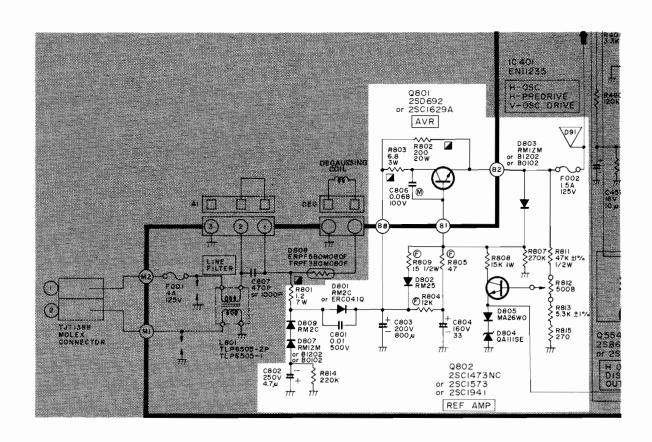
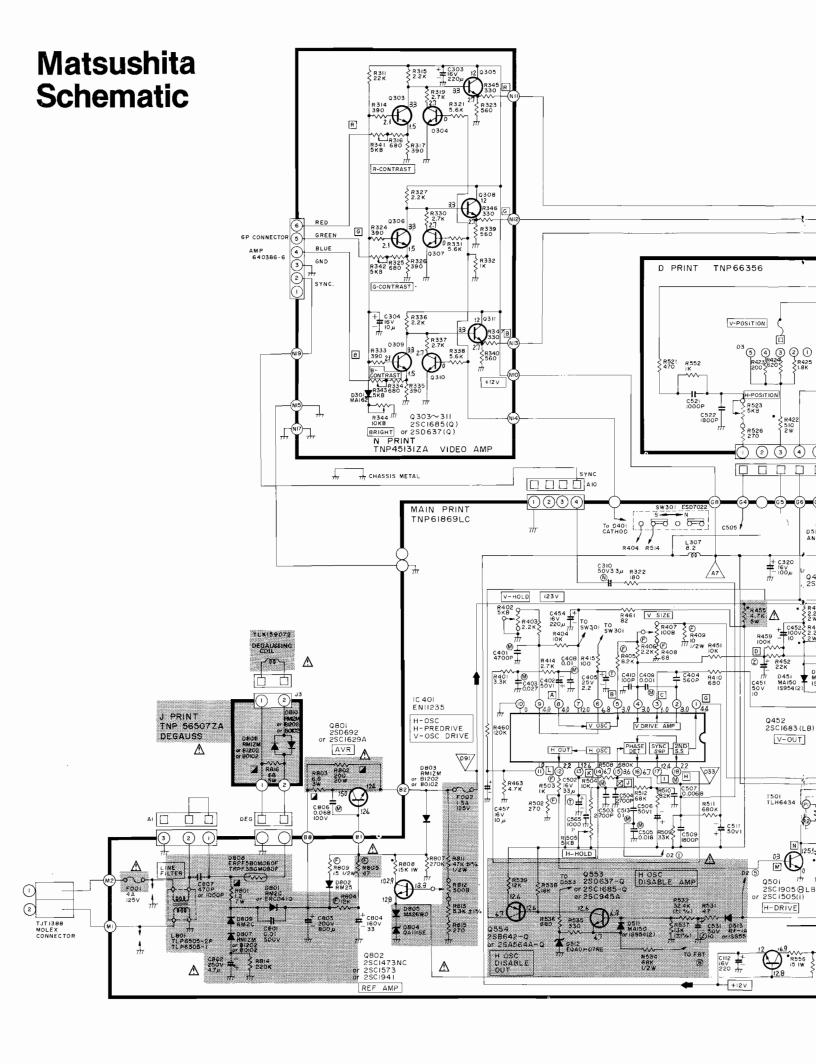
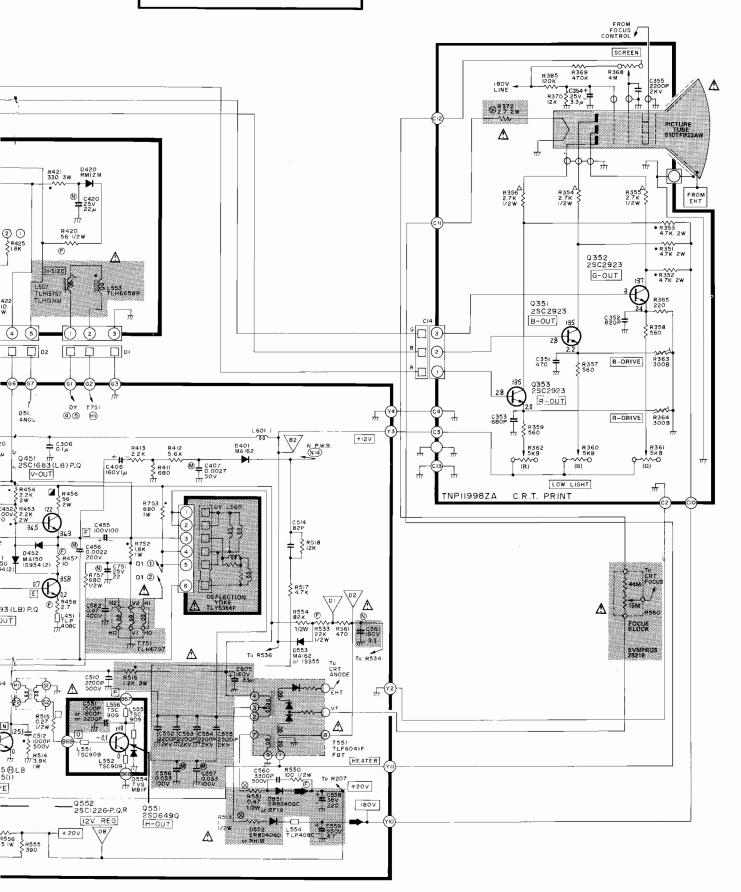


Figure 16 + 123-Volt Regulated Supply Schematic Diagram



▲ WARNING ₄

Components identified by shading have special characteristics important to safety and should be replaced only with identical types.



6 Repair



- WARNING -



Before removing or installing any component of this display, always disconnect the power source! Observe the precautions regarding high voltages and cathode-ray tube handling when servicing this display.

Tools Required to Replace These Assemblies: $\frac{1}{16}$ -inch hex socket wrench, Phillips-head screwdriver, and a soldering iron.

A. Cathode-Ray Tube Replacement

■ NOTE

You must readjust the Brightness and perform the purity and convergence adjustment procedures whenever the cathode-ray tube is replaced.

- 1. Disconnect the 6-pin video-signal connector from the Video Amplifier printed-circuit board (PCB).
- 2. Remove the display assembly from the game as described in the game manual.
- Discharge the high voltage from the cathode-ray tube (CRT) as follows:
 - a. Attach one end of a large, well-insulated, 20-kV jumper to ground.
 - Momentarily touch the free end of the grounded jumper to the anode by sliding it under the anode cap.
 - c. Wait two minutes.
 - d. Discharge the anode again.
 - e. Carefully remove the large high-voltage anode connector from the CRT.
- Unplug the 1-wire connector from pin CRT E of the CRT PCB.
- 5. Unplug the CRT PCB from the rear of the cathoderay tube.
- 6. Unplug the degaussing coil 2-pin connector from the Degaussing PCB.
- 7. Unplug the 4-wire connector attaching the yoke wires to the Main PCB.

- 8. Use a \%_6-inch hex socket wrench to remove the four screws holding the CRT to the steel frame chassis.
- Carefully remove the CRT by easing it out the front of the chassis.
- Place the cathode-ray tube on a soft mat in a protected location.
- 11. To install a CRT, reverse the order of this procedure.

B. Yoke Replacement

• NOTE •

You must reconverge the picture and readjust the color purity whenever the yoke is replaced.

- 1. Disconnect the 6-pin video-signal connector from the Video Amplifier printed-circuit board (PCB).
- 2. Remove the display assembly from the game as described in the game manual.
- 3. Discharge the high voltage from the CRT using the procedure given in step 3 under *A. Cathode-Ray Tube Replacement*.
- 4. Unplug the CRT PCB from the neck pins of the CRT.
- 5. Remove the cloth tapes securing the three rubber wedges beneath the yoke collar.
- 6. Use a thin knife or a single-edged razor blade to carefully loosen the three rubber wedges from the CRT surface.
- 7. Use a Phillips-head screwdriver and your fingers to loosen the scews that secure the two neck clamps around the CRT.
- Slide the magnet assembly and the yoke assembly off the end of the CRT.
- 9. To replace a yoke assembly, reverse the order of this procedure.

C. Flyback Transformer Replacement

- 1. Disconnect the 6-pin video-signal connector from the Video Amplifier printed-circuit board (PCB).
- 2. Remove the display assembly from the cabinet as described in the game manual.
- 3. Discharge the high voltage from the CRT as described in step 3 under A. Cathode-Ray Tube Replacement.
- Remove the rubber cap from the white wire connected to the focus assembly on the Main PCB. Unsolder this wire from the focus assembly.

- 5. Remove the tape from the three wires (red, black, and white) that go to the focus assembly.
- Open the white twist-and-tie wire holder and remove the white wire.
- Use a Phillips-head screwdriver to remove the screw securing the focus assembly. Remove the focus assembly.
- 8. Remove the two screws that secure the housing for the flyback transformer.
- 9. Remove the Main PCB following the procedure beginning at step 4 of *G. Main PCB Replacement*.
- 10. Remove the three screws securing the transformer to the Main PCB.
- 11. Unsolder the eight transformer connections on the bottom side of the Main PCB.
- 12. Lift the transformer from its housing.
- 13. Replace the transformer by reversing this procedure. Be sure to check the picture for sharpness after the transformer is replaced. If appropriate, readjust the FOCUS.

D. Video Amplifier PCB Replacement

- Disconnect the 6-pin video-signal connector from the Video Amplifier printed-circuit board (PCB).
- 2. Remove the display assembly from the cabinet as described in the game manual.
- 3. Discharge the high voltage from the CRT as described in step 3 under *A. Cathode-Ray Tube Replacement*.
- 4. Use a Phillips-head screwdriver to remove the screw securing the Video Amplifier PCB to the chassis.
- 5. Slide the Video Amplifier PCB toward the Deflection PCB and remove it from the display.
- 6. To replace the Video Amplifier PCB, reverse the order of this procedure.

E. Deflection PCB Replacement

- Disconnect the 6-pin video-signal connector from the Video Amplifier printed-circuit board (PCB).
- 2. Remove the display assembly from the cabinet as described in the game manual.
- 3. Discharge the high voltage from the CRT as described in step 3 under *A. Cathode-Ray Tube Replacement*.

- 4. Using a Phillips-head screwdriver, remove the two screws securing the Deflection PCB to the chassis.
- 5. Slide the Deflection PCB toward the Video Amplifier PCB and remove it from the display.
- 6. To replace the Deflection PCB, reverse the order of this procedure.

F. CRT PCB Replacement

- 1. Disconnect the 6-pin video-signal connector from the Video Amplifier printed-circuit board (PCB).
- 2. Remove the display assembly from the cabinet as described in the game manual.
- 3. Discharge the high voltage from the CRT as described in step 3 under A. Cathode-Ray Tube Replacement.
- Gently pull the CRT PCB from the neck pins of the CRT.
- To replace the CRT PCB, reverse the order of this procedure.

G. Main PCB Replacement

- 1. Disconnect the 6-pin video-signal connector from the Video Amplifier printed-circuit board (PCB).
- Remove the display assembly from the cabinet as described in the game manual.
- Discharge the high voltage from the CRT as described in step 3 under A. Cathode-Ray Tube Replacement.
- 4. Unplug the CRT PCB from the neck pins of the CRT.
- Use a Phillips-head screwdriver to remove the screw securing the black ground wire to the chassis frame at the rear of the display.
- Use a Phillips-head screwdriver to remove the two screws securing the Main PCB to the black plastic spacers at the rear of the display.
- 7. Gently pull the Main PCB out the rear of the chassis.

- NOTE -

The Video Amplifier PCB, Deflection PCB, and Degaussing PCB are mounted on a frame that is attached to the Main PCB; therefore, these circuit boards will come with the Main PCB when the Main PCB is removed.

8. To replace the Main PCB, reverse the order of this procedure.

H. Degaussing PCB Replacement

- 1. Disconnect the 6-pin video-signal connector from the Video Amplifier PCB.
- 2. Remove the display assembly from the cabinet as described in the game manual.
- 3. Discharge the high voltage from the CRT as described in step 3 under *A. Cathode-Ray Tube Replacement*.
- 4. Using a Phillips-head screwdriver, remove the two screws securing the Degaussing PCB to the chassis.
- 5. To replace the Degaussing PCB, reverse the order of this procedure.

7 Adjustments and Testing

WARNING =



Remember to observe the precautions regarding high voltages when making adjustments on this display!

Before adjusting the display, remove the display assembly from the game using the procedure given in the game manual. Leave connected all cables between the display assembly and other parts of the game.

A. Video B + Adjustment

- Set BRIGHT control R344 on the Video Amplifier PCB for maximum brightness. Refer to Figure 4 for the location of the BRIGHT control.
- 2. Remove power from the display.
- 3. Set a DC voltmeter to the 0-volt to +150-volt range.
- 4. Connect the plus lead of the voltmeter to test point D91, which is shown in Figure 17.
- Apply power to the display.
- 6. Adjust R812 on the Main PCB, shown in Figure 17, for a voltmeter reading of + 123 volts.
- 7. Return BRIGHT control R344 to its normal setting.

B. Purity Adjustments

NOTE -

The convergence adjustments must be performed after completion of the purity adjustments.

- Set up the display for the purity adjustments as follows:
 - a. Remove power from the display.
 - Loosen the screws that are used to tighten the deflection yoke and convergence-magnet assembly clamps to the neck of the cathode-ray tube (CRT).

- c. Remove any glue that may be holding the purity magnets in place.
- d. Remove the cloth tapes securing the three rubber wedges beneath the deflection yoke of the CRT. Use a razor blade or thin knife to loosen any glue holding the rubber wedges to the CRT surface. Remove these wedges.
- e. Position the display so that the CRT faces either north or south. Degauss the CRT with a handheld degaussing coil.
- f. Apply power to the display.
- 2. Position the convergence-magnet assembly so that the purity rings shown in Figure 18 are positioned directly over the gap in the cathode-ray tube gun assembly. This is about two inches forward from the start of the neck glass.
- Secure the convergence-magnet assembly in position by tightening the neck-clamp mounting screw.
- 4. Set the game to display the self-test diagnostic pattern that shows a vertical and horizontal crosshatch with all three colors. This may appear as a white crosshatch pattern on the screen. (Refer to the Self-Test Procedures within the game manual for the details on selecting selftest diagnostic patterns.)
- Preset the convergence magnets to superimpose the red, blue, and green lines at the center of the screen.
- 6. Set the game to display only the green crosshatch diagnostic pattern. If the game does not produce a green-only crosshatch pattern, turn off R DRIVE R364 and B-DRIVE R363 of the display CRT PCB. Refer to Figure 19 for the locations of the Drive controls.
- 7. Slide the deflection yoke toward the magnet assembly to produce a vertical green band within the center of the crosshatch pattern.
- 8. Adjust the purity rings of the magnet assembly shown in Figure 18 to center the green band horizontally on the face of the CRT.

NOTE •

The purity rings must only affect the horizontal centering of the display. If they have a vertical or a diagnal centering effect, rotate the entire magnet assembly so that the purity rings affect ONLY the horizontal centering.

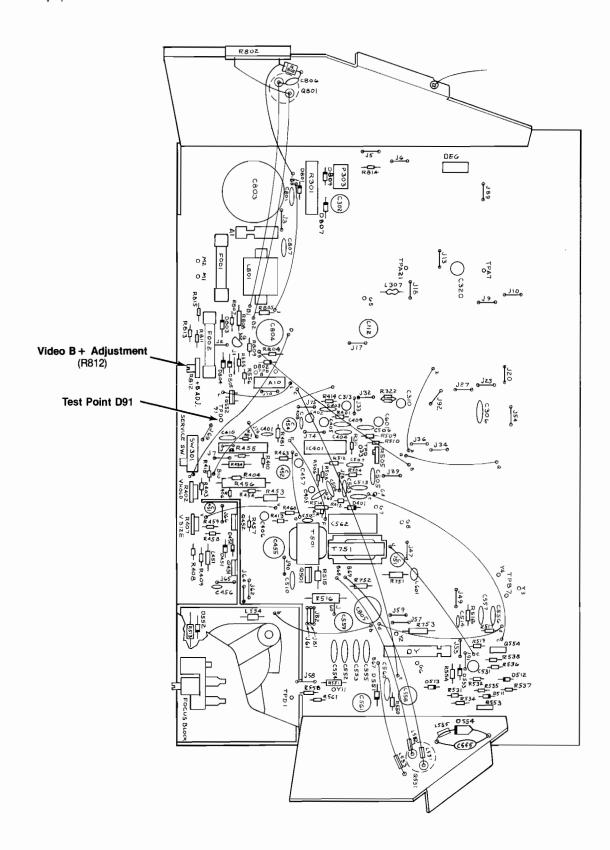


Figure 17 Locations of Video B + Adjustment R812 and Test Point D91

- Slowly slide the deflection yoke forward until the crosshatch pattern is all green. Tighten the yokemounting screw.
- 10. Set the game to display the self-test diagnostic pattern that shows a crosshatch pattern of all three col-
- ors. If you turned off the R-DRIVE and B-DRIVE controls of the display, return them to their normal settings.
- 11. Check the display for good overall purity.
- 12. Perform the convergence adjustments.

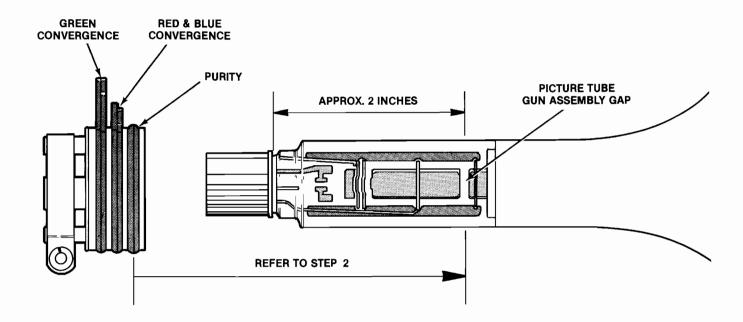


Figure 18 Purity and Convergence Adjustments

C. Convergence Adjustments

NOTE =

If the purity adjustments have been performed, you must also perform the entire convergence adjustments procedure.

- 1. Adjust for static convergence, which aligns the registration of all three colors over the entire screen area, as follows:
 - a. Set the game to display the self-test diagnostic pattern that shows a crosshatch of all three colors. (This may appear as a white crosshatch pattern. Refer to the Self-Test Procedures within the game manual for the details on selecting selftest diagnostic patterns.)

b. Adjust the angle of the tabs of the red and blue convergence magnets to superimpose the red and blue vertical lines in the center of the screen area. This will produce magenta vertical lines at screen center. These magnets are shown in Figure 18.

NOTE =

Do not attempt to adjust the convergence of the outer areas of the screen at this time.

- c. Keeping their angles the same, rotate both tabs of these magnets to superimpose the red horizontal lines with the blue horizontal lines in the center of the screen area. This produces magenta horizontal lines at screen center.
- d. Adjust the angle between the tabs of the green convergence magnets to superimpose the green vertical lines with the magenta vertical lines already converged in the center of the screen.

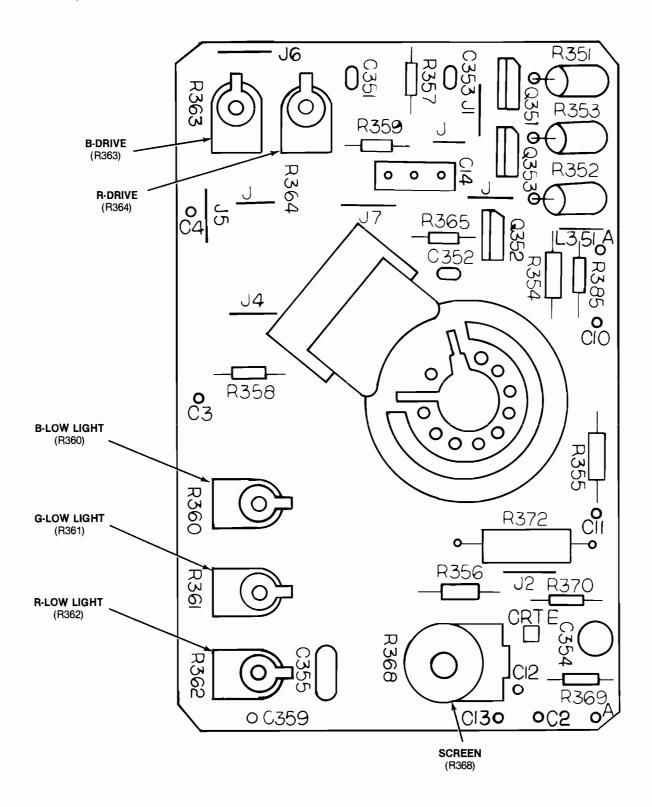


Figure 19 Locations of Tracking Adjustments on the CRT PCB

- e. Keeping the tab angles the same, rotate these rings to superimpose the green horizontal lines on the magenta horizontal lines already converged in the center of the screen.
- 2. Adjust for peripheral convergence, which aligns the registration of all three colors at the outer areas of the screen, as follows:
 - a. If not already done as part of the purity adjustments, loosen the screw securing the deflection yoke assembly to the neck of the cathode-ray tube. Remove the cloth tapes holding the three rubber wedges beneath the yoke. Use a razor blade or thin knife to loosen any glue securing the three rubber wedges to the CRT. Remove these wedges.
 - b. Tilt the deflection yoke in a vertical direction to superimpose the red horizontal lines with the blue and green horizontal lines at the 3 o'clock and 9 o'clock positions of the screen. This produces white horizontal lines.
 - c. While maintaining the vertical position of the yoke, tilt it in a horizontal direction to superimpose the red crosshatch with the blue and green crosshatch patterns at the 6 o'clock and 12 o'clock positions of the screen. This produces a white crosshatch pattern.
 - d. Install the three rubber wedges firmly beneath the yoke collar to hold the yoke in position. Recheck the convergence of the display. If necessary, repeat parts b and c of this step and the static convergence adjustments of step 1.
- Secure the rings of the convergence-magnet assembly and the rubber yoke wedges with white glue. Replace the cloth tapes over the rubber wedges.
- 4. Tighten the deflection-yoke mounting screw.

D. Tracking Adjustments

- 1. Remove power from both the game and the display.
- Unplug the 6-pin video-signal connector, which is wired to the Video Amplifier PCB.
- 3. Set R-DRIVE R364 and B-DRIVE R363 to their mechanical centers. Figure 19 shows the location of the tracking adjustments on the CRT PCB.
- 4. Set all three Low Light controls (R360, R361, and R362) fully counterclockwise.
- 5. Set SCREEN control R368 fully counterclockwise.
- 6. Apply power to the display.
- Slowly adjust SCREEN control R368 until the CRT screen shows the first hint of color. Do not adjust the Low Light control for the color which first ap-

- peared on the CRT screen. Slowly adjust the Low Light controls for the other two colors until the CRT screen is a faint grey. Now back off the SCREEN setting until the color just disappears.
- 8. Remove power from the display. Reconnect the 6-pin video-signal connector between the game and the display.
- 9. Reapply power to both the game and the display.
- 10. Set the game to display the self-test diagnostic pattern that shows a white crosshatch. (Refer to the Self-Test Procedures within the game manual for detailed procedures on selecting the self-test diagnostic patterns.)
- 11. Adjust R-DRIVE R364 and B-DRIVE R363 for a neutral white crosshatch pattern. If necessary, readjust SCREEN R368 for a proper black level.

E. Horizontal Oscillator Disable Test

- 1. Apply power to the display and the game.
- Short across R802, shown in Figure 20, with a wellinsulated jumper.
- Check that the CRT picture is lost and that all highvoltages are lost.

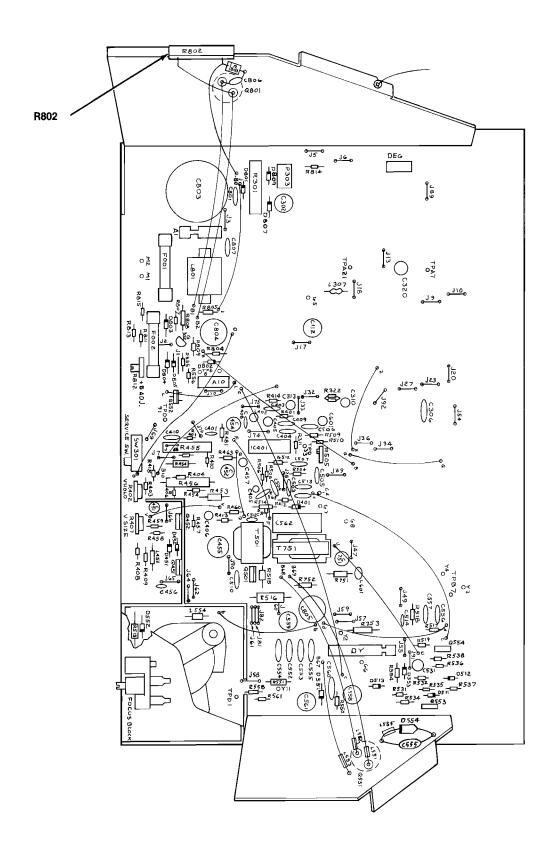


Figure 20 Location of R802 for Horizontal Oscillator Disable Test

8 Illustrated Parts Lists

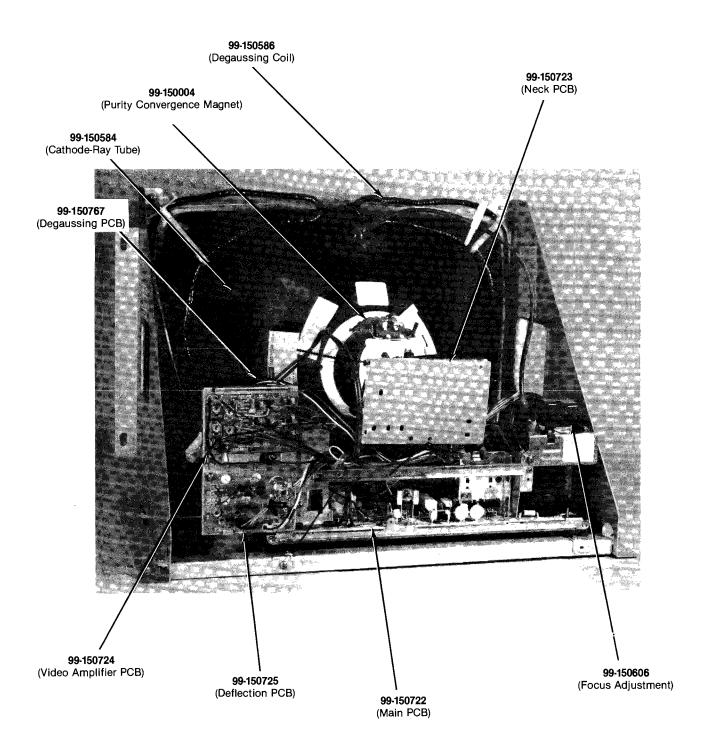


Figure 21 Display Assembly 139003-1004

Figure 21 Display Assembly, continued Parts List

Components and assemblies listed in this Parts List are shown in Figure 21.



Components identified by **\(\Lambda \)** have special characteristics important to safety and should be replaced only with identical types.

| Designator | Description | Part No. |
|------------|--|-----------|
| | Cathode-Ray Tube Assemblies | |
| | ▲ Purity Convergence Magnet | 99-150004 |
| | ▲ Type-510TFB22AW 19-Inch Cathode-Ray Tube | 99-150584 |
| | ▲ Degaussing Coil | 99-150586 |
| L560 | ▲ Deflection Coil | 99-150585 |
| | Printed Circuit Boards | |
| | Main PCB | 99-150722 |
| | Neck PCB | 99-150723 |
| | Video Amplifier PCB | 99-150724 |
| | Deflection PCB | 99-150725 |
| | Degaussing PCB | 99-150767 |
| | Resistors | |
| R560 | ▲ FOCUS Adjustment | 99-150606 |
| | Transistors | |
| Q451, Q452 | Type-2SC1683LB Vertical Output Transistor | 99-150562 |
| Q551 | Type-2SD649Q Horizontal Output Transistor | 99-150563 |
| Q801 | Type-2SD692 Video B + Regulator Transistor | 99-150568 |

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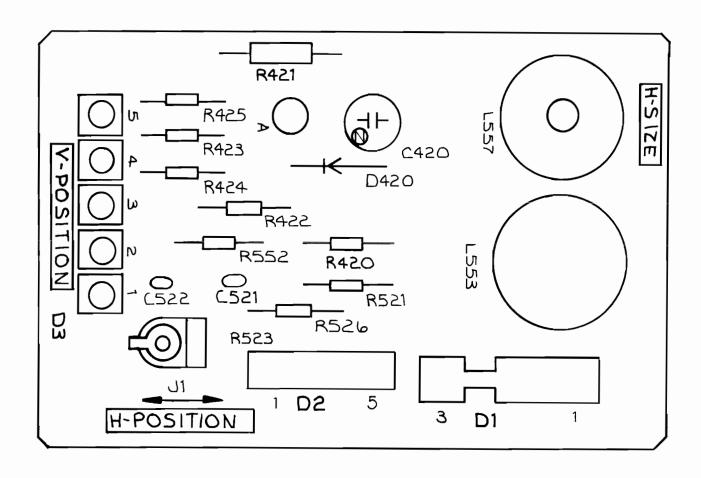


Figure 22 Deflection PCB 99-150725 A

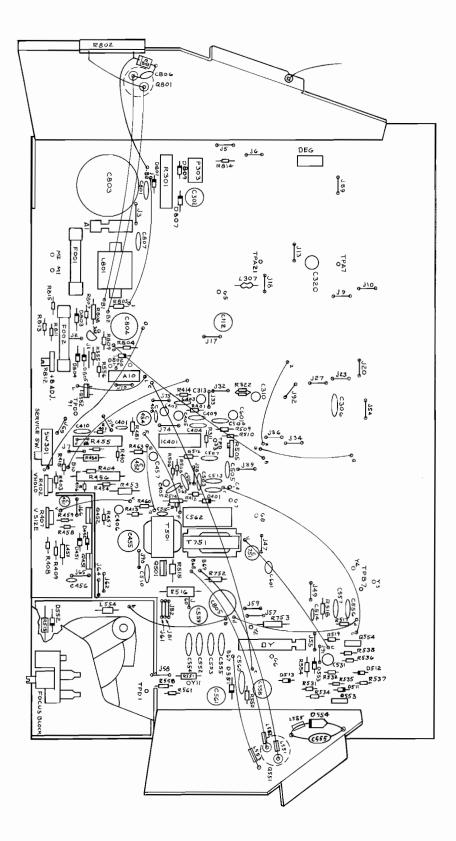
Figure 22 Deflection PCB, continued Parts List

Components listed in this Parts List are shown on Figure 22.



Components identified by **A** have special characteristics important to safety and should be replaced only with identical types.

| Designator | Description | Part No. |
|------------|---|-----------|
| | Capacitors | |
| C420 | 22 μF, 25 V Aluminum Electrolytic Capacitor | 99-150689 |
| C521 | 1000 pF, ± 10%, 50 V Ceramic Capacitor | 99-150713 |
| C522 | 1800 pF, ± 10%, 50 V Ceramic Capacitor | 99-150705 |
| | Cotls | |
| L553 | ▲ Linear Coil | 99-150589 |
| L557 | ▲ H-SIZE Coil | 99-150761 |
| | Diodes | |
| D420 | Type-TVSRM1ZM Silicon Diode | 99-150570 |
| | Resistors | |
| R420 | 56 Ω , \pm 5%, ½ W Carbon Resistor | 99-150627 |
| R421 | 330 Ω , $\pm 5\%$, 3 W Power Resistor | 99-150628 |
| R422 | 510 Ω , $\pm 5\%$, 2 W Power Resistor | 99-150629 |
| R423 | 200 Ω , $\pm 5\%$, ½ W Carbon Resistor | 99-150630 |
| R424 | 620 Q, ±5%, ½ W Carbon Resistor | 99-150631 |
| R425 | 1.8 k Ω , \pm 5%, ½ W Carbon Resistor | 99-150632 |
| R521 | $470 \ \Omega, \pm 5\%, \ \% \ W \ Carbon \ Resistor$ | 99-150495 |
| R523 | 5 kΩ H-POSITION Adjustment | 99-150599 |
| R526 | 270 Ω, ±5%, ¼ W Carbon Resistor | 99-150509 |
| R552 | 1 k Ω , \pm 5%, ¼ W Carbon Resistor | 99-150488 |



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Figure 23 Main PCB 99-150722 A

Figure 23 Main PCB, continued Parts List

Components listed in this Parts List are shown on Figure 23.



Components identified by \blacktriangle have special characteristics important to safety and should be replaced only with identical types.

| Designator | Description | Part No. | | | |
|---------------|--|-----------|--|--|--|
| Capacitors | | | | | |
| C112 | 220 μF, 16 V Aluminum Electrolytic Capacitor | 99-150673 | | | |
| C306 | $0.1 \mu\text{F}, \pm 10\%, 50 \text{ V Poly Capacitor}$ | 99-150536 | | | |
| C310 | 3.3 µF, 50 V Aluminum Electrolytic Capacitor | 99-150674 | | | |
| C320 | 100 μF, 16 V Aluminum Electrolytic Capacitor | 99-150675 | | | |
| C 4 01 | $0.0047 \mu F$, $\pm 10\%$, 50 V Poly Capacitor | 99-150681 | | | |
| C402 | 1 μF, 50 V Aluminum Electrolytic Capacitor | 99-150313 | | | |
| 2403 | $0.027 \mu F$, $\pm 10\%$, 50 V Poly Capacitor | 99-150682 | | | |
| C404 | 560 pF, ±10%, 50 V Ceramic Capacitor | 99-150676 | | | |
| C405 | 2.2 μF, 25 V Tantalum Capacitor | 99-150684 | | | |
| 2406 | 1 μF, 160 V Aluminum Electrolytic Capacitor | 99-150685 | | | |
| C 4 07 | 2700 pF, ±10%, 50 V Poly Capacitor | 99-150719 | | | |
| C408 | $0.01 \mu\text{F}, \pm 10\%, 50 \text{V}$ Poly Capacitor | 99-150686 | | | |
| C409 | 1000 pF, ± 10%, 50 V Poly Capacitor | 99-150687 | | | |
| C410 | 100 pF, 50 V Ceramic Capacitor | 99-150688 | | | |
| C451 | 10 μF, 50 V Aluminum Electrolytic Capacitor | 99-150690 | | | |
| 0452 | 10 μF, 100 V Aluminum Electrolytic Capacitor | 99-150691 | | | |
| C454 | 220 μF, 16 V Aluminum Electrolytic Capacitor | 99-150673 | | | |
| C455 | 100 μF, 100 V Aluminum Electrolytic Capacitor | 99-150692 | | | |
| C 45 6 | 0.0022 μF, 200 V Poly Capacitor | 99-150693 | | | |
| C 45 7 | 10 μF, 16 V Aluminum Electrolytic Capacitor | 99-150694 | | | |
| C502 | 33 μF, 16 V Tantalum Capacitor | 99-150695 | | | |
| C 5 03 | 2700 pF, ± 10%, 50 V Poly Capacitor | 99-150738 | | | |
| C504 | $0.0027 \mu\text{F}, \pm 5\%, 600 \text{V}$ Poly Capacitor | 99-150697 | | | |
| C505 | $0.018 \mu\text{F}, \pm 10\%, 50 \text{V Poly Capacitor}$ | 99-150698 | | | |
| C506 | 1 μF, 50 V Aluminum Electrolytic Capacitor | 99-150313 | | | |
| C507 | $0.0068 \mu\text{F}, \pm 10\%, 50 \text{V Poly Capacitor}$ | 99-150699 | | | |
| C 5 09 | 1800 pF, ± 10%, 50 V Ceramic Capacitor | 99-150700 | | | |
| C510 | 2700 pF, ±10%, 500 V Ceramic Capacitor | 99-150701 | | | |
| C 5 11 | $1 \mu F$, 50 V Aluminum Electrolytic Capacitor | 99-150702 | | | |
| C512 | 1000 pF, 500 V Ceramic Capacitor | 99-150739 | | | |
| 513 | $0.1 \mu\text{F}, \pm 10\%$, 50 V Poly Capacitor | 99-150536 | | | |
| 514 | 82 pF, ±5%, 50 V Ceramic Capacitor | 99-150720 | | | |
| 531 | ▲ 10 µF, 50 V Aluminum Electrolytic Capacitor | 99-150690 | | | |
| 2551 | ▲ 1500 pF, ±10%, 2 kV Ceramic Capacitor | 99-150706 | | | |
| C552-C555 | ▲ 2200 pF, ± 10%, 2 kV Ceramic Capacitor | 99-150707 | | | |
| C556, C557 | \triangle 0.033 μ F, \pm 10%, 100 V Poly Capacitor | 99-150708 | | | |

Figure 23 Main PCB, continued Parts List

| Designator | Description | Part No. |
|-------------------|---|-----------|
| | Capacitors, continued | |
| 558 | ▲ 220 μF, 35 V Aluminum Electrolytic Capacitor | 99-150309 |
| 559 | ▲ 4.7 μF, 250 V Aluminum Electrolytic Capacitor | 99-150709 |
| 560 | 3300 pF, ± 10%, 500 V Ceramic Capacitor | 99-150710 |
| 561 | ▲ 3.3 μF, 160 V Aluminum Electrolytic Capacitor | 99-150711 |
| 562 | ▲ 0.47 µF, 400 V Poly Capacitor | 99-150712 |
| 565 | 1000 pF, ± 10%, 50 V Ceramic Capacitor | 99-150713 |
| 751 | 22 μF, 25 V Aluminum Electrolytic Capacitor | 99-150714 |
| 801 | ▲ 1000 pF, 500 V Ceramic Capacitor | 99-150324 |
| 802 | ▲ 4.7 μF, 250 V Aluminum Electrolytic Capacitor | 99-150709 |
| 803 | ▲ 800 µF, 200 V Aluminum Electrolytic Capacitor | 99-150705 |
| 804 | 33 μF, 160 V Capacitor | 99-150716 |
| 805 | Δ 33 μF, 160 V Aluminium Electrolytic Capacitor | 99-150551 |
| | | |
| 806 | $0.068 \mu\text{F}, \pm 10\%, 100 \text{V}$ Ceramic Capacitor | 99-150717 |
| 807 | ▲ 470 pF, 200 V Ceramic Capacitor | 99-150718 |
| | Coils and Ferrite Lead Beads | |
| 451 | 1 μH Ferrite Lead Bead | 99-150453 |
| 551, L552 | Ferrite Lead Bead | 99-150588 |
| 554 | 1 μH Ferrite Lead Bead | 99-150741 |
| 555, L556 | Ferrite Lead Bead | 99-150588 |
| 601 | 1 μH Peaking Coil | 99-150591 |
| 801 | ▲ Power Filter | 99-150592 |
| | Diodes | |
| 0401 | Type-MA162TA5 Silicon Diode | 99-150729 |
| 9451, D452 | Type-MA150TA Silicon Diode | 99-150/29 |
| 951, D432 9511 | ▲ Type-MA150 Silicon Diode | 99-150103 |
| 512 | ▲ Type-TVSQA107RE Zener Diode | 99-150572 |
| 513 | ▲ Type-TVSRF1A Silicon Diode | 99-150766 |
| 9551 | ▲ Type-TVSB2406C Silicon Diode | 99-150574 |
| 0552 | ▲ Type-TVSB2406D Diode | 99-1507/4 |
| 553 | Type-MA162TA5 Silicon Diode | 99-150707 |
| | • | //-1/0/29 |
| 554 | Type-TVSMB1F Silicon Diode | 99-150577 |
| 801 | ▲ Type-TVSC0410 Diode | 99-150578 |
| 802 | Type-TVSRM25 Diode | 99-150579 |
| 803 | Type-TVSRM1ZM Diode | 99-150570 |
| 804 | ▲ Type-TVSQA111SE 11 V Zener Diode | 99-150581 |
| 0805 | ▲ Type-MA26W0 Silicon Diode | 99-150104 |
| 807 | ▲ Type-TVSRM1ZM Silicon Diode | 99-150570 |
| 809 | ▲ Type-TVSRM2C Silicon Diode | 99-150583 |

Main PCB, continued Parts List

| Designator | Description | Part No. |
|------------|---|------------------------|
| | Fuses | |
| 6001 | ▲ 125 V, 4 A, Slow-Blowing Fuse | 99-150597 |
| 0002 | ▲ 125 V, 1.5 A, Slow-Blowing Fuse | 99-150598 |
| | Integrated Circuits | |
| C401 | Horizontal Oscillator/Vertical Oscillator Integrated Circuit | 99-150561 |
| | Resistors | |
| 808 | ▲ Type-ERPF5B0M080F Posistor | 99-150582 |
| 322 | 180 Ω, ±5%, ¼ W Carbon Resistor | 99-150609 |
| 401 | $3.3 \text{ k}\Omega$, $\pm 5\%$, $4 \text{ W Carbon Resistor}$ | 99-150513 |
| 402 | 5 kΩ V-HOLD Adjustment | 99-150602 |
| 403 | 2.2 kΩ, ±5%, ¼ W Carbon Resistor | 99-150522 |
| 404 | 10 k Ω , \pm 5%, 4 W Carbon Resistor | 99-150620 |
| 405 | 8.2 k Ω , \pm 5%, $\frac{1}{4}$ W Carbon Resistor | 99-150621 |
| 406 | $2.2 \text{ k}\Omega$, $\pm 5\%$, 4% Carbon Resistor | 99-150622 |
| 407 | 100 Ω V-SIZE Adjustment | 00 150603 |
| 408 | 68Ω , $\pm 5\%$, $\%$ W Carbon Resistor | 99-150603 99-150623 |
| 409 | 10 Ω , $\pm 5\%$, $\frac{1}{2}$ W Carbon Resistor | 99-150624 |
| 410, R411 | 680 Ω , \pm 5%, $\frac{1}{4}$ W Carbon Resistor | 99-150487 |
| 412 | 5.6 kΩ, ±5%, ¼ W Carbon Resistor | 99-150485 |
| 413 | $2.2 \text{ k}\Omega$, $\pm 5\%$, $\%$ W Carbon Resistor | 99-150522 |
| 414 | $2.7 \text{ k}\Omega$, $\pm 5\%$, $\%$ W Carbon Resistor | 99-150625 |
| 415 | 100 Ω, ±5%, ¼ W Carbon Resistor | 99-150626 |
| 451 | 10 kΩ, ±5%, ¼ W Carbon Resistor | 99-150497 |
| 452 | $2.2 \text{ k}\Omega, \pm 5\%, \text{4} \text{ W Carbon Resistor}$ | 99-150484 |
| 453, R454 | $2.2 \text{ k}\Omega$, $\pm 5\%$, 2 W Power Resistor | 99-150633 |
| 455 | \triangle 4.7 k Ω , \pm 5%, 5 W Power Resistor | 99-150634 |
| 456 | 56 Ω , \pm 5%, 2 W Power Resistor | 99-150737 |
| 457 | 10 Ω, ±5%, ¼ W Carbon Resistor | 99-150636 |
| 458 | 2.7 Ω , \pm 5%, ¼ W Carbon Resistor | 99-150637 |
| 459 | 100 kΩ, ±5%, ¼ W Carbon Resistor | 99-150638 |
| 460 | 120 k Ω , \pm 5%, ¼ W Carbon Resistor | 99-150639 |
| 461 | 82 Ω , $\pm 5\%$, ¼ W Carbon Resistor | 99-150502 |
| 463 | $4.7 \text{ k}\Omega$, $\pm 5\%$, ¼ W Carbon Resistor | 99-150521 |
| 502 | 270 Ω, ±5%, ¼ W Carbon Resistor | 99-150640 |
| 503 | 1 kΩ, ±5%, ¼ W Carbon Resistor | 99-150641 |
| 504 | 10 k Ω , \pm 5%, ¼ W Carbon Resistor | 99-150497 |
| 505 | 5 kΩ H-HOLD Adjustment | 99-150604 |
| 508 | 680 kΩ, ±5%, ¼ W Carbon Resistor | 99-150642 |
| 509 | 33 k Ω , \pm 5%, ¼ W Carbon Resistor | 99-150643 |
| 510 | 8.2 k Ω , $\pm 5\%$, ¼ W Carbon Resistor | 99-150644 |
| 511 | 680 k Ω , \pm 5%, $\%$ W Carbon Resistor | 99-150498 |
| 512 | 68 kΩ, ±5%, ¼ W Carbon Resistor | 99-150645 |

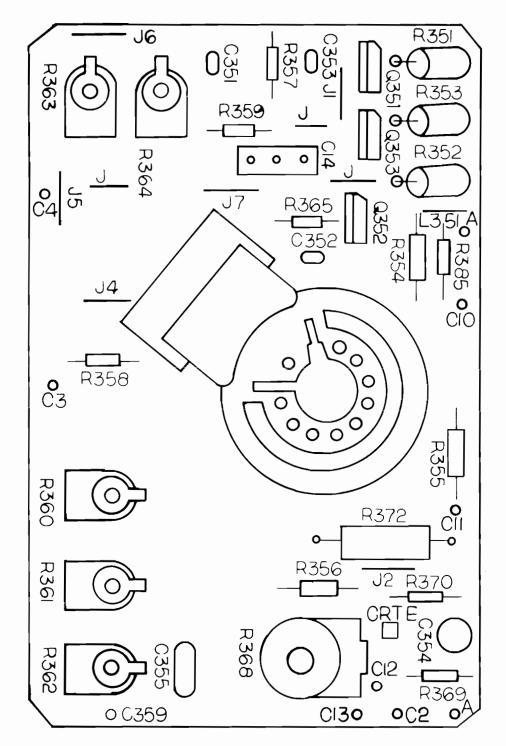
Figure 23 Main PCB, continued Parts List

| 3 9 kQ ± 5% , 1 W Power Resistor 99-18516 0.27 Q ± ±10%, ½ W Power Resistor 99-18516 0.27 Q ± ±10%, ½ W Power Resistor 99-18516 12 kQ ± ±5%, 3 W Power Resistor 99-18518 12 kQ ± ±5%, ¼ W Carbon Resistor 99-18532 32.4 kQ ± ±10%, ¼ W Power Resistor 99-18532 32.4 kQ ± ±10%, ¼ W Power Resistor 99-18534 368 kQ ± ±5%, ¼ W Carbon Resistor 99-18536 330 Q ± ±5%, ¼ W Carbon Resistor 99-18536 330 Q ± ±5%, ¼ W Carbon Resistor 99-18537 31.0 kQ ± ±10%, ¼ W Power Resistor 99-18537 31.0 kQ ± ±10%, ¼ W Power Resistor 99-18539 31.2 kQ ± ±5%, ¼ W Carbon Resistor 99-18539 31.2 kQ ± ±5%, ¼ W Carbon Resistor 99-18539 31.2 kQ ± ±5%, ¼ W Carbon Resistor 99-18539 31.2 kQ ± ±5%, ¼ W Carbon Resistor 99-18539 31.2 kQ ± ±5%, ¼ W Carbon Resistor 99-18539 31.2 kQ ± ±5%, ¼ W Carbon Resistor 99-18539 31.2 kQ ± ±5%, ¼ W Carbon Resistor 99-18539 31.2 kQ ± ±5%, ¼ W Carbon Resistor 99-18539 31.2 kQ ± ±5%, ¼ W Carbon Resistor 99-18539 31.2 kQ ± ±5%, ¼ W Carbon Resistor 99-18539 31.2 kQ ± ±5%, ¼ W Carbon Resistor 99-18539 31.2 kQ ± ±5%, ¼ W Carbon Resistor 99-18539 31.2 kQ ± ±5%, ¼ W Carbon Resistor 99-1860 31.2 kQ ± ±5%, ¼ W Carbon Resistor 99-1860 31.2 kQ ± ±5%, ¼ W Carbon Resistor 99-1860 31.2 kQ ± ±5%, ¼ W Carbon Resistor 99-1860 31.2 kQ ± ±5%, ¼ W Carbon Resistor 99-1860 31.2 kQ ± ±5%, ¼ W Carbon Resistor 99-1860 31.2 kQ ± ±5%, ¼ W Carbon Resistor 99-1860 31.2 kQ ± ±5%, ¼ W Carbon Resistor 99-1860 31.2 kQ ± ±5%, ¼ W Carbon Resistor 99-1860 31.2 kQ ± ±5%, ¼ W Carbon Resistor 99-1860 31.2 kQ ± ±5%, ¼ W Carbon Resistor 99-1860 31.2 kQ ± ±5%, ¼ W Carbon Resistor 99-1860 31.2 kQ ± ±5%, ¼ W Carbon Resistor 99-1860 31.2 kQ ± ±5%, ¼ W Carbon Resistor 99-1860 31.2 kQ ± ±5%, ¼ W Carbon Resistor 99-1860 31.2 kQ ± ±5%, ¼ W Carbon Resistor 99-1860 31.2 kQ ± ±5%, ¼ W Carbon Resistor 99-1860 31.2 kQ ± ±5%, ¼ W Carbon Resistor 99-1860 31.2 kQ ± ±5%, ¼ W Carbon Resistor 99-1860 31.2 kQ ± ± | Designator | Description | Part No. |
|---|----------------|--|------------------------|
| 18513 | | Resistors, continued | |
| R514 3.9 kΩ ± 5%, 1 W Power Resistor 99- R515 0.27 Ω, ± 10%, ½ W Power Resistor 99- R516 A L2 kΩ, ± 5%, 3 W Power Resistor 99- R517 4.7 kΩ, ± 5%, ¼ W Carbon Resistor 99- R518 12 kΩ, ± 5%, ¼ W Carbon Resistor 99- R531 A 47 Ω, ± 5%, ¼ W Carbon Resistor 99- R532 A 32.4 kΩ, ± 1%, ¼ W Power Resistor 99- R534 A 68 kΩ, ± 5%, ¼ W Carbon Resistor 99- R535 A 330 Q, ± 5%, ¼ W Carbon Resistor 99- R536 A 680 Q, ± 5%, ¼ W Carbon Resistor 99- R537 A 13.0 kΩ, ± 1%, ¼ W Power Resistor 99- R538 A 18 kΩ, ± 5%, ¼ W Carbon Resistor 99- R539 A 12 kΩ, ± 5%, ¼ W Carbon Resistor 99- R550 100 Q, ± 5%, ½ W Carbon Resistor 99- R551 A 0.47 Q, ± 10%, ½ W Carbon Resistor 99- R553 22 kQ, ± 5%, ½ W Carbon Resistor 99- R554 82 kΩ, ± 5%, ¼ W Carbon Resistor 99- R555 390 Q, ± 5%, ¼ W Carbon Resistor 99- R556 15 Q, ± 5%, ¼ W Carbon Resistor 99- </td <td>25.0</td> <td></td> <td>00.150200</td> | 25.0 | | 00.150200 |
| R515 | | | 99-150209 00-150646 |
| 8516 | | | 99-150646 |
| 4.7 kΩ, ±5%, ¼ W Carbon Resistor 12 kΩ, ±5%, ¼ W Carbon Resistor 12 kΩ, ±5%, ¼ W Carbon Resistor 133.1 | | | 99-150208 |
| 15 18 12 kΩ, ±5%, ¼ W Carbon Resistor 1551 | :516 | \triangle 1.2 k Ω , \pm 5%, 3 W Power Resistor | 99-150735 |
| \$47 \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ | 517 | 4.7 kΩ, ±5%, ¼ W Carbon Resistor | 99-150521 |
| \$47 \ \mathbb{Q}_{\tau} \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ | | 12 kΩ. +5%. ¼ W Carbon Resistor | 99-150721 |
| | | | 99-150648 |
| A_{1535} A_{330} A_{15} $A_$ | | r = r | 99-150649 |
| | 2534 | ▲ 68 kΩ +5% ¼ W Carbon Resistor | 99-150650 |
| 1536 | | $\cdot = \cdot$ | 99-150651 |
| | | | 99-150487 |
| | | | 99-150652 |
| |))/ | ■ 17.0 KM, ± 170, 74 W FOWEI RESISTOR | 99-130032 |
| | 538 | ▲ 18 kΩ, ±5%, ¼ W Carbon Resistor | 99-150499 |
| 100 Ω, ±5%, ½ W Carbon Resistor 0.47 Ω, ±10%, ½ W Carbon Resistor 22 kΩ, ±5%, ½ W Carbon Resistor 399-1 553 22 kΩ, ±5%, ½ W Carbon Resistor 399-1 554 82 kΩ, ±5%, ½ W Carbon Resistor 399-1 555 390 Ω, ±5%, ¼ W Carbon Resistor 99-1 556 470 Ω, ±5%, ¼ W Carbon Resistor 561 470 Ω, ±5%, ¼ W Carbon Resistor 680 Ω, ±5%, ½ W Carbon Resistor 751 680 Ω, ±5%, ½ W Carbon Resistor 99-1 1.8 kΩ, ±5%, 1 W Power Resistor 99-2 1.8 kΩ, ±5%, 1 W Power Resistor 99-3 680 Ω, ±5%, 1 W Power Resistor 99-3 680 Ω, ±5%, 20 W Power Resistor 99-3 801 Δ 1.2 Ω, ±10%, 7 W Power Resistor 99-3 803 6.8 Ω, ±10%, 3 W Power Resistor 99-3 804 Δ 12 kΩ, ±5%, ¼ W Carbon Resistor 99-1 805 Δ 47 Ω, ±5%, ¼ W Carbon Resistor 99-1 5 kΩ, ±5%, ½ W Carbon Resistor 99-1 801 Δ 47 kΩ, ±1%, ½ W Power Resistor 99-1 802 Δ 500 Ω VIDEO B + Adjustment 99-1 803 Δ 53 kΩ, ±1%, ¼ W Power Resistor 99-1 804 Δ 270 Ω, ±5%, ¼ W Carbon Resistor 99-1 805 Δ 270 Ω, ±5%, ¼ W Carbon Resistor 99-1 807 808 Δ 270 Ω, ±5%, ¼ W Carbon Resistor 99-1 809-1 8 | 539 | | 99-150721 |
| 22 k Ω , $\pm 5\%$, $\frac{1}{2}$ W Carbon Resistor 392-1554 82 k Ω , $\pm 5\%$, $\frac{1}{2}$ W Carbon Resistor 393-1555 390 Ω , $\pm 5\%$, $\frac{1}{4}$ W Carbon Resistor 395-1556 15 Ω , $\pm 5\%$, $\frac{1}{4}$ W Carbon Resistor 396-1571 680 Ω , $\pm 5\%$, $\frac{1}{4}$ W Carbon Resistor 470 Ω , $\pm 5\%$, $\frac{1}{4}$ W Carbon Resistor 47151 680 Ω , $\pm 5\%$, $\frac{1}{4}$ W Carbon Resistor 4752 1.8 k Ω , $\pm 5\%$, 1 W Power Resistor 4801 A 1.2 Ω , $\pm 10\%$, 7 W Power Resistor 4802 200 Ω , $\pm 5\%$, 20 W Power Resistor 4803 6.8 Ω , $\pm 10\%$, 3 W Power Resistor 4804 A 12 k Ω , $\pm 5\%$, $\frac{1}{4}$ W Carbon Resistor 4805 A 12 k Ω , $\pm 5\%$, $\frac{1}{4}$ W Carbon Resistor 4806 A 47 Ω , $\pm 5\%$, $\frac{1}{4}$ W Carbon Resistor 4807 270 k Ω , $\pm 5\%$, $\frac{1}{4}$ W Carbon Resistor 4808 15 k Ω , $\pm 5\%$, $\frac{1}{4}$ W Carbon Resistor 4809 15 Ω , $\pm 5\%$, $\frac{1}{4}$ W Carbon Resistor 4811 A 47 k Ω , $\pm 1\%$, $\frac{1}{4}$ W Power Resistor 4812 A 500 Ω VIDEO B + Adjustment 4 500 Ω VIDEO B + Resistor 4 500 Ω VIDEO B + Resistor 592-16813 A 5.3 k Ω , $\pm 1\%$, $\frac{1}{4}$ W Power Resistor 593-17 204 k Ω , $\pm 5\%$, $\frac{1}{4}$ W Power Resistor 594-18813 A 5.3 k Ω , $\pm 1\%$, $\frac{1}{4}$ W Power Resistor 595-18814 A 270 Ω , $\pm 5\%$, $\frac{1}{4}$ W Carbon Resistor | 550 | 100 Ω , $\pm 5\%$, ½ W Carbon Resistor | 99-150654 |
| 82 k Ω , ±5%, ½ W Carbon Resistor 99-1 1555 390 Ω , ±5%, ¼ W Carbon Resistor 99-1 1566 15 Ω , ±5%, ¼ W Carbon Resistor 99-1 1561 470 Ω , ±5%, ¼ W Carbon Resistor 99-1 15751 680 Ω , ±5%, ½ W Carbon Resistor 99-1 1.8 k Ω , ±5%, 1 W Power Resistor 99-1 1.8 k Ω , ±5%, 1 W Power Resistor 99-1 1801 Δ 1.2 Ω , ±10%, 7 W Power Resistor 99-1 1802 200 Ω , ±5%, 20 W Power Resistor 99-1 1803 6.8 Ω , ±10%, 3 W Power Resistor 99-1 1804 Δ 12 k Ω , ±5%, ¼ W Carbon Resistor 99-1 1805 Δ 47 Ω , ±5%, ¼ W Carbon Resistor 99-1 1808 15 k Ω , ±5%, ¼ W Carbon Resistor 99-1 1809 15 k Ω , ±5%, ½ W Carbon Resistor 99-1 1811 Δ 47 k Ω , ±1%, ½ W Power Resistor 99-1 1812 Δ 500 Ω VIDEO B + Adjustment 99-1 1813 Δ 5.3 k Ω , ±1%, ¼ W Power Resistor 99-1 1814 220 k Ω , ±5%, ¼ W Carbon Resistor 99-1 1815 Δ 270 Ω , ±5%, ¼ W Carbon Resistor 99-1 | .551 | \triangle 0.47 Ω , \pm 10%, ½ W Carbon Resistor | 99-150655 |
| 82 kΩ, ±5%, ½ W Carbon Resistor 390 Ω, ±5%, ¼ W Carbon Resistor 15 Ω, ±5%, 1 W Power Resistor 99-1 556 470 Ω, ±5%, ¼ W Carbon Resistor 99-1 680 Ω, ±5%, ½ W Carbon Resistor 99-1 1.8 kΩ, ±5%, 1 W Power Resistor 99-1 1.8 kΩ, ±5%, 1 W Power Resistor 99-1 801 Δ 1.2 Ω, ±10%, 7 W Power Resistor 99-1 802 200 Ω, ±5%, 20 W Power Resistor 99-1 803 6.8 Ω, ±10%, 3 W Power Resistor 99-1 804 Δ 12 kΩ, ±5%, ¼ W Carbon Resistor 99-1 805 Δ 47 Ω, ±5%, ¼ W Carbon Resistor 99-1 807 270 kΩ, ±5%, ¼ W Carbon Resistor 99-1 808 15 kΩ, ±5%, ¼ W Carbon Resistor 99-1 809 15 Ω, ±5%, ½ W Carbon Resistor 99-1 811 Δ 47 kΩ, ±1%, ½ W Power Resistor 99-1 821 Δ 500 Ω VIDEO B + Adjustment 99-1 823 Δ 5.3 kΩ, ±1%, ¼ W Carbon Resistor 99-1 824 Δ 500 Ω VIDEO B + Adjustment 99-1 825 Δ 500 Ω VIDEO B + Adjustment 99-1 827 Δ 500 Ω VIDEO B + Adjustment 99-1 828 Δ 5.3 kΩ, ±1%, ¼ W Carbon Resistor 99-1 829 220 kΩ, ±5%, ¼ W Carbon Resistor 99-1 821 Δ 500 Ω VIDEO B + Adjustment 99-1 822 Δ 500 Ω VIDEO B + Resistor 99-1 823 Δ 5.3 kΩ, ±1%, ¼ W Power Resistor 99-1 824 Δ 500 Ω VIDEO B + Resistor 99-1 825 Δ 500 Ω VIDEO B + Resistor 99-1 827 Δ 500 Ω VIDEO B + Resistor 99-1 828 Δ 5.3 kΩ, ±1%, ¼ W Carbon Resistor 99-1 829 Δ 5.3 kΩ, ±5%, ¼ W Carbon Resistor | 553 | 22 kQ. +5%. ½ W Carbon Resistor | 99-150656 |
| 390 Ω, ±5%, ¼ W Carbon Resistor 15 Ω, ±5%, ¼ W Carbon Resistor 99-1 561 | | | 99-150657 |
| 15 Ω , ±5%, 1 W Power Resistor 99-1 561 470 Ω , ±5%, ¼ W Carbon Resistor 751 680 Ω , ±5%, ½ W Carbon Resistor 752 1.8 kΩ, ±5%, 1 W Power Resistor 753 680 Ω , ±5%, 1 W Power Resistor 99-1 801 Δ 1.2 Ω , ±10%, 7 W Power Resistor 99-1 802 200 Ω , ±5%, 20 W Power Resistor 99-1 803 6.8 Ω , ±10%, 3 W Power Resistor 99-1 804 Δ 12 kΩ, ±5%, ¼ W Carbon Resistor 99-1 805 Δ 47 Ω , ±5%, ¼ W Carbon Resistor 99-1 807 270 kΩ, ±5%, ¼ W Carbon Resistor 99-1 5 kΩ, ±5%, ¼ W Carbon Resistor 99-1 809 15 kΩ, ±5%, ½ W Carbon Resistor 99-1 811 Δ 47 kΩ, ±1%, ½ W Power Resistor 99-1 812 Δ 500 Ω VIDEO B + Adjustment 99-1 Δ 53 kΩ, ±1%, ¼ W Power Resistor 99-1 Δ 50 kΩ, ±5%, ¼ W Carbon Resistor 99-1 Δ 50 kΩ, ±5%, ¼ W Carbon Resistor 99-1 Δ 50 kΩ, ±5%, ¼ W Carbon Resistor 99-1 Δ 50 kΩ, ±5%, ¼ W Carbon Resistor 99-1 Δ 50 kΩ, ±5%, ¼ W Carbon Resistor 99-1 Δ 50 kΩ, ±5%, ¼ W Carbon Resistor 99-1 Δ 50 kΩ, ±5%, ¼ W Carbon Resistor 99-1 Δ 50 kΩ, ±5%, ¼ W Carbon Resistor 99-1 Δ 50 kΩ, ±5%, ¼ W Carbon Resistor 99-1 Δ 50 kΩ, ±5%, ¼ W Carbon Resistor 99-1 Δ 50 kΩ, ±5%, ¼ W Carbon Resistor | | | 99-150658 |
| 751 $680 \ \Omega, \pm 5\%, \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \$ | | , – , | 99-150659 |
| $680 \Omega, \pm 5\%, \frac{1}{2} \text{W Carbon Resistor}$ $752 1.8 k\Omega, \pm 5\%, 1 \text{W Power Resistor}$ $680 \Omega, \pm 5\%, 1 \text{W Power Resistor}$ $99-100 1.8 k\Omega, \pm 5\%, 1 \text{W Power Resistor}$ $99-100 1.8 k\Omega, \pm 5\%, 1 \text{W Power Resistor}$ $99-100 1.2 k\Omega, \pm 5\%, 20 \text{W Power Resistor}$ $99-100 1.2 k\Omega, \pm 5\%, 20 \text{W Power Resistor}$ $99-100 1.2 k\Omega, \pm 5\%, \frac{1}{2} \text{W Carbon Resistor}$ $100 1.2 k\Omega, \pm 5\%, \frac{1}{2} \text{W Carbon Resistor}$ $100 1.2 k\Omega, \pm 5\%, \frac{1}{2} \text{W Carbon Resistor}$ $100 1.3 k\Omega, \pm 5\%, \frac{1}{2} \text{W Carbon Resistor}$ $100 1.3 k\Omega, \pm 5\%, \frac{1}{2} \text{W Carbon Resistor}$ $100 1.3 k\Omega, \pm 5\%, \frac{1}{2} \text{W Carbon Resistor}$ $100 1.3 k\Omega, \pm 5\%, \frac{1}{2} \text{W Carbon Resistor}$ $100 1.3 k\Omega, \pm 1\%, \frac{1}{2} \text{W Power Resistor}$ $100 1.3 k\Omega, \pm 1\%, \frac{1}{2} \text{W Power Resistor}$ $100 1.3 k\Omega, \pm 1\%, \frac{1}{2} \text{W Power Resistor}$ $100 1.3 k\Omega, \pm 1\%, \frac{1}{2} \text{W Power Resistor}$ $100 1.3 k\Omega, \pm 1\%, \frac{1}{2} \text{W Power Resistor}$ $100 1.3 k\Omega, \pm 1\%, \frac{1}{2} \text{W Power Resistor}$ $100 1.3 k\Omega, \pm 1\%, \frac{1}{2} \text{W Power Resistor}$ $100 1.3 k\Omega, \pm 1\%, \frac{1}{2} \text{W Power Resistor}$ $100 1.3 k\Omega, \pm 1\%, \frac{1}{2} \text{W Power Resistor}$ $100 1.3 k\Omega, \pm 1\%, \frac{1}{2} \text{W Power Resistor}$ $100 1.3 k\Omega, \pm 1\%, \frac{1}{2} \text{W Power Resistor}$ $100 1.3 k\Omega, \pm 1\%, \frac{1}{2} \text{W Power Resistor}$ $100 1.3 k\Omega, \pm 1\%, \frac{1}{2} \text{W Power Resistor}$ $100 1.3 k\Omega, \pm 1\%, \frac{1}{2} \text{W Power Resistor}$ $100 1.3 k\Omega, \pm 1\%, \frac{1}{2} \text{W Power Resistor}$ $100 1.3 k\Omega, \pm 1\%, \frac{1}{2} \text{W Power Resistor}$ $100 1.3 k\Omega, \pm 1\%, \frac{1}{2} \text{W Power Resistor}$ $100 1.3 k\Omega, \pm 1\%, \frac{1}{2} \text{W Power Resistor}$ $100 1.3 k\Omega, \pm 1\%, \frac{1}{2} \text{W Power Resistor}$ $100 1.3 k\Omega, \pm 1\%, \frac{1}{2} \text{W Power Resistor}$ $100 1.3 k\Omega, \pm 1\%, \frac{1}{2} \text{W Power Resistor}$ $100 1.3 k\Omega, \pm 1\%, \frac{1}{2} \text{W Power Resistor}$ $100 1.3 k\Omega, \pm 1\%, \frac{1}{2} \text{W Power Resistor}$ $100 1.3 k\Omega, \pm 1\%, \frac{1}{2} \text{W Power Resistor}$ $100 1.3 k\Omega,$ | E 6 1 | 470 O + 59/ 1/, W. Carbon Decistor | 99-150495 |
| 1.8 kΩ, ±5%, 1 W Power Resistor 680 Ω, ±5%, 1 W Power Resistor 99-1 8801 | | \cdot | 99-150660 |
| 8801 | | | |
| 801 | | | 99-150661 |
| 200 Ω, ±5%, 20 W Power Resistor 99-3 6.8 Ω, ±10%, 3 W Power Resistor 99-3 804 | 753 | 680 Ω , $\pm 5\%$, 1 W Power Resistor | 99-150662 |
| 803 6.8 Ω , ±10%, 3 W Power Resistor 99-3 804 Δ 12 kΩ, ±5%, ¼ W Carbon Resistor 99-3 805 Δ 47 Ω , ±5%, ¼ W Carbon Resistor 99-3 807 270 kΩ, ±5%, ¼ W Carbon Resistor 99-3 808 15 kΩ, ±5%, 1 W Power Resistor 99-3 809 15 Ω , ±5%, ½ W Carbon Resistor 99-3 811 Δ 47 kΩ, ±1%, ½ W Power Resistor 99-3 812 Δ 500 Ω VIDEO B + Adjustment 99-3 813 Δ 5.3 kΩ, ±1%, ¼ W Power Resistor 99-3 814 220 kΩ, ±5%, ¼ W Carbon Resistor 99-3 815 Δ 270 Ω , ±5%, ¼ W Carbon Resistor 99-3 | 801 | \triangle 1.2 Ω , \pm 10%, 7 W Power Resistor | 99-150663 |
| 804 \triangle 12 k Ω , \pm 5%, ¼ W Carbon Resistor 99-1 805 \triangle 47 Ω , \pm 5%, ¼ W Carbon Resistor 99-1 807 270 k Ω , \pm 5%, ¼ W Carbon Resistor 99-1 808 15 k Ω , \pm 5%, 1 W Power Resistor 99-1 809 15 Ω , \pm 5%, ½ W Carbon Resistor 99-1 811 \triangle 47 k Ω , \pm 1%, ½ W Power Resistor 99-1 812 \triangle 500 Ω VIDEO B + Adjustment 99-1 813 \triangle 5.3 k Ω , \pm 1%, ¼ W Power Resistor 99-1 814 220 k Ω , \pm 5%, ¼ W Carbon Resistor 99-1 815 \triangle 270 Ω , \pm 5%, ¼ W Carbon Resistor 99-1 | 802 | 200 Ω , $\pm 5\%$, 20 W Power Resistor | 99-150664 |
| 805 | 803 | $6.8 \Omega, \pm 10\%, 3 \text{W Power Resistor}$ | 99-150665 |
| 807 270 kΩ, ±5%, ¼ W Carbon Resistor 99-3808 15 kΩ, ±5%, 1 W Power Resistor 99-3809 15 Ω, ±5%, ½ W Carbon Resistor 99-3811 \blacktriangle 47 kΩ, ±1%, ½ W Power Resistor 99-3812 \blacktriangle 500 Ω VIDEO B + Adjustment 99-3813 \blacktriangle 5.3 kΩ, ±1%, ¼ W Power Resistor 99-3814 220 kΩ, ±5%, ¼ W Carbon Resistor 99-3815 \blacktriangle 270 Ω, ±5%, ¼ W Carbon Resistor 99-3815 \blacktriangle 270 Ω, ±5%, ¼ W Carbon Resistor 99-3815 | 804 | ▲ 12 k Ω , ±5%, ¼ W Carbon Resistor | 99-150666 |
| 807 $270 \text{ k}\Omega, \pm 5\%, \text{ ¼ W Carbon Resistor}$ 99-1 808 $15 \text{ k}\Omega, \pm 5\%, 1 \text{ W Power Resistor}$ 99-1 809 $15 \Omega, \pm 5\%, \text{ ½ W Carbon Resistor}$ 99-1 811 $\Delta 47 \text{ k}\Omega, \pm 1\%, \text{ ½ W Power Resistor}$ 99-1 812 $\Delta 500 \Omega \text{ VIDEO B + Adjustment}$ 99-1 813 $\Delta 5.3 \text{ k}\Omega, \pm 1\%, \text{ ¼ W Power Resistor}$ 99-1 814 $220 \text{ k}\Omega, \pm 5\%, \text{ ¼ W Carbon Resistor}$ 99-1 815 $\Delta 270 \Omega, \pm 5\%, \text{ ¼ W Carbon Resistor}$ 99-1 | 805 | Δ 47 Ω. +5%, ¼ W Carbon Resistor | 99-150667 |
| 808 $15 \text{ k}\Omega, \pm 5\%, 1 \text{ W Power Resistor}$ 99-3 809 $15 \Omega, \pm 5\%, \frac{1}{2} \text{ W Carbon Resistor}$ 99-3 811 $\Delta 47 \text{ k}\Omega, \pm 1\%, \frac{1}{2} \text{ W Power Resistor}$ 99-3 812 $\Delta 500 \Omega \text{ VIDEO B + Adjustment}$ 99-3 813 $\Delta 5.3 \text{ k}\Omega, \pm 1\%, \frac{1}{2} \text{ W Power Resistor}$ 99-3 814 $220 \text{ k}\Omega, \pm 5\%, \frac{1}{2} \text{ W Carbon Resistor}$ 99-3 815 $\Delta 270 \Omega, \pm 5\%, \frac{1}{2} \text{ W Carbon Resistor}$ 99-3 | | · - · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | 99-150668 |
| 809 15 Ω , ±5%, ½ W Carbon Resistor 99-3 811 Δ 47 k Ω , ±1%, ½ W Power Resistor 99-3 812 Δ 500 Ω VIDEO B + Adjustment 99-3 813 Δ 5.3 k Ω , ±1%, ¼ W Power Resistor 99-3 814 220 k Ω , ±5%, ¼ W Carbon Resistor 99-3 815 Δ 270 Ω , ±5%, ¼ W Carbon Resistor 99-3 | | · | 99-150669 |
| 812 | | | 99-150670 |
| | 9 11 | ▲ 47 kO + 1% ½ W Power Resistor | 99-150671 |
| | | | 99-150605 |
| 814 220 k Ω , $\pm 5\%$, $\frac{1}{4}$ W Carbon Resistor 99-1815 \triangle 270 Ω , $\pm 5\%$, $\frac{1}{4}$ W Carbon Resistor 99-18 | | , | 99-150672 |
| Δ 270 Ω , ±5%, ¼ W Carbon Resistor 99-1 | | | |
| | | | 99-150527 |
| Switches | 815 | ▲ 2/0 ¥, ±5%, ¼ W Cardon Resistor | 99-150509 |
| | | Switches | |
| SW301 Service Switch 99-3 | SW301 | Service Switch | 99-150596 |

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Figure 23 Main PCB, continued Parts List

| Designator | Description | Part No. |
|------------|---|-----------|
| | Transformers | |
| T501 | Horizontal Drive Transformer | 99-150593 |
| T551 | ▲ Flyback Transformer | 99-150594 |
| T751 | ▲ Pincushion Transformer | 99-150595 |
| | Transistors | |
| Q501 | Type-2SC1905HLB Horizontal Drive Transistor | 99-150565 |
| Q552 | Type-2SC1226 12 V Regulator Transistor | 99-150564 |
| Q553 | ▲ Type-2SD637 Horizontal Disable Amplifier Transistor | 99-150566 |
| Q554 | ▲ Type-2SB642 Horizontal Oscillator Disable Output Transistor | 99-150567 |
| Q802 | Type-2SC1473PNC Reference Amplifier Transistor | 99-150765 |



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Figure 24 Neck PCB 99-150723 A

Figure 24 Neck PCB, continued Parts List

Components listed in this Parts List are shown in Figure 24.



- WARNING -



Components identified by **A** have special characteristics important to safety and should be replaced only with identical types.

| Designator | Description | Part No. | | | | |
|------------|---|-----------|--|--|--|--|
| Capacitors | | | | | | |
| C351 | 470 pF, ±10%, 50 V Ceramic Capacitor | 99-150677 | | | | |
| C352 | 820 pF, ± 10%, 50 V Ceramic Capacitor | 99-150680 | | | | |
| C353 | 680 pF, ± 10%, 50 V Ceramic Capacitor | 99-150678 | | | | |
| C354 | 3.3 µF, 25 V Aluminum Electrolytic Capacitor | 99-150304 | | | | |
| C355 | 2200 pF, ± 10%, 2 kV Ceramic Capacitor | 99-150754 | | | | |
| | Resistors | | | | | |
| R351–R353 | $4.7 \text{ k}\Omega$, $\pm 5\%$, 2 W Power Resistor | 99-150752 | | | | |
| R354–R356 | $2.7 \text{ k}\Omega, \pm 5\%, \frac{1}{2} \text{ W Carbon Resistor}$ | 99-150613 | | | | |
| R357-R359 | 560 Ω , \pm 5%, $\frac{1}{4}$ W Carbon Resistor | 99-150614 | | | | |
| R360 | 5 kΩ B-LOW LIGHT Adjustment | 99-150599 | | | | |
| R361 | 5 k Ω G-LOW LIGHT Adjustment | 99-150599 | | | | |
| R362 | 5 k Ω R-LOW LIGHT Adjustment | 99-150599 | | | | |
| R363 | 300 Ω B-DRIVE Adjustment | 99-150600 | | | | |
| R364 | 300 Ω R-DRIVE Adjustment | 99-150600 | | | | |
| R365 | 220 Ω , \pm 5%, ¼ W Carbon Resistor | 99-150607 | | | | |
| R368 | 4 M♀ SCREEN Adjustment | 99-150601 | | | | |
| R369 | $470 \text{ k}\Omega$, ±5%, ¼ W Carbon Resistor | 99-150616 | | | | |
| R370 | 12 k Ω , \pm 5%, $\frac{1}{4}$ W Carbon Resistor | 99-150617 | | | | |
| R372 | \triangle 2.7 Ω , \pm 5%, 2 W Power Resistor | 99-150618 | | | | |
| R385 | 120 kΩ, ±5%, ¼ W Carbon Resistor | 99-150619 | | | | |
| | Sockets | | | | | |
| (J4) | CRT Socket | 99-150008 | | | | |
| | Transistors | | | | | |
| Q351 | Type-2SC2923RL CRT Blue Drive Transistor | 99-150560 | | | | |
| Q352 | Type-2SC2923RL CRT Green Drive Transistor | 99-150560 | | | | |
| Q353 | Type-2SC2923RL CRT Red Drive Transistor | 99-150560 | | | | |

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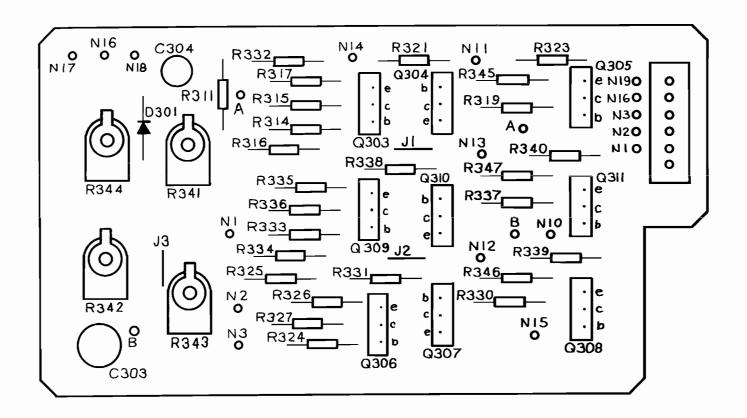


Figure 25 Video Amplifier PCB 99-150724 A

Figure 25 Video Amplifier PCB, continued Parts List

Components listed in this Parts List are shown in Figure 25.



Components identified by \triangle have special characteristics important to safety and should be replaced only with identical types.

| Designator | Description | Part No. | |
|--------------|---|--|--|
| | Capacitors | | |
| 303 | 220 μF, 16 V Aluminum Electrolytic Capacitor | 99-150673 | |
| 2304 | 10 μF, 16 V Aluminum Electrolytic Capacitor | 99-150530 | |
| 3301 | 10 pt, 10 v Indiminali Electrosytte Capacitos | ,, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, - | |
| | Diodes | | |
|)301 | Type-MA162TA5 Silicon Diode | 99-150729 | |
| | Resistors | | |
| 1211 | 22 lo 159/ 1/ W. Carbon Posistor | 99-150484 | |
| 1311 1314 | 22 k Ω , \pm 5%, $\%$ W Carbon Resistor 390 Ω , \pm 5%, $\%$ W Carbon Resistor | 99-150465 | |
| R315 | $2.2 \text{ k}\Omega$, $\pm 5\%$, $\%$ W Carbon Resistor | 99-150522 | |
| 316 | 680Ω , $\pm 5\%$, ¹⁴ W Carbon Resistor | 99-150487 | |
| | | 00 15065 | |
| R317 | 390 Ω , $\pm 5\%$, ¼ W Carbon Resistor | 99-150658 99-150486 | |
| 319 | 2.7 kΩ, ±5%, ¼ W Carbon Resistor | 99-150480 | |
| 321 | $5.6 \text{ k}\Omega$, $\pm 5\%$, $\%$ W Carbon Resistor | 99-150523 | |
| 323 | 560 Ω , \pm 5%, ¼ W Carbon Resistor | 99-130323 | |
| 324 | 390 Ω , $\pm 5\%$, ¼ W Carbon Resistor | 99-150658 | |
| 325 | 680 Ω , $\pm 5\%$, ¼ W Carbon Resistor | 99-150487 | |
| 326 | 390 Ω , $\pm 5\%$, ¼ W Carbon Resistor | 99-150658 | |
| 327 | $2.2 \text{ k}\Omega$, $\pm 5\%$, ¼ W Carbon Resistor | 99-150522 | |
| 330 | $2.7 \text{ k}\Omega$, $\pm 5\%$, ¼ W Carbon Resistor | 99-150486 | |
| 331 | $5.6 \text{ k}\Omega$, $\pm 5\%$, 4 W Carbon Resistor | 99-150485 | |
| 332 | 1 k Ω , \pm 5%, $\%$ W Carbon Resistor | 99-150488 | |
| 333 | 390 Ω , $\pm 5\%$, ¼ W Carbon Resistor | 99-150658 | |
| 3334 | 680 Ω, ±5%, ¼ W Carbon Resistor | 99-150487 | |
| 1335 | $390 \ \Omega, \pm 5\%, \% \ W \ Carbon Resistor$ | 99-150658 | |
| 1336 | 2.2 k Ω , $\pm 5\%$, 4 W Carbon Resistor | 99-150522 | |
| 337 | $2.7 \text{ k}\Omega$, $\pm 5\%$, $\%$ W Carbon Resistor | 99-150486 | |
| 3338 | 5.6 kΩ, ±5%, ¼ W Carbon Resistor | 99-150485 | |
| R339, R340 | 560Ω , $\pm 5\%$, $\%$ W Carbon Resistor | 99-150523 | |
| R341 | 5 k Ω RED CONTRAST Adjustment | 99-150599 | |
| 342 | $5 \text{ k}\Omega$ GREEN CONTRAST Adjustment | 99-150599 | |

Figure 25 Video Amplifier PCB, continued Parts List

| Designator | Description | Part No. |
|------------|--|-----------|
| R343 | 5 k $Ω$ BLUE CONTRAST Adjustment | 99-150599 |
| R344 | 10 kΩ BRIGHT Adjustment | 99-150726 |
| R345-R347 | 330 Ω , $\pm 5\%$, ¼ W Carbon Resistor | 99-150651 |
| | Transistors | |
| Q303-311 | Type-2SC1685 Video Amplifier Transistor | 99-150756 |

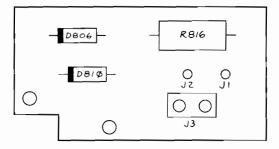
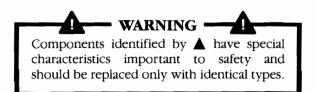


Figure 26 Degaussing PCB 99-150767 A

Degaussing PCB Parts List

Components listed in this Parts List are shown in Figure 26.



| Designator | Description | Part No. |
|--------------|--|------------------------|
| | Diodes | |
| D806 D810 | ▲ Type-TVSRM1ZM Silicon Diode ▲ Type-TVSRM1ZM Silicon Diode | 99-150570 99-150570 |
| | Resistors | |
| R816 | \blacktriangle 68 Ω , \pm 10%, 5 W Wirewound Resistor | 99-150749 |

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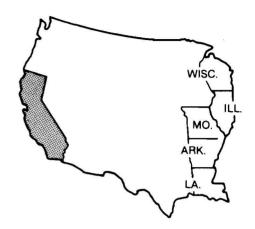
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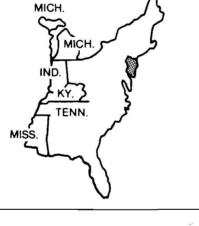
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